

Annual Report
2020



IVD MEDICAL HOLDING LIMITED
華檢醫療控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Stock Code: 1931

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Ho Kuk Sing (*Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer*)
Mr. Leung King Sun
Mr. Lin Xianya

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Xingang
Mr. Yang Zhaoxu
Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lau Siu Ki
Mr. Zhong Renqian
Mr. Leung Ka Sing

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lam Wai Yan

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Leung King Sun
Ms. Lam Wai Yan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lau Siu Ki (*Chairman*)
Mr. Zhong Renqian
Mr. Leung Ka Sing

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lau Siu Ki (*Chairman*)
Mr. Leung King Sun
Mr. Leung Ka Sing

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ho Kuk Sing (*Chairman*)
Mr. Lau Siu Ki
Mr. Leung Ka Sing

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
Grand Cayman
KY1-1111
Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

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Lane 299, Bisheng Road
Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park
Pudong New Area District
Shanghai
China

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1703
Grandtech Centre
8 On Ping Street
Sha Tin
Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountant
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
22nd Floor
CITIC Tower
1 Tim Mei Avenue
Central
Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Mayer Brown
16th – 19th Floors
Prince's Building
10 Chater Road
Central
Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Ballas Capital Limited
Unit 1802, 18th Floor
1 Duddell Street
Central
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited
Cricket Square
Hutchins Drive
P.O. Box 2681
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Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited
Level 54, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Hong Kong

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.ivdholding.com

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
(Hong Kong Branch)
Bank of Communications Co. Ltd.
(Hong Kong Branch)
Hang Seng Bank (China) Limited (Shanghai Branch)
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking
Corporation Limited

LISTING INFORMATION AND STOCK CODE

The Company's ordinary shares are listed
on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of
Hong Kong Limited
(Stock Code: 1931.HK)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	For the year ended 31 December		Change %
	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000	
Revenue	2,428,210	2,332,740	4.1%
Gross profit	476,165	442,878	7.5%
Profit for the year	154,618	254,819	(39.3%)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	158,718	275,001	(42.3%)
Adjusted profit for the year (<i>Note 1</i>)	172,524	259,282	(33.5%)
Adjusted profit attributable to owners of the parent (<i>Note 1</i>)	176,624	279,464	(36.8%)
Earnings per share			
Basic (RMB cents)	11.93	24.25	(12.32)
Diluted (RMB cents)	11.86	21.48	(9.62)
Adjusted earnings per share			
Basic (RMB cents)	13.28	24.65	(11.37)
Diluted (RMB cents)	13.20	21.88	(8.68)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 (the “**Reporting Period**”), the Company together with its subsidiaries (the “**Group**”) achieved a revenue of RMB2,428,210 thousand, which represented an increase of 4.1% as compared to the year ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was primarily due to the net effect of (i) the Group fully consolidated the results of Vastec Medical Limited (“**Vastec**”) together with its subsidiaries (“**Vastec Group**”) for the Reporting Period after the completion of the Company’s acquisition of 60% shareholding interest in Vastec in January 2019 (the “**Acquisition**”), details of which as set out in the prospectus of the Company dated 29 June 2019 (the “**Prospectus**”), while the results of Vastec Group for the month ended 31 January 2019 prior to the completion of Acquisition were not consolidated into results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019; and (ii) a temporary decrease in end customers’ demand for in vitro diagnostic (“**IVD**”) products resulting from close-down of hospitals and other quarantine and social distancing measures put in place in mainland China in response to the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (“**COVID-19**”) since early 2020, which had an adverse impact on the profitability of the Group’s IVD products distribution business.

Profit of the Group for the Reporting Period recorded a decrease of 39.3% as compared to the year ended 31 December 2019. Such decrease was primarily attributable to (i) the non-existence of the one-off, non-operating gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec relating to the Acquisition, which was reflected in profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 but was not available for profit of the Group for the Reporting Period and (ii) the adverse impact of COVID-19 on the profitability of the Group’s IVD products distribution business. Factor (i) above was partially offset by the non-existence of (a) a one-off, non-operating fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which was triggered by the listing of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “**Stock Exchange**”) in July 2019 (the “**Listing**”), (b) one-off expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment relating to the Acquisition and (c) initial public offering expenses which were reflected in profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 but not for the Reporting Period.

The directors of the Company (the “**Directors**”) have resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.607 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Note 1: Adjusted profit for the year and adjusted profit attributable to owners of the parent are non-GAAP financial measures and are calculated by profit for the year and profit attributable to owners of the parent deducting gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec, excluding fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment, amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment relating to the Acquisition, initial public offering expenses and expenses in relation to share options. Adjusted profit of the Group and adjusted profit attributable to owners of the parent are used to exclude the impact of non-operating items which affect the results presented in the financial statements but are not indicative of the operating performance of the Group, so as to provide shareholders of the Company (the “**Shareholders**”) and potential investors with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of the Group’s core operations.

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

On behalf of the board of directors (the “**Board**”) of the Group, I am pleased to present to you the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

REVIEW

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB2,428,210 thousand, representing an increase of 4.1% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019. The Group's profit for the year decreased by 39.3% to RMB154,618 thousand. Such decrease was primarily attributable to (i) the non-existence of the one-off, non-operating gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec relating to the Acquisition, which was reflected in profit for the year ended 31 December 2019 but was not available for profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 and (ii) the adverse impact of COVID-19 on the profitability of the Group's IVD products distribution business. Factor (i) above was partially offset by the non-existence of (a) a one-off, non-operating fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which was triggered by the Listing, (b) one-off expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment relating to the Acquisition and (c) initial public offering expenses which were reflected in profit for the year ended 31 December 2019 but not for the year ended 31 December 2020.

- Highlights of 2020

Develop the project “IVD Ecosphere”

The Group has expanded its product portfolio to all main product categories by the project “IVD Ecosphere” which began in December 2019. The product portfolio of the Group now covers over three hundred products from 10 local IVD manufacturers with independent intellectual property rights and 5 well-known foreign IVD manufacturers. The Group is still expanding the product portfolio continuously by establishing and maintaining relationship with well-known IVD manufacturers and suppliers.

The Group is now putting emphasis on the product categories of Point-of-care testing (“**POCT**”) and precise diagnosis which can be divided into Molecular Diagnostics and Mass Spectrometry. In 2020, the Group acquired a local IVD research and development (“**R&D**”) and manufacturing company with independent intellectual property of reagents for clinical mass spectrometry and made cooperation agreement about distribution of the reagents. The Group is seeking more investment opportunities of local high technique IVD manufacturers or research centers with innovation ability to expand the portfolio “IVD Ecosphere”.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Fight against the coronavirus disease ("COVID-19")

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19, the Group has been actively participating in the fight against the epidemic relying on its expertise in haemostasis analysis. According to the statistics published by local authority in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), as of 16 February 2020, there were 2,108 hospitals designated to treat COVID-19 patients across the PRC, out of which, 974 hospitals (amounting to approximately 46.2%) were equipped with Sysmex' haemostasis analysers installed by the Group to perform haemostasis analysis. According to the National Health Commission of the PRC, haemostasis analysis plays an important role in the diagnosis and treatment of the COVID-19 and other related diseases.

The Group also delegated 326 professional technicians and engineers (as of 16 February 2020, accounting for approximately 44% of the Group's staff) to work closely with the medical teams at the frontline, so as to maintain efficient and effective operations of the haemostasis analysers and to satisfy the tremendous need of the haemostasis analysis in light of the COVID-19.

- Core Business Data

Distribution Business and Maintenance Service

The distribution of IVD products forms the cornerstone of the Group's business. As of 31 December 2020, approximately 7,577 haemostasis analysers manufactured by Sysmex Corporation ("Sysmex") have been installed by the Group and in use at hospitals and healthcare institutions accumulatively.

In the year of 2020, the Group's product portfolio was expanded by Vastec's provision of 4 Thrombotic Markers (*Note 1*) to the market. As of 31 December 2020, approximately 83 Sysmex' haemostasis immunoassay analysers installed by the Group at the hospitals and healthcare institutions in the PRC started to perform the 4 Thrombotic Markers.

In 2020, the Group provided solution services to six Class III hospitals in the PRC. Solution services contributed revenue of RMB137,292 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 3.4% as compared to RMB132,798 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019.

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had 289 direct customers, including hospitals and healthcare institutions, and 1,097 distributors in its established distribution network. As of 31 December 2020, the Group also covered 1,463 Class III hospitals mainly through its sub-distribution networks in the PRC, which further enhanced the competitiveness of the Group.

Apart from distributing IVD products in the PRC, the Group also derived its revenue from providing maintenance services to end customers of Sysmex' haemostasis analysers in the PRC. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the maintenance services business has been sustainably and steadily developing.

Note 1: 4 Thrombotic Markers refer to: 1) TAT: Thrombin-antithrombin complex 凝血酶-抗凝血酶複合物, 2) PIC: Plasmin- α 2-plasmin inhibitor complex 纖溶酶- α 2纖溶酶抑制物複合物, 3) TM: Thrombomodulin 血栓調節蛋白, 4) t-PAI-C: Tissue plasminogen activator/plasminogen activator inhibitor-1 complex 組織纖溶酶原激活物-纖溶酶原激活物抑制劑-1複合物

OUTLOOK AND FUTURE PLAN

The Group expects there will be a significant growth potential for the healthcare and medical device market, especially the IVD market in the PRC with the aggravating trend of ageing population, the growth of medical expenses per capita and the progress of technology development. According to Frost & Sullivan, by 2024, PRC IVD market at ex-factory price level is projected to reach RMB195.7 billion with a compound annual growth rate (“**CAGR**”) of 17.8% during 2019 to 2024. Import substitution and localisation is a significant trend in IVD market, which will bring great opportunities to local manufacturers.

To meet the aforementioned trend, the Group will continue the growth and expansion of its operations in the PRC through the following business plans:

- Expand product portfolio, the reach of distribution network and hospital coverage

To capitalise on the high growth potential in the IVD market, the Group aims to continuously expand its product portfolio by diversifying product categories, entering various market sectors, and expanding the breadth of its distribution network and hospital coverage. In December 2019, the Group launched the “IVD Ecosphere” project under which the Group established strategic partnerships with leading IVD manufacturers under proprietary technology. For now, the project portfolio of the Group has covered all main product categories and is made up of over three hundred products of 10 local IVD manufacturers with independent intellectual property rights and 5 well-known foreign IVD manufacturers. The Group is still expanding the product portfolio continuously by establishing and maintaining relationship with well-known IVD manufacturers and suppliers. The involvement of the Group with these manufacturers will help them expand their sales network by using the Group’s self-established nationwide network, which is normally the competitive weakness of local manufacturers. Also, the Group targets to double the revenue of Sysmex’ 4 Thrombotic Markers in 2021 as compared to 2020. In addition, the Group will be dedicated to increasing sales of provinces whose market shares were under the average ratio of the whole country.

- Continue to develop the Group’s distribution business by enhancing the Group’s capacity in providing solution services

In order to capture the aforementioned trends and opportunities, the Group intends to provide solution services to at least two new hospitals in 2021.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

- Further improve R&D capabilities of the Group and accelerate the expansion by both endogenous growth and merger and acquisition

The Group has begun its R&D business since 2010 with approximately 11 years' experience up to now. In 2021, the Group will invest on the research of reagent for mass spectrometry by the newly acquired company. The investment will be used for purchasing equipment, hiring more R&D personal and making experiments on new reagents. And, the Group intends to invest more resources to further improve its R&D capabilities by acquiring equipment, instruments and hiring experts in the relevant fields.

In addition to endogenous growth in R&D, from 2021, the Group will invest in high technique manufacturers or research centers with innovation ability that can meet various demands of patients.

DIVIDEND

In view of the operating results in 2020, the Board recommends a final dividend in a total amount of RMB40,002 thousand or HK3.607 cents per share for the year of 2020 as a return to the support of the Shareholders.

APPRECIATION

I, hereby, would like to express my sincere gratitude on behalf of the Board to the Shareholders, customers, and strategic partners for their trust and support to the Company, and my heartfelt thanks to the management team and staff for their hard work.

Ho Kuk Sing
Chairman

Hong Kong, 19 March 2021

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

The Group is a leading distributor of IVD products in the PRC. The Group has also engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of its self-branded IVD products under the brand name “**IVD**”. The Group has been able to increase its market share and profits steadily by taking advantage of its competitive and diverse product portfolio, extensive distribution network and hospital coverage.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded a revenue of RMB2,428,210 thousand, representing an increase of 4.1% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019. The Group’s profit for the year decreased by 39.3% to RMB154,618 thousand.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Group’s business can be broadly categorised into the following three segments:

- Distribution Business

The distribution of IVD products forms the cornerstone of the Group’s business. It primarily involves the trading of IVD analysers, reagents and other consumables to customers such as distributors, hospitals and healthcare institutions and logistics providers. The Group’s distribution of IVD products was primarily conducted through Vastec, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Vastec is primarily engaged in the distribution of Sysmex’ haemostasis products in the PRC, it has been the sole national distributor of Sysmex’ haemostasis products with exclusive distribution rights in the PRC since 1997 and also procures a diversified portfolio of IVD products from other leading international brands for distribution in the PRC. As of 31 December 2020, approximately 7,577 of Sysmex’ haemostasis analysers have been installed by the Group and in use at hospitals and healthcare institutions accumulatively.

The Group also provides 4 Thrombotic Markers products manufactured by Sysmex to the market. These products adopt high sensitive chemiluminescence technology, which may facilitate early diagnosis of thrombosis and fibrinolysis. As of 31 December 2020, approximately 83 Sysmex’ haemostasis immunoassay analysers installed by the Group at the hospitals and healthcare institutions in the PRC started to perform the 4 Thrombotic Markers.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In addition, the Group provides solution services to the clinical laboratories of hospitals. This has enabled the Group to establish and maintain direct relationships with local medical practitioners so as to keep the Group close to the frontline of the medical practice and the market demand of IVD products. In 2020, the Group provided solution services to six Class III hospitals in the PRC. Solution services contributed revenue of RMB137,292 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 3.4% as compared to RMB132,798 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Through years of operations, the Group has established an expansive distribution network across 29 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions in the PRC with an extensive hospital coverage. As of 31 December 2020, the Group had 289 direct customers, including hospitals and healthcare institutions, and 1,097 distributors in its established distribution network. As of 31 December 2020, the Group also covered 1,463 Class III hospitals mainly through its sub-distribution networks in the PRC, which further enhanced the competitiveness of the Group.

- Maintenance Services

Apart from distributing IVD products in the PRC, the Group also derived its revenue from providing maintenance services to end customers of Sysmex' haemostasis analysers in the PRC. In 2017, Vastec entered into a maintenance services agreement with Sysmex to provide maintenance services to haemostasis analysers procured by its end customers. The maintenance services provided by Vastec generally include maintenance and repair services, installation services and end customer trainings. Vastec primarily provides its maintenance services to hospitals and healthcare institutions. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the maintenance services business has been sustainably and steadily developing.

- Self-branded Products Business under Brand Name “”

The Group has also engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of IVD analysers and reagents under its own brand. The Group's self-branded IVD reagents were manufactured by the Group's operating subsidiary Suzhou DiagVita Biotechnology Co., Ltd. and the Group's IVD analysers were produced by the Group's original equipment manufacturer. The Group distributes its self-developed IVD products under its own brand which includes IVD analysers and reagents primarily under the IVD testing category of POCT.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The continual growth of the healthcare market in the PRC is driven by a combination of favourable socioeconomic factors including (i) the growth of the PRC population's disposable income and spending on healthcare, (ii) the increase of the overall PRC population and the accelerated ageing population, (iii) the expansion of the PRC economy, and (iv) strong support from the PRC government on healthcare spending as well as on continuous technological innovation. The Group expects there will be a significant growth potential for the healthcare market, especially the medical device market in the PRC. The integrated distribution value chain of the Group will provide strong support for the Group's development in the future.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

According to Frost & Sullivan, by 2024, PRC IVD market at ex-factory price level is projected to reach RMB195.7 billion with a CAGR of 17.8% during 2019 to 2024. In the future, IVD market is expected to grow with the aggravating trend of ageing population, the growth of medical expenses per capita and the progress of technology development.

PRC IVD market can be divided into six major segments based on the testing principles: haematology and body fluid, clinical chemistry, immunoassay, molecular, microbiology and POCT. Immunoassay, clinical chemistry and haematology and body fluid analysis are the top three categories with the broadest clinical application. According to Frost & Sullivan, immunoassay, clinical chemistry and haematology and body fluid test in aggregate accounted for approximately 64.9% of the market share in the PRC IVD market. Haematology and body fluid test includes haemostasis analysis and urinalysis, which ranked third in the PRC IVD market by revenue in 2019, representing a market share of approximately 14.3%.

Haemostasis analysis IVD market in the PRC at ex-factory price level reached RMB4.8 billion in 2019, and the market is highly concentrated. Top three market players dominate the market with a cumulative market share of 81.7%. Sysmex is the market leader by sales revenue, with a total market share of 42.0% in 2019 and penetration rate of 74.0% among China Top 100 Hospitals selected by Hospital Management Institute, Fudan University on 10 November 2019.

Sales revenue of haemostasis analysis IVD products generated by tier 1 distributors in the PRC reached RMB5.5 billion in 2019. By 2024, PRC tier 1 distributed haemostasis analysis IVD market is projected by Frost & Sullivan to reach RMB7.8 billion in terms of sales revenue with a CAGR of 7.2% during 2019 to 2024, decreased from former projection of CAGR of 14.4% due to adverse impact of the COVID-19.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES

The Company was successfully listed on The Stock Exchange on 12 July 2019, which provided the Group with a good opportunity to develop in the future. With the help of the capital market, the Group will consolidate its leading position in the IVD industry in the PRC and adopt active development strategies, including but not limited to the following:

Expand product portfolio, the reach of distribution network and hospital coverage

To capitalise on the high growth potential in the IVD market, the Group aims to continuously expand its product portfolio by diversifying product categories, increasing brand coverage, and expanding the breadth of its distribution network and hospital coverage. To achieve these purposes, the Group intends to (i) establish and maintain relationship with well-known IVD manufacturers and suppliers by way of stocking sufficient target IVD products to secure more distribution rights; (ii) strengthen its relationship with hospitals in urban areas, community clinics at the provincial and municipal levels and other customers in rural areas; and (iii) establish a new department and hire more sales personnel to manage the expansion of its distribution coverage.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Continue to develop its distribution business by enhancing its capacity in providing solution services

The Group has been providing solution services to hospitals in the PRC since 2013. By being the general supplier of the clinical laboratory department in such hospitals, the Group participates in the design of laboratory layout, provides centralised procurement of IVD products, conducts real-time inventory monitoring and provides other after-sale services to clinical laboratories. Through years of operations, the Group has accumulated a wealth of operational experience and a diversified product portfolio, thus being able to promote the same to other hospitals and healthcare institutions. In order to capture the aforementioned trends and opportunities, the Group intends to provide solution services to two new hospitals in 2021. The Group plans to hire more sales personnel to manage the promotion and marketing of solution services of the Group and to stock sufficient IVD products of various brands to strengthen the Group's advantages in centralized procurement. In addition, the Group intends to continuously participate in national and local IVD symposiums and academic conferences to enhance brand awareness.

Further improve research and development capabilities of the Group and accelerate the expansion of self-branded products customer base

Strong research and development capabilities are critical to securing future development and sustainable growth of the Group. The Group intends to invest more resources to further improve its research and development capabilities by acquiring equipment, instruments and hiring experts in the relevant fields. The Group will engage in research projects to further develop its self-branded IVD products which are of promising market potential. The Group is also keen to further strengthen its product quality management, and optimise the performance and applicability of self-developed products to improve market competitiveness. With a high cost performance ratio of own brand/domestic products, the Group will be able to penetrate the mid to low-end market and to establish a broader customer base consisting of medical institutions in second or third-tier cities or those at grassroots level.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Overview

The financial summary set out below is extracted or calculated from the audited financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period which were prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded revenue of RMB2,428,210 thousand, representing an increase of RMB95,470 thousand or 4.1% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded a net profit for the year of RMB154,618 thousand, representing a decrease of RMB100,201 thousand or 39.3% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019. Profit attributable to owners of the parent amounted to RMB158,718 thousand, representing a decrease of RMB116,283 thousand or 42.3% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019.

During the Reporting Period, the Group recorded adjusted profit for the year of RMB172,524 thousand, representing a decrease of RMB86,758 thousand or 33.5% as compared to the corresponding period of 2019.

	For the year ended 31 December		Change %
	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000	
Operating Results			
Revenue	2,428,210	2,332,740	4.1%
Gross profit	476,165	442,878	7.5%
Earnings before interest and depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)	293,465	354,161	(17.1%)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	158,718	275,001	(42.3%)
Adjusted profit for the year (<i>Note 1</i>)	172,524	259,282	(33.5%)
Adjusted profit attributable to owners of the parent (<i>Note 1</i>)	176,624	279,464	(36.8%)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

	For the year ended 31 December		
	2020	2019	Change
Financial Ratios			
Gross profit margin (%) (Note 2)	19.6%	19.0%	increased by 0.6 percentage point
Net profit margin (%) (Note 2)	6.4%	10.9%	decreased by 4.5 percentage point
Adjusted profit for the year margin (%) (Note 3)	7.1%	11.1%	decreased by 4.0 percentage point
Return on assets (%) (Note 2)	4.0%	10.4%	decreased by 6.4 percentage point
Return on equity (%) (Note 2)	5.6%	14.6%	decreased by 9.0 percentage point
<hr/>			
Average turnover days of trade receivables (days) (Note 2)	62	43	19
Average turnover days of inventory (days) (Note 2)	106	65	41
Average turnover days of trade payables (days) (Note 2)	55	36	19

	31 December		
	2020	2019	Change
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>	%
Financial Position			
Total assets	3,907,096	3,870,260	1.0%
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	2,851,153	2,818,666	1.2%
Cash and cash equivalents	788,613	910,871	(13.4%)
<hr/>			
Financial Ratios			
Current ratio (times) (Note 2)	3.0	2.5	0.5
Quick ratio (times) (Note 2)	2.3	1.8	0.5
Debt to equity ratio (times) (Note 2)	0.1	0.1	0.0

Note 1: Adjusted profit for the year and adjusted profit attributable to owners of the parent are non-GAAP financial measures and are calculated by profit for the year and profit attributable to owners of the parent deducting gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec, excluding fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment, amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment relating to the Acquisition, initial public offering expenses and expenses in relation to share options.

Note 2: The calculation method is the same as that set out in the Prospectus.

Note 3: Adjusted profit for the year margin is a financial ratio and is calculated by adjusted profit for the year (the calculation method is the same as set out in *Note 1* above), a non-GAAP financial measures, divided by the revenue for the year.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

REVENUE

Revenue of the Group amounted to RMB2,428,210 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 4.1% as compared to RMB2,332,740 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was primarily due to the net effect of (i) the Group fully consolidated the results of Vastec Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 while the results of Vastec Group for the month ended 31 January 2019 prior to the completion of Acquisition were not consolidated into results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019; and (ii) a temporary decrease in end customers' demand for IVD products resulting from close-down of hospitals and other quarantine and social distancing measures put in place in mainland China in response to the outbreak of COVID-19 since early 2020.

Revenue by business segment

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's revenue by business segment for the years indicated:

Business segment	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Distribution business	2,288,136	94.2	2,185,625	93.7	4.7%
Maintenance services	137,087	5.7	143,328	6.1	(4.4%)
Self-branded products business	2,987	0.1	3,787	0.2	(21.1%)
Total	2,428,210	100.0	2,332,740	100.0	4.1%

Revenue by product type

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's revenue generated from distribution business and self-branded products business by product type for the years indicated:

Product type	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
IVD analysers					
– Distribution business	531,608	23.2	370,105	16.9	43.6%
– Self-branded products business	262	0.0	27	0.0	870.4%
Subtotal	531,870	23.2	370,132	16.9	43.7%
IVD reagents and other consumables					
– Distribution business	1,756,528	76.7	1,815,520	82.9	(3.2%)
– Self-branded products business	2,725	0.1	3,760	0.2	(27.5%)
Subtotal	1,759,253	76.8	1,819,280	83.1	(3.3%)
Total	2,291,123	100.0	2,189,412	100.0	4.6%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Revenue by channel

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's revenue generated from distribution business and self-branded products business by sales channels for the years indicated:

Sales channel	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	<i>RMB'000</i>	%	<i>RMB'000</i>	%	
Distribution business					
– Distributors	1,948,636	85.1	1,822,062	83.2	6.9%
– Hospitals and healthcare institutions	247,138	10.8	264,348	12.1	(6.5%)
– Logistics providers	92,362	4.0	99,215	4.5	(6.9%)
Subtotal	2,288,136	99.9	2,185,625	99.8	4.7%
Self-branded products business					
– Distributors	2,905	0.1	3,787	0.2	(23.3%)
– Hospitals and healthcare institutions	16	0.0	–	–	100.0%
– Logistics providers	66	0.0	–	–	100.0%
Subtotal	2,987	0.1	3,787	0.2	(21.1%)
Total	2,291,123	100.0	2,189,412	100.0	4.6%

As Vastec Group primarily conducts sales to distributors, the percentage of revenue generated from distributor channel increased vis-à-vis revenue generated from other channels for the year ended 31 December 2020 as compared to 2019, as a result of the consolidation of the results of Vastec Group into the Group since 1 February 2019. In addition, the decrease in the revenue generated from distribution to hospitals and healthcare institutions for the year ended 31 December 2020 as compared to 2019, which was mainly due to the adverse impact brought about by COVID-19, further increased the percentage of the revenue generated from distributor channel among all channels.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

COST OF SALES

Cost of sales of the Group amounted to RMB1,952,045 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 3.3% as compared to RMB1,889,862 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was primarily due to the net effect of (i) the Group fully consolidated the results of Vastec Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 while the results of Vastec Group for the month ended 31 January 2019 prior to the completion of Acquisition were not consolidated into results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 and (ii) a temporary decrease in end customers' demand for IVD products resulting from close-down of hospitals and other quarantine and social distancing measures put in place in mainland China in response to the outbreak of COVID-19 since early 2020.

Cost of sales by business segment

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's cost of sales by business segment for the years indicated:

Business segment	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
Distribution business (Note 1)	1,880,754	96.3	1,830,173	96.8	2.8%
Maintenance services	70,126	3.6	58,036	3.1	20.8%
Self-branded products business	1,165	0.1	1,653	0.1	(29.5%)
Total	1,952,045	100.0	1,889,862	100.0	3.3%

Note 1: Inventory and intangible assets fair value adjustment, arising from the Acquisition and amounting to RMB93,387 thousand, was fully charged and amortised into cost of sales of distribution business in 2019.

Cost of sales by product type

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's cost of sales for distribution business and self-branded products business by product type for the years indicated:

Product type	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	
IVD analysers					
– Distribution business	466,010	24.8	329,431	18.0	41.5%
– Self-branded products business	188	0.0	24	0.0	683.3%
Subtotal	466,198	24.8	329,455	18.0	41.5%
IVD reagents and other consumables					
– Distribution business	1,414,744	75.1	1,500,742	81.9	(5.7%)
– Self-branded products business	977	0.1	1,629	0.1	(40.0%)
Subtotal	1,415,721	75.2	1,502,371	82.0	(5.8%)
Total	1,881,919	100.0	1,831,826	100.0	2.7%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

Gross profit represents revenue less cost of sales. Gross profit of the Group amounted to RMB476,165 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 7.5% as compared to RMB442,878 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Excluding one-off expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment and amortisation of intangible assets relating to the Acquisition, gross profit would increase to RMB536,265 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. The decrease of gross profit from RMB536,265 thousand to RMB476,165 thousand was primarily attributable to the adverse impact of COVID-19 on the Group's IVD products distribution business.

Gross profit margin is calculated as gross profit divided by revenue. Gross profit margin of the Group was 19.6% for the year ended 31 December 2020, which increased from 19.0% for the year ended 31 December 2019. Excluding one-off expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment and amortisation of intangible assets relating to the Acquisition, gross profit margin would have been 23.0% for the year ended 31 December 2019. The decrease of gross profit margin from 23.0% to 19.6% was primarily attributable to the increase of sale discount for business promotion in response to the outbreak of COVID-19.

Gross profit and gross profit margin by business segment

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's gross profit and gross profit margin by business segment for the years indicated:

Business segment	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	Gross profit RMB'000	Gross profit margin %	Gross profit RMB'000	Gross profit margin %	
Distribution business					
– IVD reagents and other consumables	341,784	19.5	314,778	17.3	8.6%
– IVD analysers	65,598	12.3	40,674	11.0	61.3%
Subtotal	407,382	17.8	355,452	16.3	14.6%
Maintenance services	66,961	48.8	85,292	59.5	(21.5%)
Self-branded products business					
– IVD reagents and other consumables	1,748	64.1	2,131	56.7	(18.0%)
– IVD analysers	74	28.2	3	11.1	2,366.7%
Subtotal	1,822	61.0	2,134	56.4	(14.6%)
Total	476,165	19.6	442,878	19.0	7.5%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Gross profit and gross profit margin by product type

The table below sets out the breakdown of the Group's gross profit and gross profit margin generated from distribution business and self-branded products business by product type for the years indicated:

Product type	For the year ended 31 December				Change
	2020		2019		
	Gross profit <i>RMB'000</i>	Gross profit margin %	Gross profit <i>RMB'000</i>	Gross profit margin %	
IVD analysers					
– Distribution business	65,598	12.3	40,674	11.0	61.3%
– Self-branded products business	74	28.2	3	11.1	2,366.7%
Subtotal	65,672	12.3	40,677	11.0	61.4%
IVD reagents and other consumables					
– Distribution business	341,784	19.5	314,778	17.3	8.6%
– Self-branded products business	1,748	64.1	2,131	56.7	(18.0%)
Subtotal	343,532	19.5	316,909	17.4	8.4%
Total	409,204	17.9	357,586	16.3	14.4%

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Other income and gains of the Group amounted to RMB26,415 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing a decrease of 6.8% as compared to RMB28,355 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2019
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other income		
Bank interest income	2,101	3,361
Other interest income	–	895
Service income	–	2,225
Rental income	511	248
Government subsidies	22,974	14,358
Others	829	614
	26,415	21,701
Gains		
Foreign exchange differences, net	–	6,654
	26,415	28,355

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Selling and distribution expenses of the Group amounted to RMB105,680 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 9.4% as compared to RMB96,620 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was contributed by the fact that the Group fully consolidated the results of Vastec Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 while the results of Vastec Group for the month ended 31 January 2019 prior to the completion of Acquisition were not consolidated into results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative expenses of the Group amounted to RMB144,090 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 15.6% as compared to RMB124,676 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such increase was primarily due to (i) the Group donated 22 IVD analysers to hospitals in the PRC with a total value of RMB5,838 thousand as an effort to combat COVID-19; and (ii) the Group fully consolidated the results of Vastec Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 while the results of Vastec Group for the month ended 31 January 2019 prior to the completion of Acquisition were not consolidated into results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses of the Group amounted to RMB2,897 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing a decrease of 97.5% as compared to RMB114,570 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such significant decrease was primarily due to the non-existence of the one-off, non-operating fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which was triggered by the Listing.

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2019
	<i>RMB'000</i>	<i>RMB'000</i>
Foreign exchange differences	1,998	–
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net	–	80,621
Impairment of intangible asset	–	26,795
Impairment of goodwill	–	6,639
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	899	30
Others	–	485
	2,897	114,570

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCE COSTS

Finance costs of the Group amounted to RMB23,745 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing an increase of 205.0% as compared to RMB7,784 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such significant increase was primarily due to the increase of bank borrowings.

SHARE OF PROFITS OF ASSOCIATES

Decrease in share of profits of associates was primarily due to the completion of the Acquisition of Vastec, which was an associate of the Group before the completion of the Acquisition.

PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

Profit of the Group for the year amounted to RMB154,618 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing a decrease of 39.3% as compared to RMB254,819 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such decrease was primarily attributable to (i) the non-existence of the one-off, non-operating gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec relating to the Acquisition, which was reflected in profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 but was not available for profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 and (ii) the adverse impact of COVID-19 on the profitability of the Group's IVD products distribution business. Factor (i) above was partially offset by the non-existence of (a) a one-off, non-operating fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which was triggered by the Listing, (b) one-off expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment relating to the Acquisition and (c) initial public offering expenses which were reflected in profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2019 but not for the year ended 31 December 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Adjusted profit for the year

Adjusted profit of the Group is a non-GAAP financial measure used to exclude the impact of non-operating items which affect the results presented in the financial statements but are not indicative of the operating performance of the Group, so as to provide the Shareholders and potential investors with useful supplementary information to assess the performance of the Group's core operations. Adjusted profit of the Group for the year is calculated by profit for the year deducting gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec, excluding fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, expenses on realisation of inventory fair value adjustment, amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment relating to the Acquisition, initial public offering expenses and expenses in relation to share options. Adjusted profit of the Group for the year amounted to RMB172,524 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing a decrease of 33.5% as compared to RMB259,282 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. Such decrease was primarily attributable to the adverse impact of COVID-19 on the profitability of the Group's IVD products distribution business.

	2020 <i>RMB'000</i>	2019 <i>RMB'000</i>
Profit for the year	154,618	254,819
Adjusted for non-operating items:		
Gain on remeasurement of pre-existing interest in Vastec	–	(208,759)
Fair value loss on financial liabilities	–	80,621
Expenses on inventory fair value adjustment	–	60,320
Initial public offering expenses	–	41,490
Share option expenses	17,906	20,337
Amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of property, plant and equipment relating to the Acquisition	–	10,454
Adjusted profit for the year	172,524	259,282

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB788,613 thousand (primarily denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$), as compared to RMB910,871 thousand as of 31 December 2019. The approach adopted by the Board to manage the liquidity of the Group is to ensure sufficient liquidity at any time to meet its matured liabilities so as to avoid any unacceptable losses or damage to the Group's reputation.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of 31 December 2020, the Group's total equity attributable to owners of the parent was RMB2,851,153 thousand (31 December 2019: RMB2,818,666 thousand), comprising share capital of RMB4,534 thousand (31 December 2019: RMB4,569 thousand) and reserves of RMB2,846,619 thousand (31 December 2019: RMB2,814,097 thousand).

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

NET CURRENT ASSETS

The Group had net current assets of RMB1,413,255 thousand as of 31 December 2020, representing an increase of RMB132,352 thousand as compared to RMB1,280,903 thousand as of 31 December 2019.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates primarily relates to its cash and bank balances and interest-bearing bank borrowings. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its interest rate risk, and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group faces transactional currency exposures arising from bank deposits held by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currency. The currencies giving rise to such risk are primarily US\$ and HK\$. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded a net exchange loss of RMB1,998 thousand, as compared to a net exchange gain of RMB6,654 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2019. As of 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any significant hedging arrangements to manage foreign exchange risks but has been actively monitoring and overseeing its foreign exchange risks.

MATERIAL ASSET VALUATION

Management of the Company has engaged Roma Appraisals Limited to perform the impairment assessments on the Distribution CGU for the year ended 31 December 2020, which was based on value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The recoverable amount of the Distribution CGU has a significant headroom of not less than RMB100 million over the carrying amount of net assets of Distribution CGU. Management, based on the sensitivity analysis performed, is not aware of any reasonably possible changes in a key assumption used that would cause a cash generating unit's carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount. For details, please refer to note 14 to the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

CREDIT RISK

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the head of credit control.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings and projected cash flows from operations.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's total capital expenditure amounted to approximately RMB25,625 thousand, which was primarily used in property, plant and equipment.

CHARGE/PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As of 31 December 2020, the Group's bank deposits of approximately RMB132,163 thousand were pledged to secure the Group's letter of credit in the aggregate amount of RMB437,417 thousand.

BORROWINGS

The Group had bank borrowings of RMB399,320 thousand as of 31 December 2020 denominated in US\$ and RMB, among which RMB236,000 thousand bore interest at fixed rates. All of the Group's bank borrowings as of 31 December 2020 were repayable on or before 31 December 2022, among which RMB163,320 thousand were pledged with shares in the Company's subsidiaries.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND GUARANTEES

As of 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities, guarantees or litigation against it (as of 31 December 2019: nil).

GEARING RATIO

As of 31 December 2020, the Group's gearing ratio, which is equivalent to total debt divided by total assets, was approximately 10.2% (as of 31 December 2019: 8.4%).

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

As of 31 December 2020, the Group did not hold any significant investments in the equity interests of other companies.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

As of 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any capital commitments (as of 31 December 2019: nil) to acquire property, plant or equipment.

As of 31 December 2020, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets, save for the planned capital expenditure as disclosed in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the Prospectus. The funding requirements will be satisfied by a combination of internally generated cash, external borrowings and other funds raised from the capital markets from time to time, in addition to the net proceeds from the initial public offering of the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

To attract and retain more suitable personnel for development of the Group, the Group has adopted a pre-initial public offering share option scheme (the “**ESOP**”) as approved on 29 December 2017 and further amended on 27 March 2019 and a share option scheme (the “**Share Option Scheme**”) as approved on 21 June 2019, details of which were set out in the Prospectus. From the date of the adoption and up to the date of this annual report, 32,507,627 share options under the ESOP and 26,668,000 share options under the Share Option Scheme have been granted, and 13,003,051 share options under the ESOP have lapsed.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

To recognise the contributions by certain employees of the Group and to provide incentives thereto to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group, and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group, the Group has adopted a share award scheme on 19 May 2020 (the “**Share Award Scheme**”).

On 15 December 2020, the Board resolved to allot and issue 30,000,000 new shares of the Company (the “**Awarded Shares**”) to the trustee under the general mandate granted by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 3 June 2020 in order to grant awards to certain employees pursuant to the Share Award Scheme. No shares of the Company (the “**Shares**”) had been issued as at the date of this annual report.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had 737 employees (as of 31 December 2019: 578 employees). Total staff remuneration expenses, including remuneration for Directors, for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to RMB136,025 thousand (for the year ended 31 December 2019: RMB139,237 thousand).

Remuneration is determined with reference to performance, skills, qualifications and experience of the staff concerned and in accordance with the prevailing industry practice.

In addition to salary payments, other staff benefits include social insurance and housing provident contribution made by the Group, performance-based compensation, bonus, share options and share awards available under the Company’s share option scheme and share award scheme.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES OR JOINT VENTURES

On 3 August 2020, Vastec Medical Equipment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (“**Vastec (Shanghai)**”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, made an investment in joint venture which was in relation to the formation of the partnership focusing on equity investments. The partnership had a total capital commitment of RMB300.1 million. The respective capital commitment in the partnership was determined after arm’s length negotiation with reference to the capital requirements of the partnership and the intended proportion of capital commitment by each party. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 3 August 2020.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures for the year ended 31 December 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

The net proceeds from the initial public offering of the Company were approximately HKD902.9 million. The net proceeds have been and will be utilised in accordance with the purposes set out in the Prospectus. Unless otherwise specified, terms used herein shall have the same meanings as those defined in the Prospectus. As of 31 December 2020, the Group has applied the net proceeds for the following purposes:

Planned use of proceeds from the Global Offering as stated in the Prospectus Planned use	Percentage as to the total amount %	Amount HK\$ million	Actual use of proceeds	Balance as of	Expected timeline of full utilisation of the unutilised proceeds from the Global Offering
			up to 31 December 2020 Amount HK\$ million	31 December 2020 Amount HK\$ million	
Settling the outstanding balance of the cash consideration for the acquisition of 60% equity interest in Vastec	51.1	461.7	461.7	–	N/A
Paying part of the Special Dividend	34.0	306.8	306.8	–	N/A
Expanding customer base under distribution business	5.8	52.4	23.0	29.4	On or before 31 December 2022
Continuing research and development of self-branded products	3.0	26.8	5.5	21.3	On or before 31 December 2025
Expanding distribution business and improving distribution value chain	2.2	19.8	14.6	5.2	On or before 31 December 2021
Using as working capital and for general corporate purpose	3.9	35.4	35.4	–	N/A
Total	100.0	902.9	847.0	55.9	

Note:

- (1) As stated in the Prospectus, the net proceeds of the Global Offering was estimated to be in the amount of HK\$1,030.9 million based on the mid-point of the indicative Offer Price, while the actual net proceeds from the Global Offering received by the Company was HK\$902.9 million. As the amount of net proceeds allocated for (i) settling the outstanding balance of the cash consideration for the acquisition of 60% equity interest in Vastec; and (ii) paying part of the Special Dividend, was fixed and not subject to adjustment, the amount and percentage of the net proceeds to be utilised for items 3 to 6 are adjusted pro rata among themselves in accordance with the intended use of proceeds disclosed in the Prospectus.

The unutilised amount is expected to be used in accordance with the Company's plan as disclosed in the Prospectus and stated above. Given the impact of the COVID-19 on the economy, the Company will continue to evaluate market conditions and adopt a prudent and flexible approach for utilising the net proceeds and will ensure the net proceeds will be used effectively and efficiently for the long-term benefit and development of the Group. The expected timeline of full utilisation set out above is based on the Directors' best estimation barring unforeseen circumstances, and is subject to change in light of future development of market conditions.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors



Mr. Ho Kuk Sing (何鞠誠), aged 62, is the chairman of the Board (the “**Chairman**”), the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and an executive Director primarily responsible for the overall strategic planning and development of the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 27 May 2016 and was designated as the Chairman, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and an executive Director on 21 June 2019.

Mr. Ho is one of the founders of the Group and has over 33 years of experience in the IVD industry. He is currently a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He founded Vastec in August 1993 and has been the chief executive officer of Vastec since May 1995. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Ho worked as a technical specialist, a technology and marketing manager and a marketing and business manager in Instrumentation Laboratory (Far East) Ltd. (merged with Coulter Electronics (Hong Kong) Ltd in November 1992), a company principally engaged in the development, manufacturing and distribution of IVD products, from January 1985 to December 1987, from December 1987 to January 1992 and from January 1992 to October 1992, respectively. He served in various positions including a marketing manager and a regional business manager in Coulter Electronics (Hong Kong) Ltd from November 1992 to February 1995.

Mr. Ho obtained a master’s degree in Philosophy from The University of Hong Kong in 1988. He obtained a bachelor’s degree in Science from The University of Hong Kong in 1982.



Mr. Leung King Sun (梁景新), aged 63, is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and an executive Director primarily responsible for the overall management and operations of the Group, including management of capital, finance and logistics, customer services, human resources and administrative matters of the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 27 May 2016 and was designated as the Chief Operating Officer of the Company and an executive Director on 21 June 2019.

Mr. Leung is one of the founders of the Group and has over 25 years of experience in the IVD industry. He is currently a director of various subsidiaries of the Company. He founded Vastec in August 1993 and has been the chief operating officer of Vastec since May 1995.

Mr. Leung obtained a Master of Business Administration (MBA) from Oklahoma City University in 1992. He obtained a bachelor’s degree in Science from The University of Hong Kong in 1981.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT



Mr. Lin Xianya (林賢雅), aged 45, is the General Manager of the Company and an executive Director primarily responsible for overseeing the business development of the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 15 January 2016 and was designated as the General Manager of the Company and an executive Director on 21 June 2019.

Mr. Lin has over 19 years of experience in the IVD industry. He founded Dacheng Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (“**Dacheng**”) in February 2011 and has been the general manager of Dacheng since April 2011. He also serves as a director of IVD International Limited. Prior to establishing Dacheng in February 2011, Mr. Lin worked in Vastec (Shanghai) as a sales manager from February 2000 to January 2008 and as a sales director from January 2008 to March 2011, during which time he was primarily responsible for sales management.

Mr. Lin obtained a Master of Business Administration (MBA) specialising in sales and management from Fudan University in 2009. He obtained a bachelor’s degree in Medical Laboratory from the School of Medicine of Shanghai Jiao Tong University (formerly known as Shanghai Second Medical University* (上海第二醫科大學)) in September 1999.

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chen Xingang (陳心剛), aged 46, is a non-executive Director primarily responsible for providing advice on strategies to the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 21 June 2016 and was designated as a non-executive Director on 21 June 2019. Mr. Chen joined the Group in February 2014 and served as a director of Vastec (Shanghai) and Vastec since then.

Mr. Chen has over 24 years of experience in the medical equipment related industry in the PRC. Mr. Chen joined Shinva Medical Instrument Co., Ltd (“**Shinva**”) in December 1994 and served as the deputy head and head of the Strategic Development Department from January 2010 to April 2011 and from April 2011 to January 2017, respectively. He currently holds various positions in Shinva, including supervisor, assistant to the president and general manager of the IVD department, primarily responsible for the management of Shinva’s IVD business operations. He also serves as a director and supervisor in various companies invested by Shinva as its representative. The principal business activities of these investee companies are R&D, production and sale of medical devices in the PRC.

Mr. Chen obtained a bachelor’s degree in Accounting from Shandong University of Technology (山東理工大學) in January 2009. He has been admitted as a non-practising member of The Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (中國註冊會計師協會非執業會員) since July 2015 and a registered tax agent of China Certified Tax Agents Association (中國註冊稅務師) since September 2005.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yang Zhaoxu (楊兆旭), aged 57, is a non-executive Director primarily responsible for providing advice on strategies to the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 25 January 2019 and was designated as a non-executive Director on 21 June 2019. Mr. Yang joined the Group in June 2018 and served as a director of Vastec (Shanghai) from June 2018 to May 2019.

Mr. Yang has over 34 years of experience in the medical equipment related industry in the PRC. Mr. Yang joined Shinva as a technician in July 1984 and served as an alternate deputy head and deputy head of the research centre from May 1994 to June 1995 and from June 1995 to August 1996, respectively. He then served as a deputy chief engineer of Shinva since August 1996 and as a director of Shinva from May 1999 to April 2017. He currently holds various positions in Shinva, including deputy general manager and deputy chief engineer, primarily responsible for the technology development, production and operations management of Shinva. He also serves as a director in various companies invested by Shinva as its representative. The principal business activities of these investee companies are R&D, production and sale of medical devices in the PRC.

Mr. Yang obtained a bachelor's degree in Chemical Machinery from Qingdao University of Science and Technology (青島科技大學), formerly known as Shandong Institute of Chemical Technology* (山東化工學院), in 1984.

Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley (陳國勁), aged 44, is a non-executive Director primarily responsible for providing advice on strategies to the Group. He was appointed as a Director on 21 June 2016 and was designated as a non-executive Director on 21 June 2019.

Mr. Chan is a managing director of the Private Credit & Equity Division of Morgan Stanley Asia Limited ("**Morgan Stanley**"). Mr. Chan joined Morgan Stanley in 2007 and is responsible for the private equity investment business in China. Mr. Chan currently holds directorship in various companies invested by Morgan Stanley as its representative. He is at the same time an observer on the board of Yirendai Ltd (stock code: YRD), a company listed on The New York Stock Exchange. He currently serves as a non-executive Director of China Feihe Limited (stock code: 6186) and Home Control International Limited (stock code: 1747), both companies are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange. Prior to joining Morgan Stanley, Mr. Chan worked at the investment banking division of Citigroup Global Markets Asia Limited from 1999 to 2004 and Credit Suisse (Hong Kong) Limited from 2004 to 2007.

Mr. Chan obtained a master's degree in Finance from the University of Cambridge in 1999. He obtained a bachelor's degree in Economics from the University of London in 1998.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lau Siu Ki (劉紹基), aged 62, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2019. He is responsible for overseeing the management of the Group independently.

Mr. Lau has approximately 20 years of experience in providing advisory services on finance and accounting, company secretarial and corporate governance to listed and unlisted companies in Hong Kong. He worked in Ernst & Young, an international accounting firm, from 1981 to 1997. He has acted as a director of Hin Yan Consultants Limited since 1999, for which Mr. Lau provides financial and corporate secretarial advisory services.

Mr. Lau currently holds various positions in the following companies listed on the Main Board or GEM of the Stock Exchange:

Company name	Stock code	Appointment date	Role
Comba Telecom Systems Holdings Limited	2342	20 June 2003	Independent non-executive director
FIH Mobile Limited	2038	1 December 2004	Independent non-executive director
Samson Holding Ltd.	531	24 October 2005	Independent non-executive director
Embry Holdings Limited	1388	25 November 2006	Independent non-executive director
Binhai Investment Company Limited	2886, previously listed on the GEM (stock code: 8035)	23 March 2009	Independent non-executive director
TCL Electronics Holdings Limited	1070	3 November 2017	Independent non-executive director
Yeebo (International Holdings) Limited	259	13 May 2004	Company secretary
Hung Fook Tong Group Holdings Limited	1446	13 May 2015	Company secretary
Expert Systems Holdings Limited	8319	March 2016	Company secretary

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Lau also acted as an independent non-executive director of TCL Communication Technology Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 2618) from April 2004 to October 2016, UKF (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 1468) from March 2015 to March 2016 and China Medical & Healthcare Group Limited (Stock Code: 383) from June 2004 to December 2018. In addition, he acted as an independent supervisor of Beijing Capital International Airport Co., Ltd. (Stock Code: 694) from June 2014 to June 2017, each being a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Lau graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic (now The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) with a Higher Diploma in Accountancy in November 1981. He has been admitted as a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (“ACCA”) and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants on 1 November 1989 and 15 April 1997, respectively. Mr. Lau was a member of the World Council of ACCA from 2002 to 2011, a member and the president of the committee of the Hong Kong Branch of ACCA from 1995 to 2011 and in 2000/2001, respectively.

Dr. Zhong Renqian (仲人前), aged 58, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2019. He is responsible for overseeing the management of the Group independently.

Dr. Zhong is experienced in teaching and medical research in the fields of clinical laboratory and diagnostics. He is currently a member of various national committees and scientific societies in the PRC, including the president of the Shanghai Immunology Association* (上海市免疫學會) and the vice president of the Laboratory Medicine Committee of Chinese Research Hospital Association (中國研究型醫院學會). Dr. Zhong previously served as the president of the Laboratory Medicine Committee of Shanghai Medical Association (上海市醫學會檢驗醫學專科分會), the vice president of the Laboratory Medicine Committee of Medical Science and Technology Committee of Chinese Army* (中國人民解放軍醫學科學技術委員會) and the vice president of the Committee of Tumor Biomarker of Chinese Anti-cancer Association* (中國抗癌協會腫瘤標誌專業委員會).

Dr. Zhong received his bachelor’s degree, master’s degree and doctorate degree in Medicine from Second Military Medical University (中國人民解放軍第二軍醫大學) in July 1984, August 1987 and July 1991, respectively. Dr. Zhong held various positions in the Clinical Immunology Research Centre of Shanghai Changzheng Hospital (上海長征醫院) (also known as the Second Affiliated Hospital of the Second Military Medical University (第二軍醫大學第二附屬醫院) from July 1991 to July 2017, including as an assistant researcher, associate researcher and director of laboratory diagnostics. He holds various patents relating to laboratory medicine and clinical immunology and various regional awards in the PRC in recognition of his achievement in medical science and technology.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Leung Ka Sing (梁嘉聲), aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2019. He is responsible for overseeing the management of the Group independently.

Mr. Leung has over 38 years of experience in chemistry, food science and safety management and occupational health and safety. From August 1980 to May 1986, he served as a technical director of Instrumentation Laboratory (Far East) Ltd., specialising in technical marketing and support in atomic spectroscopy. From June 1986 to July 1996, he served as a chemist in the Government Laboratory, specialising in quality management and the inspection of food and radiochemistry. From July 1996 to December 2001, he was seconded to the Labour Department where he served as a senior chemist, specialising in occupational health and safety, and from December 2001 to October 2006, he served as a senior chemist in the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department, specialising in food safety control. From October 2006 to July 2010, he was transferred back to the Government Laboratory, where he served as a senior chemist, specialising in chemical safety and food science. He has been an Adjunct Associate Professor of the Department of Applied Biology and Chemical Technology of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University since July 2010, where he undertakes the education and research of food safety and technology. Mr. Leung has participated in numerous international meetings in the fields of food safety and risk management since 2003.

Mr. Leung graduated from the University of Hong Kong with a doctorate degree in Philosophy in November 1981, a master's degree in Philosophy in November 1975 and a bachelor's degree in Science in November 1972. He has been a member of various overseas professional committees. He became a member and a Chartered Chemist of The Royal Society of Chemistry since July 1984, an academician of The Royal Society of Chemistry since July 2002 and a Certified Food Scientist of The International Food Science Certification Commission since January 2013.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Pun Fai (潘輝), aged 42, is the general manager of IVD China Limited (“**IVD China**”) primarily responsible for general management and operations. Mr. Pun has over nine years of experience in the IVD industry. He joined the Group in July 2009 as the general manager of Digital Images Diagnostic (China) Limited and was appointed as the general manager of IVD China in January 2016. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Pun worked as a senior sales executive and account manager in Siemens Healthcare Diagnostics Limited from June 2007 to December 2008 and from January 2009 to June 2009, respectively.

Mr. Pun obtained a bachelor's degree in Biomedical Science from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2002. He was admitted to the Register of Medical Laboratory Technologists in August 2000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Li Zuhou (李祖后), aged 46, is the vice general manager of Dacheng primarily responsible for general management and operations. Mr. Li has over 17 years of experience in business management. He joined the Group in November 2012 as a vice general manager of Dacheng. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Li worked as the factory manager of Cangnan County Longgang Jingcheng Gift Box Craft Factory* (蒼南縣龍港精誠禮盒工藝廠) from August 2001 to October 2012.

Mr. Li obtained his diploma in Economic Management from Zhejiang Staff University of Economics and Management* (浙江經濟管理職工大學) in July 2009.

Mr. Zhou Chuanbo (周傳波), aged 41, is the Chief Finance Officer of the Company primarily responsible for the overall financial management of the Group. He joined the Group in March 2019 as the Chief Finance Officer of the Company.

Mr. Zhou has over 14 years of financial management and accounting experience. Prior to joining the Group, he worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers China as a senior associate of the assurance department from August 2004 to April 2007. From April 2007 to April 2008, he worked at Maersk (China) Ltd.* (馬士基中國有限公司) as a deputy financial manager. From April 2008 to February 2009, he worked at TMT Multi Modal Transportation Company Limited* (上海鐵洋多式聯運有限公司), a joint venture of A.P. Moller Maersk Group, as an accounting manager of the finance department. From April 2009 to June 2014, he worked at China Risun Group Limited (中國旭陽集團有限公司) (formerly known as China Risun Coal Chemicals Group Limited (中國旭陽煤化工集團有限公司) and a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since March 2019 (Stock Code: 1907)) as general manager of the finance department, a general manager of the company secretary department and the company secretary. From July 2014 to December 2016, he worked at China New Higher Education Group (中國新高教集團有限公司) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since April 2017 (Stock Code: 2001)) as the financial director. From January 2017 to December 2018, he worked at Leysen Jewellery Inc. (萊紳通靈珠寶股份有限公司) (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since November 2016 (Stock Code: 603900)) first as head of finance department and was subsequently appointed as the financial head in April 2017. He qualified as a chartered accountant in 2004 in the PRC, was admitted as a member of ACCA in 2010 and as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in 2013.

Mr. Zhou obtained a master's degree in Economics majoring in International Trade in 2004 and a bachelor's degree in International Finance in 2001, both from the Beihang University (北京航空航天大學).

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yang Bo (楊波), aged 43, is the financial controller of the Company. Mr. Yang has over 10 years of experience in accounting and financial management. He joined the Group in February 2016 as the financial controller, primarily responsible for overseeing the daily operation of the finance and logistics department of Vastec and Vastec (Shanghai). Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yang worked at CSSC Jiangnan Heavy Industry Co., Ltd. (中船江南重工股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange since 1997 (stock code: 600072), as the deputy director of finance department from 2009 to 2016 and as the assistant of the deputy director of finance department from 2007 to 2009.

Mr. Yang obtained a bachelor's degree in International Accounting from East China University of Science and Technology in 1999.

Note: English translations marked with "*" in this annual report are for identification purpose only.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Board is pleased to present this Report of the Directors together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of Group's activities during the year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group and a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 December 2020 under review and the material factors underlying its results and financial position are provided in the part of "Management discussion and analysis" from page 9 to page 27 of this annual report, which forms a part of the Directors' Report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

There are a number of factors affecting the results and business operations of the Group, some of which are inherent in the market and some are due to external environment. Major risks and uncertainties are summarised as follows:

- The Group is heavily reliant on its relationship with Sysmex

Sysmex' haemostasis and urinalysis products are two of the Group's most sold types of products. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group relied heavily on Sysmex' brand recognition and reputation in the sales and marketing of its products. There is no assurance that Sysmex will maintain the strength of its brand recognition and that its products will keep generating stable profits for the Group on a continuous basis. Any detriment to Sysmex' reputation, change of its sales or marketing strategy or any adverse impact on its business and financial performance would in turn materially and adversely affect the Group's business operations and results of operations.

- The Group may face intense competition in light of the government's policies in encouraging the expansion of large distributors through acquisition of smaller ones

The Group may face intense competition because the IVD product distribution industry in the PRC is highly fragmented and competitive. The PRC government encourages the consolidation in the drugs and medical device distribution industry and supports the expansion of large distributors to acquire smaller distributors in order to compress the multi-layer distribution value chain into one single layer. As a result, the Group's key competitors may expand their market shares by aggressive acquisition and the Group will have to face more fierce competition in the market.

The Group will keep on monitoring the aforesaid competition situation and adopt corresponding measures.

KEY RELATIONSHIP

The Group fully understands that employees, customers and suppliers are the key to its sustainable and stable development. The Group is committed to establishing a close relationship with its employees, customers, and suppliers so as to ensure the Group's sustainable development.

Employees

The Group's employees are regarded as the Group's most significant resources. The Group's recruiting policy emphasises the importance of attracting competent employees through a combination of competitive salary incentives, on-the-job training and opportunities for development. The Group places significant emphasis on staff training and development. The Group invests in continuing education and training programs offered to its management staff and other employees to upgrade their skills and knowledge.

Customers

The principal customers of the Group are distributors, hospitals and healthcare institutions and logistics providers. The Group has been devoted to providing excellent customer services with the purpose of maintaining long term co-operation relationship, increasing sales volume and improving profitability.

A well-established and nationwide distribution network is one of the Group's most important strengths and valuable assets. The Group also adopts stringent guidelines to select, assess and monitor its distributors. In relation to the distribution of analysers and reagents that is conducted by distributors with which the Group had entered into sales agreements, the Group typically conducts background searches, attends onsite visits and conducts onsite evaluation for potential distributors. The Group also considers a wide range of factors, including their relevant experience and reputation, credibility, capability in operation and management, location, customer base and hospital sales volume, when determining whether to partner with such distributors.

The Group has also maintained strong ties with several leading hospitals through its subsidiaries in the PRC.

Suppliers

The Group has developed long-standing relationships with a number of suppliers and taken great care to ensure that they share the Group's commitment to quality and ethics.

The distribution term of the distribution agreement between the Group and Sysmex, its principal supplier, is until 2022. This agreement stabilised the relationship between the Group and Sysmex.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to maintaining the highest environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. The Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment in all material aspects during the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Group understands that a better future depends on everyone's participation and contribution. It has encouraged employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders to participate in environmental and social activities which benefit the community as a whole.

The Group has maintained strong relationships with its employees, has enhanced cooperation with its suppliers and has provided high quality products and services to its customers so as to ensure sustainable development.

The details of environmental, social and governance policies and performance of the Group are disclosed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" as set out on pages 80 to 115 of this annual report.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Mainland China while the Company is a holding company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with its Shares listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. The Group's establishments and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China, the Cayman Islands and Hong Kong. In 2020, the Group's businesses were in compliance with all relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China, the Cayman Islands and Hong Kong in all material aspects.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the state of affairs of the Group as of 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

The Directors have resolved to declare the payment of an interim dividend of HK1.672 cents per Share, amounting to a total of approximately RMB19,873 thousand.

The Directors have resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.607 cents per Share for the year ended 31 December 2020 to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Thursday, 3 June 2021. The final dividend, if approved by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting (the “**AGM**”) to be held on 25 May 2021, will be payable on or around Friday, 2 July 2021.

As of the date of this annual report, the Board was not aware that any Shareholders had waived or agreed to any arrangement to waive dividends.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed for the following periods:

- (a) For the purpose of determining the Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 19 May 2021 to Tuesday, 25 May 2021, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the AGM, all transfer documents should be lodged for registration with Company’s Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 18 May 2021.
- (b) For the purpose of determining the Shareholders who qualify for the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 1 June 2021 to Thursday, 3 June 2021, both days inclusive. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all transfer documents should be lodged for registration with the Company’s Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 31 May 2021.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the past five years is set out on page 224 of this annual report. The summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements during the year in the Group’s property, plant and equipment are set out in note 13 to the financial statements in this annual report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 23.9% of the Group's total sales and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately RMB136,197 thousand, which accounted for approximately 5.6% of the Group's total sales.

Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 91.1% of the Group's total purchases for the year and purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately RMB1,586,424 thousand, which accounted for approximately 85.3% of the Group's total purchases.

None of the Directors, any of their associates or any Shareholders that to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Shares had any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers or suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2020.

SHARE CAPITAL

As of 31 December 2020, the authorised share capital of the Company was US\$1,500,000, divided into 3,000,000,000 Shares of US\$0.0005 each. Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in note 26 to the financial statements in this annual report.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the section headed "Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity" of this annual report.

As of 31 December 2020, the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders were approximately RMB2,417,027 thousand. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to Shareholders subject to the provisions of its articles of association (the "**Articles of Association**") and provided that immediately following the distribution or dividend payment, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Articles of Association, dividends shall be distributed out of the retained earnings, including the share premium, of the Company.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors

Mr. Ho Kuk Sing (*Chairman & Chief Executive Officer*)

Mr. Leung King Sun (*Chief Operating Officer*)

Mr. Lin Xianya (*General Manager*)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Xingang

Mr. Yang Zhaoxu

Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lau Siu Ki

Mr. Zhong Renqian

Mr. Leung Ka Sing

In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr. Chen Xingang (“**Mr. Chen**”), Mr. Yang Zhaoxu (“**Mr. Yang**”) and Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley (“**Mr. Chan**”) will retire from office as Directors at the AGM. Each of Mr. Chen, Mr. Yang and Mr. Chan will offer themselves for re-election.

SERVICE CONTRACTS OF DIRECTORS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company which commenced from their respective date of appointment for an initial term of three years and shall be terminable by either party giving not less than three months’ notice in writing to the other.

None of the Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the employer within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group's emolument policy for the Directors and senior management of the Company is to determine the payable emolument with reference to the Group's operating results, role and duties, experience, responsibilities and performance of individuals and comparable market practices.

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements in this annual report. The executive Directors' emoluments set out therein were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The independent non-executive Directors' emoluments set out therein were for their services as directors of the Company.

The annual remuneration of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2020 is as follows:

Annual Income	Number of Persons
Nil to RMB1,000,000	2
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	1
RMB1,500,001 to RMB2,000,000	1

PENSION SCHEME

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. Such subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

As of 31 December 2020, there were no forfeited contributions available to reduce future obligations.

INDEPENDENCE OF THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). The Company believes that all of its independent non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

DIRECTOR'S INTEREST IN TRANSACTIONS, AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save for transactions as disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements, no Director nor any connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, agreements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, a controlling Shareholder, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party at the end of or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2020.

TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in this annual report, (i) no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance had been entered into by the Company during or at the end of the Reporting Period in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, either directly or indirectly; (ii) no contract of significance had been entered into between the Company, or one of its subsidiaries, and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the Reporting Period; and (iii) no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had been entered into during the Reporting Period.

INFORMATION ABOUT LOANS, QUASI-LOANS AND OTHER DEALINGS IN FAVOUR OF THE DIRECTORS

There were no loans, quasi-loans, or other dealings in favour of the Directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such Directors subsisted as at 31 December 2020 or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2020.

NON-COMPETE UNDERTAKINGS

Each of Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung, Mr. Lin, KS&KL Investment Co. Limited, King Sun Limited and Lucan Investment Limited (collectively the "**Founding Group Covenantors**") has entered into a deed of non-competition dated 26 June 2019 in favour of the Company (the "**Founding Group Deed**"). Pursuant to the Founding Group Deed, each of the Founding Group Covenantors shall not, and shall procure its close associates (other than members of the Group) not to, directly or indirectly, engage in, invest in, participate in, or attempt to participate in, whether on its own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person or company, any business directly or indirectly in competition with or likely to be in competition with the existing business activities of the Group.

Separately, each of Shinva and Huatuo International Development Co., Limited (華佗國際發展有限公司) ("**Huatuo**") (collectively the "**Shinva Covenantors**") has entered into a deed of non-competition dated 26 June 2019 in favour of the Company (the "**Shinva Deed**"). Pursuant to the Shinva Deed, each of the Shinva Covenantors shall not, and shall procure its close associates (other than members of the Group) not to, directly or indirectly, engage in, invest in, participate in, or attempt to participate in, whether on its own account or with each other or in conjunction with or on behalf of any person or company, any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the Relevant Business, save for the Excluded Business (each term as defined therein).

For further details of the Founding Group Deed and the Shinva Deed, please refer to the Prospectus.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Company has received confirmations from the Founding Group Covenantors and the Shinva Covenantors of their compliance with the terms of the Founding Group Deed and the Shinva Deed, respectively. The Founding Group Covenantors and the Shinva Covenantors declared that they had fully complied with the Founding Group Deed and the Shinva Deed, respectively, for the year ended 31 December 2020. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the confirmations from the Founding Group Covenantors and the Shinva Covenantors and concluded that Founding Group Deed and the Shinva Deed have been complied with and have been effectively enforced.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the details in relation to the Share Option Scheme and the Share Award Scheme as disclosed in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing Shares were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020 or subsisting at the end of the year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save for the share options granted to the Directors under the Share Option Scheme as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, no arrangement to which the Company is a party, and whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate subsisted as at 31 December 2020 or during the year ended 31 December 2020.

INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As of 31 December 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (b) to be and were entered in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or (c) as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, are as follows:

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Shares ⁽¹⁾	Approximate Percentage of Interest in the Company
Mr. Ho ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	175,517,429 (L)	13.27%
	Beneficial owner	24,384,244 (L)	1.84%
Mr. Leung ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	175,517,429 (L)	13.27%
	Beneficial owner	12,608,132 (L)	0.95%
Mr. Lin ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	112,664,041 (L)	8.52%
	Beneficial owner	13,835,225 (L)	1.05%

Notes:

- (1) The letter “L” denotes the Director’s long position in the Shares.
- (2) Mr. Ho is the sole shareholder and a director of KS&KL Investment Co. Limited, which holds 175,517,429 Shares. Therefore, Mr. Ho is deemed to be interested in KS&KL Investment Co. Limited’s interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO. The disclosed interest represents (i) 175,517,429 Shares in the Company held by KS&KL Investment Co. Limited; and (ii) 16,383,844 and 8,000,400 options held by Mr. Ho under the ESOP and the Share Option Scheme, respectively.
- (3) Mr. Leung is the sole shareholder and a director of King Sun Limited, which holds 175,517,429 Shares. Therefore, Mr. Leung is deemed to be interested in King Sun Limited’s interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO. The disclosed interest represents (i) 175,517,429 Shares in the Company held by King Sun Limited; (ii) 1,487,000 Shares in the Company held by Mr. Leung; and (iii) 3,120,732 and 8,000,400 options held by Mr. Leung under the ESOP and the Share Option Scheme, respectively.
- (4) Mr. Lin is the sole shareholder and a director of Lucan Investment Limited, which holds 112,664,041 Shares. Therefore, Mr. Lin is deemed to be interested in Lucan Investment Limited’s interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO. The disclosed interest represents (i) 112,664,041 Shares in the Company held by Lucan Investment Limited; and (ii) 6,501,525 and 7,333,700 options held by Mr. Lin under the ESOP and the Share Option Scheme, respectively.
- (5) By virtue of the Common Control Confirmation, Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung and Mr. Lin and their respective wholly-owned investment holding companies, namely KS&KL Investment Co. Limited, King Sun Limited and Lucan Investment Limited, collectively hold 463,698,899 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as of 31 December 2020, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS’ AND OTHER PERSONS’ INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES OR UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

To the best knowledge of Directors, as of 31 December 2020, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company), had interests or short positions in the Shares and the underlying Shares of the Company, which were required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein:

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Shares⁽¹⁾	Approximate Percentage of Interest in the Company
KS&KL Investment Co. Limited	Beneficial owner	175,517,429 (L)	13.27%
King Sun Limited	Beneficial owner	175,517,429 (L)	13.27%

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of Shares⁽¹⁾	Approximate Percentage of Interest in the Company
Lucan Investment Limited	Beneficial owner	112,664,041 (L)	8.52%
Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia, Inc. ⁽²⁾	Beneficial owner	92,646,730 (L)	7.00%
Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc ⁽³⁾	Beneficial owner	7 (L) 47 (S)	0.00% 0.00%
Morgan Stanley Investments (UK) ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	7 (L) 47 (S)	0.00% 0.00%
Morgan Stanley International Limited ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	7 (L) 47 (S)	0.00% 0.00%
Morgan Stanley International Holdings Inc. ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	7 (L) 47 (S)	0.00% 0.00%
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial owner	53 (L)	0.00%
Morgan Stanley Domestic Holdings, Inc. ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	53 (L)	0.00%
Morgan Stanley Capital Management, LLC ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	53 (L)	0.00%
Morgan Stanley ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	92,646,790 (L) 47 (S)	7.00% 0.00%
Huatuo International Development Co., Limited ⁽⁵⁾	Beneficial owner	443,654,371 (L)	33.53%
Shinva Medical Instrument Co., Ltd ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation	443,654,371 (L)	33.53%

Notes:

- (1) The letter "L" denotes long position in the Shares and the letter "S" denotes short positions in the Shares.
- (2) Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley, therefore Morgan Stanley is deemed to be interested in Morgan Stanley Private Equity Asia, Inc.'s interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO.
- (3) Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley Investments (UK), which is in turn a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley International Limited. Morgan Stanley International Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley International Holdings Inc., which is in turn a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. Therefore, Morgan Stanley is deemed to be interested in Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC's interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO.
- (4) Morgan Stanley Capital Services LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley Domestic Holdings, Inc., which is in turn a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley Capital Management, LLC. Morgan Stanley Capital Management, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Morgan Stanley. Therefore, Morgan Stanley is deemed to be interested in Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc's interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO.
- (5) Huatuo International Development Co., Limited is a company incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong on 28 March 2011 and wholly owned by Shinva Medical Instrument Co., Ltd. Therefore, Shinva Medical Instrument Co., Ltd is deemed to be interested in Huatuo International Development Co., Limited's interest in the Shares pursuant to the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, no other persons had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying Shares as of 31 December 2020 as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company has repurchased and cancelled 10,410,000 Shares at a total consideration of HKD26,601,970 on the Stock Exchange. Please refer to Note 26 to the financial statements. The Company had 1,322,990,000 Shares outstanding as of 31 December 2020. The Directors believe that such repurchase can enhance the net asset value per Share and earnings per Share and benefit the Company and the Shareholders.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Shares during the year ended 31 December 2020.

ISSUE OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES

During the Reporting Period, on 15 December 2020, the Board resolved to allot and issue 30,000,000 new Shares of the Company to the trustee under the general mandate granted by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 3 June 2020 in order to grant awards to certain employees pursuant to the Share Award Scheme. No Share had been issued as at the date of this annual report.

Save as disclosed, the Company or its subsidiaries did not issue any shares during the Reporting Period.

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SHARE OPTION SCHEMES AND SHARE AWARD SCHEME

A. Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (ESOP)

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the ESOP of the Company as approved by the Board on 29 December 2017 and further amended by the Board on 27 March 2019, more details as set out in the Prospectus. The terms of the ESOP are not subject to the provisions of Chapter 17 to the Listing Rules.

(a) Purpose

The purpose of the ESOP is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentives to the employees, officers and Directors of the Company and to promote the success of the businesses of the Group.

Upon adoption of the ESOP, the Company granted to DVI Investment Limited (the “**Master Option Grantee**”) an option (the “**Master Option**”) to purchase up to such number of Shares equal to 5% of the total number of the then outstanding Shares of the Company on a non-diluted basis (the “**Total Option Shares**”). The Master Option Grantee is a limited liability company organised under the laws of the Cayman Islands and an SPV designated by the Company to be the Master Option Grantee.

(b) Who may join

Beneficial interest in the Master Option (the “**Management Option**”, each represents one underlying Share under the ESOP) may be granted to full-time employees, including such officers and Directors of the Company who are full-time employees (the “**Participants**”) upon vesting of any option of the Master Option (the “**Management Option Grantee**”). An employee, officer or Director of the Company who has been granted a Management Option may, if otherwise eligible, be granted additional Management Options.

(c) Maximum number of underlying Shares

The overall limit on the number of underlying Shares which may be issued is 32,507,627 Shares with a par value of US\$0.0005 each.

(d) Administration

The ESOP is administered by the Board or the committee authorised by the Board (the “**Committee**”) constituted in such a manner as to satisfy applicable laws and company charter documents (the “**Administrator**”). Subject to applicable laws and provisions of the ESOP and except as otherwise provided by the Board, the Administrator has the authority, in its discretion, to:

- (i) select the employees, officers and Directors to whom the Management Options may be granted from time to time under the ESOP;
- (ii) determine whether and to what extent the Management Options are granted under the ESOP;
- (iii) determine the number of Shares or the amount of other consideration to be covered by each Management Option granted under the ESOP;
- (iv) approve forms of Management Option Agreement (as defined below) for use under the ESOP;
- (v) determine the terms and conditions of any Master Option or Management Option granted under the ESOP (including the Notice of Management Option Grant (as defined below) or any option agreement evidencing the grant of a Master Option or a Management Option executed by the Company and the Management Option Grantee);
- (vi) amend the terms of any outstanding Master Option or Management Option granted under the ESOP, provided that any amendment that would materially and adversely affect the Master Option Grantee’s or the Management Option Grantee’s rights under an outstanding Master Option or Management Option shall not be made without the Master Option Grantee’s and/or the Management Option Grantee’s written consent;
- (vii) construe and interpret the terms of the ESOP and the Master Options and Management Options, including, without limitation, any notice of award or option agreement granted pursuant to the ESOP;
- (viii) grant Management Options to employees, officers and Directors on such terms and conditions different from those specified in the ESOP as may, in the judgment of the Administrator, be necessary or desirable to further the purpose of the ESOP; and
- (ix) take such other action not inconsistent with the terms of the ESOP as the Administrator deems appropriate.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

(e) Option grants

The Committee is authorised to grant options to purchase a specified number of Shares at a specified price during specified time periods. The Committee will issue a notice of Management Option grant (the “**Notice of Management Option Grant**”) with a Management Option agreement (the “**Management Option Agreement**”) attached thereto to the relevant Management Option Grantee, notifying him/her the number of Management Options that have been granted to him/her and the exercise price per Share. The Management Option Agreement includes additional provisions of the Management Option.

(f) Term of the ESOP

The ESOP commenced on 29 December 2017 (the “**Effective Date**”) and shall continue in effect for a term of seven years unless terminated earlier in accordance with applicable laws and provisions of the ESOP or otherwise approved by the Board.

(g) Exercise of option

The option may not be exercised until vested. Except as approved by the Board and subject to provisions hereunder, in respect of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for each full calendar year from 2017 to 2021 (both year inclusive):

- (i) if the consolidated net income attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, after tax and minority interest (and excluding any extraordinary or one-time income or gain) of the Company on a consolidated basis meets the respective target as set out below (the “**Net Income Target**”) in such calendar year, 20% of the Management Options (whenever granted) will vest and become exercisable:

Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Net Income Target (RMB million)	110	130	281	325	375

- (ii) in the event that the Net Income Target is not met in a calendar year, no Management Option may vest or become exercisable.

(h) Exercise price

The exercise price per Share under the ESOP will be a price determined by the Committee and set forth in the Management Option Agreement and will be not lower than RMB1.69.

The Administrator is authorised under the ESOP to award any type of arrangement to an employee, officer or Director that is not inconsistent with the provisions of the ESOP and that by its terms involves or might involve the issuance of Shares or Master Option or similar right with a fixed or variable price related to the Fair Market Value (as defined below) of the Shares and with an exercise or conversion privilege related to the passage of time, the occurrence of one or more events, or the satisfaction of performance criteria or other conditions.

“Fair Market Value” means, as of any date, the value of Shares determined as follows:

- (i) if the Shares are traded on a securities exchange, the value shall be deemed to be the average of the security's closing prices on such exchange over the thirty-day period ending one day prior to such date, as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable;
- (ii) if the Shares are traded over the counter, the value shall be deemed to be the average of the closing prices over the thirty-day period ending three days prior to such date as reported in The Wall Street Journal or such other source as the Administrator deems reliable; and
- (iii) in the absence of an established market for the Shares of the type described in (i) and (ii) above, the Fair Market Value thereof shall be determined by the Administrator in good faith.

The method of valuation of securities subject to investment letter or other restrictions on free marketability shall be adjusted to make an appropriate discount from the market value determined as above in sub-clauses (i), (ii) or (iii) to reflect the fair market value thereof as determined in good faith by the Administrator or by a liquidator if one is appointed.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

(i) Outstanding options granted

On 29 December 2017, the Board granted the Master Option to the Master Option Grantee to purchase the Total Option Shares, being 32,507,627 Shares, under the ESOP.

On 12 July 2019, all Management Options under the ESOP were granted by the Master Option Grantee to the executive Directors prior to the Listing with details set out below:

Name ⁽¹⁾	Position	Options granted under the ESOP	Approximate percentage of the total number of Shares in issue as of the date of this annual report
Ho Kuk Sing (何鞠誠)	Chairman, executive Director and Chief Executive Officer	20,479,805	1.55%
Leung King Sun (梁景新)	Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer	3,900,915	0.29%
Lin Xianya (林賢雅)	Executive Director and General Manager	8,126,907	0.61%
Total		32,507,627	2.46%

Note:

- (1) Each grantee, upon accepting the options under the ESOP, is deemed to have undertaken to the Company that he will hold and exercise his option in accordance with the rules of the ESOP and the Management Option Agreement, including with respect to the allotment and issue of Shares to him upon exercise of his option and the holding of such Shares.

The exercise price of all Management Options granted is RMB1.69 per Share. A consideration of RMB0.1 was payable by each Management Option Grantee upon acceptance of the Management Option.

No further option will be granted under the ESOP, as the right to do so has been terminated upon Listing.

As of the date of this annual report, a total of 13,003,051 Management Options had lapsed in accordance with the terms of the ESOP. As a result, each of Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung and Mr. Lin was entitled to exercise 12,287,883, 2,340,549 and 4,876,144 Management Options, respectively, subject to the terms of the ESOP as of the date of this annual report. No option has been exercised under the ESOP up to the date of this annual report.

B. Share Option Scheme

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme, more details of which are set out in the Prospectus:

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to (a) attract and retain the best quality personnel for the development of the Group's businesses, (b) to provide additional incentives to the Qualifying Grantees (as defined below), and (c) to promote the long term financial success of the Group by aligning the interests of option holders to the Shareholders.

Subject to the provisions of the Listing Rules and applicable law and other regulations from time to time in force, the Board may, in its discretion, select Qualifying Grantees to whom options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme (the "**Options**").

"**Qualifying Grantee**" means any Eligible Person, any trust for the benefit of an Eligible Person or his immediate family members, or any company controlled by an Eligible Person or his immediate family members.

"**Eligible Person**" means (a) any employee (whether full-time or part-time employee) of any member of the Group or any affiliate and any person who is an officer of any member of the Group or any affiliate, (b) any person who is seconded to work for any member of the Group or any affiliates, (c) any consultant, agent, representative, adviser, customer, contractor of the Group or any affiliate, or (d) any business partner/ally/alliance, joint venture partner, supplier of goods or services to the Group or any affiliate or any employee thereof.

The number of Options that can be granted to any Qualifying Grantee during any 12-month period shall be subject to the restriction that the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of Options (whether exercised or outstanding) granted in such 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue. Where any further grant of Options to a Qualifying Grantee would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant representing in aggregate over 1% of the Shares in issue, such further grant shall be subject to separate approval by the Shareholders in general meeting with the relevant Qualifying Grantee and his close associates (or his associates if the participant is a connected person) abstaining from voting.

The total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 106,672,000, representing 8.06% of the total number of Shares as of the date of this annual report.

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Unless such further grant is approved by the Shareholders in general meeting, no Option may be granted to any substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or any of their respective associates, which would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted or to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme(s) of the Company in the 12-month period up to and including the date of board meeting for proposing such further grant (a) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the issued share capital of the Company in issue, and (b) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of the board meeting for proposing such further grant, in excess of HK\$5 million.

An offer shall remain open for acceptance by the Qualifying Grantee concerned for a period of 28 days from the date of the offer (or such period as the Board may specify in writing). A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of grant of an Option.

The subscription price in respect of any particular Option shall be such price as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine at the time of grant of the relevant Option (and shall be stated in the letter containing the offer of the grant of the Option) but the subscription price shall not be less than whichever is the higher of:

- (a) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date on which the Option is deemed to have been granted in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme (the "**Date of Grant**"), which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities;
- (b) the average closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five Business Days immediately preceding the Date of Grant; and
- (c) the nominal value of a Share.

Subject to the provisions of the Listing Rules, applicable law and other regulations from time to time in force and the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board may, in its discretion, determine the period during which the Options may be exercised, and the minimum period, if any, for which an Option must be held before it vests or becomes exercisable in whole or in part.

Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 12 July 2019.

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As of 31 December 2020, particulars of the Options granted under the Share Option Scheme are as follows:

Category of Participant	Date of Grant	Exercise Price ⁽¹⁾ (HK\$) ⁽²⁾	Options Granted	Exercisable Period	Outstanding as of 1 January 2020	Outstanding as of 31 December 2020	Exercised during the year ended 31 December 2020	Expired/lapsed/ cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2020
Employees								
Seven employees	22 Nov 2019	3.042	3,333,500	22 Nov 2019 to 21 Nov 2024 ⁽³⁾	3,333,500	3,333,500	-	-
Directors								
Mr. Ho	22 Nov 2019 ⁽¹⁾	3.042	8,000,400	3 Jun 2020 to 2 Jun 2025 ⁽⁴⁾	-	8,000,400	-	-
Mr. Leung	22 Nov 2019 ⁽¹⁾	3.042	8,000,400	3 Jun 2020 to 2 Jun 2025 ⁽⁴⁾	-	8,000,400	-	-
Mr. Lin	22 Nov 2019 ⁽¹⁾	3.042	7,333,700	3 Jun 2020 to 2 Jun 2025 ⁽⁴⁾	-	7,333,700	-	-
Total			26,668,000		3,333,500	26,668,000	-	-

Notes:

- (1) The Options were conditionally granted on 22 November 2019, subject to the Shareholders' approval at a general meeting of the Company. Ordinary resolutions approving the grant of such Options were duly passed by the Shareholders at the Company's annual general meeting held on 3 June 2020.
- (2) The exercise price of HK\$3.042 per Share represents the higher of: (i) the closing price of HK\$3.04 per Share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of HK\$3.042 per Share as stated in the daily quotation sheets of by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant, namely, 15 November 2019 to 21 November 2019; and (iii) the nominal value of US\$0.0005 per Share. The closing price per Share as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date immediately before the date of grant was HK\$3.04.
- (3) The Options were vested immediately upon grant.
- (4) The Options were vested immediately upon obtaining approval of the Shareholders at the Company's annual general meeting held on 3 June 2020.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

Fair values of the Options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2020, which were calculated using the binomial option pricing model as of the date of grant of such Option, are approximately HK\$20,692,000. The values of the option calculated using the binomial model are subject to certain fundamental limitations, due to the subjective nature of and uncertainty relating to a number of assumptions of the expected future performance input to the model, and certain inherent limitations of the model itself. The value of an Option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change to the variables used may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an Option. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

	2020
Dividend yield (%)	3.84
Volatility (%)	45.25
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.45
Expected life of options (year)	5

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

C. Share Award Scheme

The following is a summary of the principal terms of the Share Award Scheme of the Company as approved by the Board on 19 May 2020, more details as set out in the announcement dated 19 May 2020.

(a) Purposes and Objectives

The purpose of Share Award Scheme is to recognise the contributions by certain employees and to provide incentives thereto to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group, and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

(b) Duration

Subject to any early termination determined by the Board, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on 19 May 2020.

(c) Administration

The Share Award Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board and Bank of Communications Trustee Limited ("**the Trustee**") in accordance with the rules relating to the Share Award Scheme adopted by the Board and a trust deed dated 19 May 2020 entered into between the Company as settler and the Trustee as trustee ("**the Trust Deed**").

(d) *Maximum Limit*

The Board shall not make any further award of the Awarded Shares by the Board to certain selected employee which will result in the aggregate number of Shares awarded by the Board under the Share Award Scheme to be in excess of 10% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of Shares which may be awarded to certain selected employee under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had conducted the following transactions which constituted non-exempt continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

Mr. Yao Lin	Mr. Yao Lin was a substantial shareholder of IVD China Limited and a director of IVD Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., each a subsidiary of the Company, and hence Mr. Yao Lin is a connected person of the Company. Mr. Yao Lin ceased to be shareholder of IVD China Limited following disposal of his entire equity interest in IVD China Limited to the Company in December 2020. As IVD Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. was an insignificant subsidiary based on its financial results for the year ended 31 December 2020, Mr. Yao Lin ceased to be a connected person of the Company since January 2021.
Jinqiao Vastec (Beijing) Medical Devices Co., Ltd.* (金橋威士達(北京)醫療器械有限公司) (“ Jinqiao Medical ”)	Jinqiao Medical is a company in which Mr. Yao Lin holds 100% equity interest, and is therefore a connected person of the Company.
Beijing Modern Vastec Medical Devices Co., Ltd.* (北京現代威士達醫療器械有限公司) (“ Beijing Medical ”)	Beijing Medical is a company in which Mr. Yao Lin holds 93% equity interest, and is therefore a connected person of the Company.
Beijing Sanpin Medical Technology Co., Ltd.* (北京三品醫療科技有限公司) (“ Beijing Sanpin ”)	Beijing Sanpin is a company in which Mr. Yao Tianyi, the son of Mr. Yao Lin, holds 100% equity interest, and is therefore a connected person of the Company.
Shinva Group	Huatuo is a substantial Shareholder. As such, Huatuo and its associates, comprising Shinva (being the holding company) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “ Shinva Group ”), are connected persons of the Company.

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(A) Provision of after-sales services by Beijing Medical to the Group

The Group has been engaging Beijing Medical and its subsidiaries to provide after-sales services, including installation, maintenance, technical support and training with respect to IVD products to customers of the Group pursuant to a three-year framework agreement (the “**After-sales Services Framework Agreement**”) entered into by the Company and Beijing Medical on 10 January 2019. The annual caps for total service fees payable by the Group to Beijing Medical for the provision of after-sales services under the After-sales Services Framework Agreement for the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020 and 2021 are RMB7,000,000, RMB8,108,000 and RMB9,417,000, respectively. The actual transaction amount for the provision of after-sales services for the year ended 31 December 2020 was RMB5,494,000.

(B) Sales of the IVD analysers and reagents by the Group to the Connected Distributors

The Group has been engaging the Mr. Yao Lin, Jinqiao Medical, Beijing Medical and Beijing Sanpin (collectively, the “**Connected Distributors**”) as distributors and/or agents for the sale of the self-developed and other branded IVD reagents including c-reactive protein reagents, procalcitonin reagents and hypersensitive c-reactive protein reagents, as well as IVD analysers, to the Connected Distributors pursuant to a one-year framework agreement (the “**IVD Analyser and Reagent Sale Framework Agreement**”) entered into by the Company and the Connected Distributors on 13 May 2019. The annual caps for total consideration of the sales of the IVD analysers and reagents under the IVD Analyser and Reagent Sale Framework Agreement for the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020 and 2021 are RMB64,800,000, RMB71,150,000 and RMB77,900,000, respectively. The actual transaction amount for the sales of the IVD analysers and reagents for the year ended 31 December 2020 was RMB35,458,000.

(C) Rental of premises from the Founding Group

The Group (as tenant) has been leasing from Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung and Mr. Lin (the “**Founding Group**”) and their associates (as landlord) their owned premises in Hong Kong and the PRC for office use and for dormitory use, subject to the terms and conditions of the relevant tenancy agreements (collectively, the “**Founding Group Tenancy Agreements**”) with details set out below:

	Premise	Landlord	Tenant	Annual rental fee	Term	Usage
(i)	Rooms 610-614, 6/F, No. 30, Lane 2419, Hunan Road, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Mr. Lin	Dacheng	RMB1,884,528, calculated at the rate of RMB157,044 per month for 2018, with a 10% increase per annum thereafter	1 April 2018 to 31 March 2021	Office use
(ii)	Room 1703, Grandtech Centre, 8 On Ping Street, Sha Tin, New Territories, Hong Kong	Mr. Ho and Mr. Leung	Vastec	HK\$360,000, calculated at the rate of HK\$30,000 per month	1 January 2019 to 31 December 2020	Office use
(iii)	Room 602, Building 6, Lane 299, Bisheng Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Mr. Ho and Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB422,820, calculated at the rate of RMB35,235 per month	21 January 2019 to 31 July 2020 1 August 2020 to 31 December 2021	Office use
(iv)	Room 102, Building 6, Lane 299, Bisheng Road, Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Mr. Ho and Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB422,820, calculated at the rate of RMB35,235 per month	1 December 2019 to 31 December 2021	Office use
(v)	Room 506, Building 1, Wang Xin Double Layer International Tower, No. 1785 Jiang Han Road, Changhe Street, Binjiang District, Hangzhou, the PRC	Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung, the spouse of Mr. Ho and the spouse of Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB187,560, calculated at the rate of RMB15,630 per month	1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020	Office use

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	Premise	Landlord	Tenant	Annual rental fee	Term	Usage
(vi)	Room 303, Building 1, Wang Xin Double Layer International Tower, No. 1785 Jiang Han Road, Changhe Street, Binjiang District, Hangzhou, the PRC	Mr. Ho, Mr. Leung, the spouse of Mr. Ho and the spouse of Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB212,436, calculated at the rate of RMB17,703 per month	1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020	Office use
(vii)	Room 1602, Building 5, Lane 2580, Jin Xiu Road, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Spouse of Mr. Ho	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB600,000, calculated at the rate of RMB50,000 per month	21 January 2019 to 31 July 2020 1 August 2020 to 31 December 2021	Dormitory use
(viii)	Room 2802, No. 21, Lane 1299, Ding Xiang Road, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Spouse of Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB360,000, calculated at the rate of RMB30,000 per month	21 January 2019 to 31 March 2020 1 April 2020 to 31 October 2020	Dormitory use
(ix)	Room 2002, No. 2, Lane 1288, Pu Ming Road, Pudong New Area District, Shanghai, the PRC	Mr. Leung	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB552,000, calculated at the rate of RMB46,000 per month	1 November 2020 to 31 December 2021	Dormitory use

The annual caps for total annual rental fees payable by the Group to the Founding Group and their associates under the Founding Group Tenancy Agreements for the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020 and 2021 are approximately RMB4,549,000, RMB4,751,000 and RMB4,974,000, respectively. The actual rental fees paid by the Group to the Founding Group and their associates for the year ended 31 December 2020 were RMB4,747,000.

(D) Rental of premises from the Shinva Group

Vastec (Shanghai) (as tenant) has been leasing from the Shinva Group (as landlord) its owned premises in the PRC for office use and for warehouse use, subject to the terms and conditions of the relevant tenancy agreements (collectively, the “**Shinva Group Tenancy Agreements**”) with details set out below:

	Premise	Landlord	Tenant	Annual rental fee	Term	Usage
(i)	1F and 2F, Block 3 (No. 2 Production Workshop), No. 79, Xiang Jing Road, Che Dun Town, Songjiang District, Shanghai, the PRC	Shanghai Shinva Taikang Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB3,556,097, calculated at the rate of RMB0.85 per square metre per day, plus utilities and management fee	1 January 2018 to 31 December 2020	Warehouse use
(ii)	Room 1618, Building 1, Ao Sheng Building, No. 1166 Xin Luo Street, High-tech Zone, Jinan, the PRC	Shandong Shensi Medical Equipment Co., Ltd.	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB79,889.04, calculated at the rate of RMB1.8 per square metre per day, plus utilities and management fee	18 April 2019 to 17 April 2022	Office use
(iii)	3F, Area B, Building 22, No. 26 Fengtai Science and Technology Park, Fengtai District, Beijing, the PRC	Shinva	Vastec (Shanghai)	RMB256,874, calculated at the rate of RMB2.72 per square metre per day	1 January 2020 to 31 July 2020	Office use

The annual caps for total annual rental fees payable by Vastec (Shanghai) to the Shinva Group under the Shinva Group Tenancy Agreements for the years ended 31 December 2019, 2020 and 2021 are approximately RMB3,902,000, RMB3,910,000 and RMB4,090,000, respectively. The actual rental fees paid by Vastec (Shanghai) to the Shinva Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 were RMB3,711,000.

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the continuing connected transactions disclosed above and confirmed that the continuing connected transactions have been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the agreement governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The actual transaction amount of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above for the year ended 31 December 2020 has not exceeded the respective annual caps for such transactions.

The Company has also received a letter from Ernst & Young, the Company's auditor, to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 *Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information* and with reference to Practice Note 740 *Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules* issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young have issued the letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules confirming that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe the continuing connected transactions:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group (if applicable);
- (iii) were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- (iv) have exceeded the maximum aggregate annual cap in the Prospectus as disclosed above.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the significant related-party transactions undertaken by the Company in the normal course of business during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in note 31 to the financial statements, some of which constituted continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules as indicated therein. The Company has complied with all the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and has followed the policies and guidelines as set out in the Guidance Letter (HKEx-GL73-14) when determining the price and terms of the continuing connected transactions conducted during the year ended 31 December 2020.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

None of the Directors or their respective associates as defined under the Listing Rules has any interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete with the business of the Group, either directly or indirectly, or has any other conflict of interests during the year ended 31 December 2020.

DIVERSITY OF DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted a diversity policy with respect to the composition of the Board (the "**Board Diversity Policy**"). In assessing candidates running for directorships, the Nomination Committee will consider a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, educational background, professional experience, technical expertise and the ability to fulfill the requirements of the Board. Details on the biographies and experience of the Directors are set out on pages 28 to 33 of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

From information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public at all times during the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report, and the Company thus maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Board is not aware of any tax relief available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

DONATION

In 2020, the Group made a total donation of RMB5,838 thousand.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices or trusts subject to applicable laws and regulations. Such provision was in force during the year ended 31 December 2020 and remained in force as of the date of this annual report. The Company has also arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance for the Directors and officers of the Group.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The AGM will be held on 25 May 2021. The notice of the AGM will be sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the AGM.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Corporate Governance Report is set out on pages 65 to 79 of this annual report.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or subsisting during the year ended 31 December 2020.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 8 March 2021, the Company entered into a cooperation agreement with Boxin Bio Inc. (“Boxin”), an independent third party, under which the Company is exclusively engaged by Boxin as a strategic partner to establish several medical testing centres in the PRC for a total budget of approximately RMB200 million payable by Boxin.

Save as disclosed above, the Group has had no material event since the end of the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

AUDITOR

The Company has appointed Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020. A resolution will be proposed for approval by Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Ho Kuk Sing

Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 19 March 2021

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Board is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the “**Reporting Period**”) in this annual report for the year ended 31 December 2020.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to achieving high corporate governance standards.

The Board believes that high corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Group to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company’s corporate governance practices are based on the principles and code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the “**CG Code**”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Board is of the view that throughout the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code, except for Code Provision A.2.1 (the details of which are set forth below).

DIRECTOR’S SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and each Director has confirmed that he has complied with the Model Code throughout the Reporting Period.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board oversees the Group’s businesses, strategic decisions and performance and should take decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board should regularly review the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company, and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them. As disclosed in the “Board of directors and senior management” as set out on page 31 to this annual report, Mr. Lau Siu Ki is holding directorships in six other listed companies in Hong Kong in addition to his directorship in the Company. Despite his directorships outside the Company, since Mr. Lau’s appointment as an independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2019, he maintained good attendance records for all the Board committee and Board meetings and devoted time to review the materials provided by the Company before such meetings and actively shared his opinions and voiced his concerns in the discussion of the Company’s issues. On this basis, the Board is of the view that Mr. Lau is able to devote sufficient time to the Board and to the affairs of the Group and that Mr. Lau’s directorships outside the Company would not affect him in maintaining his current role in, and his functions and responsibilities for, the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board Composition

The Directors place great emphasis on the fiduciary nature of the Board's responsibilities and strive to be accountable to the Shareholders as a whole.

The Board currently comprises the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Ho Kuk Sing (*Chairman, Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Nomination Committee*)

Mr. Leung King Sun (*Member of Remuneration Committee*)

Mr. Lin Xianya

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chen Xingang

Mr. Yang Zhaoxu

Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lau Siu Ki (*Chairman of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee, Member of Nomination Committee*)

Mr. Zhong Renqian (*Member of Audit Committee*)

Mr. Leung Ka Sing (*Member of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee*)

The biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Board of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 28 to 33 of this annual report.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board has formulated the Board Diversity Policy setting out the approach to maintaining a Board with a diversity of directors. The Company recognises the benefits of diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting its sustainable development. All Board appointments will continue to be based on meritocracy with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Board would, from time to time, use its best endeavour and on suitable basis to seek female candidates into the Board as appropriate. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Directors believe that the composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Group and for effective leadership as all the executive Directors possess extensive experience in IVD and medical equipment industry while the three non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge and broad experience in IVD and medical equipment, finance and accounting industry. The Directors are of the opinion that the present structure of the Board can ensure the independence and objectivity of the Board and provide a system of checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Board Meetings and General Meetings

During the Reporting Period, four board meetings and one general meeting were held and the attendance of each Director is set out as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Board Meeting Attended	Number of General Meeting Attended
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing	4/4	1/1
Mr. Leung King Sun	4/4	1/1
Mr. Lin Xianya	4/4	1/1
Mr. Chen Xingang	4/4	1/1
Mr. Yang Zhaoxu	4/4	1/1
Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley	4/4	1/1
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zhong Renqian	4/4	1/1
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	4/4	1/1

The Board holds at least four meetings each year at approximately quarterly intervals to discuss the Group's business development, operations and financial performance to comply with Code Provision A.1.1. Notice of at least 14 days was given to all Directors for all Board meetings and a formal agenda was addressed to the Directors together with the notice. All Directors were provided with adequate information which enabled them to make informed decisions on the matters discussed and considered at the Board meetings.

Apart from the regular Board meetings, the Chairman has also held a meeting with all independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors during the Reporting Period.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Code provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company are held by Mr. Ho who is one of the founders of the Group and has extensive experience in the industry.

The Board believes that Mr. Ho can provide the Company with strong and consistent leadership that allows for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies.

The Board is of the view that given that Mr. Ho had been responsible for leading the strategic planning and business development of the Group, the arrangement would allow for effective and efficient planning and implementation of business decisions and strategies under his strong and consistent leadership, and should be overall beneficial to the management and development of the Group's business.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the Reporting Period, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Appointment and Re-election of Non-executive Directors

The non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) of the Company are appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to renewal after the expiry of the current term.

The Articles of Association provides that all Directors appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall be subject to election by the Shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment.

Under the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three of a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

Responsibilities of the Board and Management

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company, and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management of the Company arising out of corporate activities.

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed Director (if any) will receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

The Directors have also been informed of the requirement under Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code regarding continuous professional development and they may join institutes and attend relevant training seminars or informative talk from time to time to enable them to better discharge their duties.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

All Directors understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating in any suitable training to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the Reporting Period, they attended courses organised by external professional bodies on topics relevant to the duties and responsibilities of a Director. They have provided the Company with their respective training records pursuant to the CG Code as follows:

	Attending courses
<hr/>	
<i>Executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing	✓
Mr. Leung King Sun	✓
Mr. Lin Xianya	✓
<i>Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Chen Xingang	✓
Mr. Yang Zhaoxu	✓
Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley	✓
<i>Independent Non-executive Directors</i>	
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	✓
Mr. Zhong Renqian	✓
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	✓

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee (each as defined below), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange and are available to the Shareholders upon request.

The list of the Chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under "Corporate Information" on page 2.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") consists of three members, being Mr. Lau Siu Ki, Mr. Zhong Renqian and Mr. Leung Ka Sing. Mr. Lau Siu Ki currently serves as the Chairman of the Audit Committee. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditor.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the financial reporting and internal control principles of the Company, and assist the Board to fulfill its responsibility over the audit. The duties and powers of the Audit Committee include:

1. Relationship with the Company's external auditor;
2. Review of the Group's financial information;
3. Oversight of the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems; and
4. Performing the Group's corporate governance functions.

During the Reporting Period, two meetings were held by the Audit Committee. The attendance of each member is set out as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Meeting Attended
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	2/2
Mr. Zhong Renqian	2/2
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	2/2

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Audit Committee holds meetings at least twice a year to comply with its terms of reference.

During the Reporting Period, two meetings were held between the Audit Committee and the Company's external auditor. At least one of the said meetings was held in the absence of the management to discuss matters relating to the audit fees, any issues arising from the audit and any other matters the auditor wish to raise in order to comply with its terms of reference.

The Audit Committee had performed the following work:

- (i) reviewed the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019;
- (ii) reviewed the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2020;
- (iii) made recommendations to the Board for approval of the above-mentioned financial statements;
- (iv) reviewed and approved the internal audit plans and reviewed reports from the internal control adviser engaged by the Company;
- (v) reviewed and approved the audit service memorandum presented by the external auditor;
- (vi) discussed with the management and the external auditor on the issues concerning accounting policies and practices which may affect the Group, along with financial reporting matters;
- (vii) reviewed the risk management and internal control systems;
- (viii) determined the interim review and annual audit fees of the external auditors; and
- (ix) reviewed the terms of reference of the committee to consider if any proposed changes that deemed appropriate or advisable.

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "**Remuneration Committee**") consists of three members, being Mr. Lau Siu Ki, Mr. Leung King Sun and Mr. Leung Ka Sing. Mr. Lau Siu Ki currently serves as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The duties and powers of the Remuneration Committee include:

1. To make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
2. To review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

3. To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment;
4. To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
5. To consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
6. To review and approve the compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management of the Company for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and not excessive;
7. To review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
8. To ensure that no Director or any of his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his own remuneration;
9. To consider and approve the grant of share options to eligible participants pursuant to the Share Option Scheme or any other scheme(s) of the Company;
10. In respect of any service agreement to be entered into between any members of the Group and its Director or proposed Director, to review and provide recommendation to the Shareholders of the Company (other than Shareholder(s) who is/are Director(s) with a material interest in the relevant service agreements and their respective associates) as to whether the terms of the service agreements are fair and reasonable and whether such service agreements are in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as whole, and to advise the Shareholders on how to vote; and
11. To consider other matters, as defined or assigned by the Board from time to time.

The attendance of each member is set out as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Meeting Attended
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	3/3
Mr. Leung King Sun	3/3
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	3/3

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Three meetings of the Remuneration Committee were held during the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration policy of executive Directors and senior management of the Company; assessed performance of executive Directors and senior management of the Company; reviewed the composition of senior management of the Company; discussed and recommended the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Company for the Board's approval; and reviewed the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee to consider any proposed changes that were deemed appropriate or advisable.

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee of the Company (the "**Nomination Committee**") consists of three members, being Mr. Ho Kuk Sing, Mr. Lau Siu Ki and Mr. Leung Ka Sing. Mr. Ho currently serves as the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The duties and powers of the Nomination Committee include:

1. To review the structure, size and diversity (including without limitation, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
2. To identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;
3. To assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
4. To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company;
5. To review the Board Diversity Policy and any measurable objectives for implementing the Board Diversity Policy as may be adopted by the Board from time to time and to review the progress on achieving the objectives, and to make disclosure or its review results in the annual report of the Company annually; and
6. To consider other matters, as defined or assigned by the Board from time to time.

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Board Diversity Policy, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience etc.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's character, qualifications, experience, independence and other relevant criteria necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

The attendance of each member is set out as follows:

Name of Director	Number of Meeting Attended
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing	1/1
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	1/1
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	1/1

One meeting of the Nomination Committee was held during the Reporting Period. The Nomination Committee holds at least one meeting each year to perform its duties.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the Code Provision D.3.1 of the CG Code, such as developing and reviewing the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, reviewing and monitoring training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Company, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and reviewing and monitoring the compliance with the Model Code and other applicable corporate compliance manuals, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this Corporate Governance Report.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has the discretion to declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders, subject to the Articles of Association and all applicable laws and regulations. In recommending or declaring dividends, the Company shall maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting its working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value. A general dividend policy of declaring and paying an annual dividend of not less than 20% of the Group's distributable net profit attributable to the equity Shareholders was adopted by the Board in principle.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for maintaining the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The main feature of the Group's risk management and internal control system is its ability to dynamically and effectively capture and evaluate significant emerging risks and risk changes, both quantitatively and qualitatively, and to timely manage risks by appropriate risk responses and mitigation strategies.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has developed and adopted various risk management procedures and guidelines with defined authority for implementation by key business processes and office functions, including policy on securities trading, safety control system for production and fire, methods of prevention from occupational disease, guidelines regarding using official seal, policy on confidential control (as updated and amended from time to time), policy on employees' external training, guidelines regarding information management and transition.

All divisions/departments of the Company conducted internal control assessment regularly to identify risks that potentially impact the business of the Group and various aspects including key operational and financial processes, regulatory compliance and information security. The senior management of the Company, in coordination with division/department heads, assessed the likelihood of risk occurrence, provide treatment plans, and monitor the risk management progress. No significant control failings or weaknesses have been identified during the Reporting Period.

The management has confirmed to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The internal control team is responsible for performing internal audit function and conducting independent review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. The internal control team examined key issues in relation to the accounting practices and all material controls and provided its findings and recommendations for improvement to the Audit Committee.

In addition, the Group has engaged an internal control adviser to assist the Group to review and provide recommendations on improving the Group's internal control system. The Group has improved its internal control system in accordance with the recommendation of such review.

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee, reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems, including the financial, operational and compliance controls periodically during the Reporting Period and considered that such systems are effective and adequate for the purpose of financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance. The Board conducts such review at least once every year.

The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. Monitoring and control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorised access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited.

Whistleblowing procedures are in place to facilitate employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns such as criminal offence, financial impropriety or other matters of the Company.

The Company has developed its inside information policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, officers and all relevant employees of the Company to ensure inside information of the Company to be disseminated to the public in equal and timely manner in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has engaged Ms. Lam Wai Yan ("**Ms. Lam**") as the company secretary of the Company (the "**Company Secretary**"). The primary contact person at the Company, whom Ms. Lam can contact, is Mr. Zhou Chuanbo, the Chief Finance Officer of the Company.

During the Reporting Period, Ms. Lam has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young, about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 118 to 120 of this annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

A breakdown of the remuneration paid/payable to the external auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young, in respect of the following services for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out below:

Services rendered	Remuneration paid and payable RMB' 000
Audit services	2,800
Review of interim financial statements	700
Continued connected transactions	120
Total	3,620

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company engages with its Shareholders through various communication channels and a shareholders' communication policy is in place to ensure that the Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed.

To safeguard the Shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolution should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings of the Company, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings of the Company will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting of the Company.

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Articles of Association, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There is no provision allowing the Shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands or the Articles of Association. The Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, the Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Contact Details

The Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: IVD Medical Holding Limited
Room 1703
Grandtech Centre
8 On Ping Street
Sha Tin
Hong Kong (For the attention to Directors' Office)

For the avoidance of doubt, the Shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with the Shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. The Directors (or their delegates as appropriate) will attend annual general meeting to meet the Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

The Company discloses information and publishes periodic reports and announcement to the public in accordance with the Listing Rules, the relevant law and regulations. The primary focus of the Company is to ensure information disclosure is timely, fair, accurate, truthful and complete, thereby enabling the Shareholders and investors of the Company as well as the public to make rational and informed decisions.

During the Reporting Period, the Company has not made any changes to its Articles of Association. An up-to-date version of the Articles of Association is available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

INTRODUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

As the leading distributor of In Vitro Diagnostic (“**IVD**”) products in the People’s Republic of China (the “**PRC**”), IVD Medical Holding Limited (the “**Company**”) together with its subsidiaries (the “**Group**” or “**we**”) adhere to the environmental, social and governance (“**ESG**”) management direction in accordance with the concept of sustainable development, are committed to progress effectively and responsibly against ESG affairs, and have integrated this key part into our business strategy as we know sustainability is a key to achieve continuous success in the future. We strongly believe that environmental protection, low carbon footprint, resource conservation and sustainable development will be the key trends in society, hence we will continuously and steadily satisfy the needs of our customers, contribute to the society, and also stimulate long term development of the Group.

The ESG Governance Structure

The Group has established the ESG working taskforce (the “**Taskforce**”). The Taskforce comprises of core members from different departments of the Group and is responsible for collecting relevant information and data on its ESG aspects for the preparation of the ESG reports. The Taskforce reports to the board of Directors (the “**Board**”) regularly, assists in identifying the Group’s ESG risks, and assesses the effectiveness of the Group’s ESG internal control mechanism. The Taskforce also examines and evaluates the performance in different aspects such as environment, health and safety, labor standards, and product responsibility. The Board has set the general direction of the Group’s ESG strategy, and ensures the effectiveness of ESG risk management and internal control mechanism as the Board has the overall responsibility for the Group’s ESG strategy and reporting.

SCOPE OF REPORTING

This Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the “**Report**”) generally covers the core business of the Group and its subsidiaries in the PRC, including distribution business, maintenance services and self-branded products business. Data collection is limited to the core operating locations of some subsidiaries which are Vastec Medical Equipment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (“**Vastec (Shanghai)**”) and Dacheng Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (“**Dacheng**”), including the offices located in different regions of the PRC as well as the warehouse in Shanghai. Unless specify otherwise, the ESG key performance indicator (“**KPI**”) data is gathered and included under the Group’s operational control mechanism. The Group will continue to extend the scope of disclosures when its data collection system and sustainable strategies are well developed.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The Report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the “**ESG Reporting Guide**”) as set out in the Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Information relating to the corporate governance practices of the Group has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 65 to 79 of this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

REPORTING PERIOD

The Report describes the ESG activities, challenges and measures being taken by the Group during the financial year ended 31 December 2020 (the “**Reporting Period**”). The Group has complied with all the “comply or explain” provisions set out in the ESG Reporting Guide during the Reporting Period.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder engagement is an essential part on continuously developing the sustainability performance of the Group, hence we value our stakeholders and their feedback regarding our businesses and ESG aspects. In order to understand and address their key concerns, we have maintained close communication with our key stakeholders, including but not limited to shareholders and investors, customers, business partners and suppliers, the Group’s employees, as well as the community, non-governmental organisations (“**NGOs**”) and media.

In formulating our operational strategies and ESG measures, the Group takes into account the stakeholders’ expectations through different stakeholder engagement methods and communication channels. The Group’s communication channels with the key stakeholders and their respective expectations are as follows:

Stakeholders	Communication Channels	Expectations
Shareholders and investors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings Financial reports Announcements and circulars 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compliance with relevant laws and regulations Latest information disclosure of the corporate in due course Financial performance Corporate sustainable development
Customers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Customer service hotline and email Business cooperation Company website 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product and service responsibility accomplishment Customers’ information and privacy protection
Business partners and suppliers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supplier meetings and events Supplier performance evaluation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fair competition Business integrity and reputation Mutual benefits
The Group’s employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regular performance appraisal Trainings and seminars Employees announcement and management notices Email 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health and safety Equal opportunities Remuneration and benefits Career development
The community, NGOs and media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESG reports Charitable events 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contribution to the community Environmental protection Compliance operations

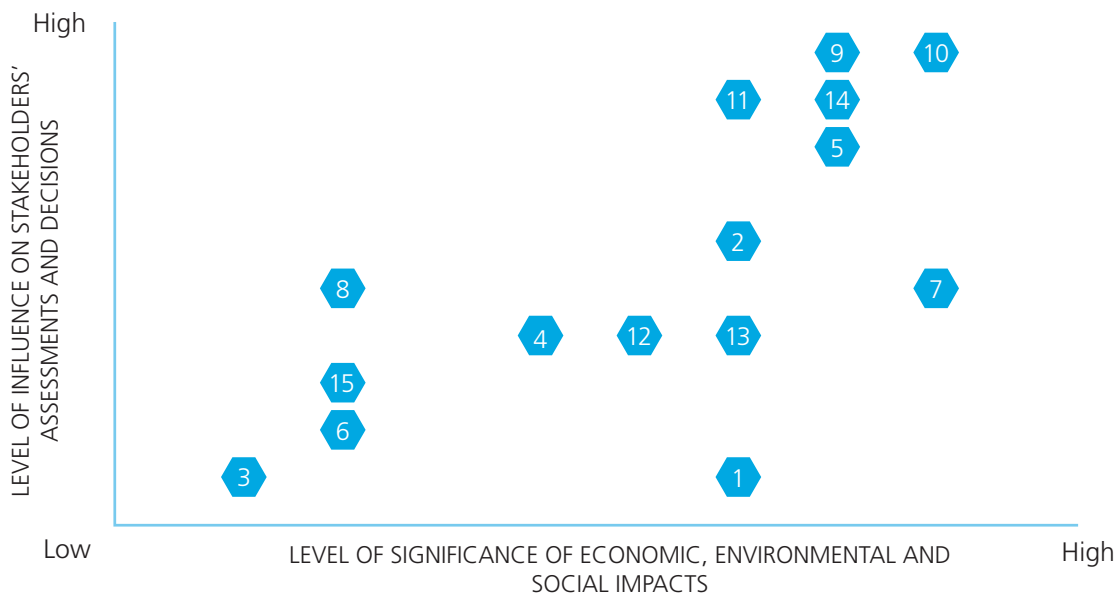
We aim to collaborate with our stakeholders to improve our ESG performance and create greater value for the wider community on a continuous basis.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group values stakeholder’s opinion, and identifies and determines material topics included in the Report through feedback from relevant stakeholders. The Group’s management and staff in major functions are involved in the preparation of the Report, so to assist the Group in reviewing its operations and identifying the relevant ESG issues, and assess the importance of those relevant matters to our business and stakeholders. We have compiled a survey in accordance with the identified material ESG issues to collect information from relevant departments and business units of the Group.

As the core business and ESG strategy of the Group is consistent with last year, the Group is adopting the materiality matrix of 2019 during the Reporting Period:



Environmental

1. Emissions Control
2. Waste Management
3. Use of Resources

Social

4. Employment
5. Employee Health Management
6. Training Management
7. Prevention of Child and Forced Labour
8. Supply Chain Management
9. Fair and Open Procurement

10. Quality Control
11. Customer Services
12. Privacy Protection
13. Intellectual Property ("IP") Rights
14. Anti-corruption
15. Community Investment

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

CONTACT US

We welcome stakeholders to provide valuable opinions and suggestions on the Report or the Group's performance on sustainable development via the following methods:

Address: Room 1703, Grandtech Centre, 8 On Ping Street, Shatin, Hong Kong

Telephone: (86)4008209809

Email: ivd@ivdholding.com

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

A1. Emissions

The Group attaches great importance to good environmental management and strives to protect the environment so to fulfill social responsibilities of the Group. The Group strives to protect the environment through the implementation of control activities and monitoring measures in its business activities and workplace. We are committed to promoting a green environment by introducing environmentally friendly business practices, educating its employees to enhance their awareness on environmental protection and complying with relevant environmental laws and regulations.

We have formulated relevant environmental policy and established relevant internal control mechanism in workplace and operations. We strive to implement relevant monitoring measures, introduce environmentally friendly business practices into operations, raise employees' environmental awareness and comply with relevant laws and regulations simultaneously, in order to reduce the negative impacts on the environment. At the same time, we continuously seek for opportunities to formulate and implement environmental measures within the policy framework to improve our environmental performance. We believe the Group has set a good example in fulfilling corporate social responsibility through various measures on energy conservation and use of resources, and has established a corporate image that promotes environmental protection and low carbon operations.

The Group strictly complies with the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution Law of the People's Republic of China, Prevention and Control of Pollution from Environmental Noise Law of the People's Republic of China, Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations related to environmental protection in the PRC, and has established environmental protection responsibility system, actively adopts environmental protection measures on the environmental pollution generated during business operations. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with related laws and regulations on exhaust gas and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions, sewage discharge and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, etc. that would have a significant impact on the Group.

The Group will continuously improve our environmental management system to minimize the negative impacts on the environment, achieve targets on reducing GHG emissions and non-hazardous wastes.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Emission Control

Exhaust Gas Emissions

As an IVD product distributor, the Group's major sources of exhaust gas emission are originated from petrol consumed by vehicles, and no significant exhaust gas emissions was generated during its business operation. Yet we are committed to minimizing the exhaust gas emitted from our business operation, the following are the emission reduction measures we have taken on vehicles emissions:

- Choose the shortest route when vehicles are travelling between the Group's operating locations and destinations to reduce consumption of gasoline and diesel;
- Turn off engines for idling vehicles; and
- Conduct regular vehicle maintenance to ensure efficient use of fuel.

Through the above measures, employees' awareness on emission reduction has been enhanced.

During the Reporting Period, exhaust gas emissions performance was as follows:

Types of exhaust gas	Unit	2020	2019
Sulphur Oxides (SOx)	kg	2.43	2.07
Nitrogen Oxides (NOx)	kg	400.38	339.69
Particulate Matter (PM)	kg	36.46	20.32

GHG Emissions

The major sources of the Group's GHG emissions are generated from diesel and gasoline consumption of vehicles (Scope 1) and electricity consumed during operation (Scope 2). The Group actively adopts electricity and energy conservation measures to reduce GHG emissions. Apart from the measures described above in the section headed "Exhaust Gas Emissions" under this Aspect, the Group has formulated Policy on Facilities and Equipment Maintenance, Verification and Calibration to ensure the normal operation of the equipment on detecting temperature and humidity in the warehouse, and control temperature and humidity of the warehouse through temperature and humidity records to control the use of energy in the warehouse. Besides, we have actively adopted other environmental conservation measures, the corresponding measures are described in the sections headed "Energy Consumption" of Aspect A2.

Through the above measures, employees' awareness on carbon reduction has been enhanced.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, the GHG emissions performance was as follows:

Indicator ¹	Unit	2020	2019
Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1)	tCO ₂ e	434.06	374.30
Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2)	tCO ₂ e	397.20	346.44
Total GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2)	tCO ₂ e	831.26	720.74
Total GHG emissions intensity	tCO ₂ e/employee ²	1.13	1.25

Note:

1. GHG emissions data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, including but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by HKEX, "Global Warming Potential Values" from the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report, and the latest emission factors of China's regional power grid basis.
2. As at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the Group had 737 employees and 578 employees respectively. These data are also used for calculating other intensity data.

Sewage Discharge

We do not consume a significant volume of water in our business activities, hence our business activities did not generate material discharges into water during the Reporting Period. Since the sewage discharged by the Group will be discharged into the municipal sewage pipe network and then treated, and most of the water supply and discharge facilities are provided and managed by property management company, the amount of water consumption of the Group represents the wastewater discharge volume, which is approximately 2,179.85 cubic meters. The corresponding water conservation measures will be described in the section headed "Water Consumption" under Aspect A2.

Waste Management

The Group adheres to the waste management principle and strives to properly manage and dispose wastes generated by its business activities. The Group maintains high standard in waste reduction, educates its employees the significance of sustainable development and provides relevant support in order to enhance their skills and knowledge in sustainable development. The distribution business of the Group strictly complies with Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes Law of the People's Republic of China, that regulates the generation, collection and disposal of waste.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Hazardous Wastes

Due to the Group's business nature, the hazardous wastes we generated are limited to an insignificant amount of toner cartridge for printing in office. We arrange suppliers to recycle any toner cartridge we consumed, and ensure relevant environmental laws and regulations are complied. In case any other hazardous wastes are produced, we will engage a qualified chemical waste collector to handle such wastes.

Non-hazardous Wastes

The non-hazardous wastes generated by the Group's business activities are mainly paper used at the office. The solid waste generated during operation must not be discarded at will under our regulations to avoid secondary pollution. To promote waste reduction, we promote waste sorting and waste reduction from source, and strive to establish a digitalized office. To make good use of the online system in office, general administrative notices and data transmission, etc. are carried out using internet system in order to avoid printing and copying documents, reduce the use of paper and encourage the use of double-sided printing. We recommend employees to sort out recyclables and non-recyclables, for example wastepaper and packing box are listed and treated under "Recyclables" waste. The Group has implemented various plans and events to encourage employees to participate in paper reduction management in office and warehouse, including:

- Recommend double-sided printing and copying where possible;
- Circulate documents and communicate through electronic media to minimize paper consumption;
- Require employees to use waste paper when testing printers;
- Collect one-sided paper with collection boxes for reuse;
- Set up collection boxes next to each copier and printer for collecting one-sided paper;
- Place environmental protection messages on office equipment; and
- Suggest to use recycled paper.

With the above measures, employees' awareness on waste reduction has been enhanced.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, the non-hazardous waste discharge performance was as follows:

Types of non-hazardous waste	Unit	2020	2019
Paper	tonnes	3.17	2.16
Ink cartridge	tonnes	1.25	N/A
General wastes	tonnes	0.63	N/A
Total non-hazardous waste disposal	tonnes	5.05	2.16
Total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity	tonnes/employee	0.007	0.004

A2. Use of Resources

With an aim of actively promoting efficient use of resources, the Group monitors the potential impact on the environment caused by its business operation and promotes a green operational environment to minimize the impact of the Group's operation on the environment. We insist on using resources reasonably and efficiently to conduct reasonable and effective control and management on the environment factors during the Group's operation. The Group has formulated relevant policies and procedures to manage the efficient use of resources. The Group regulates the use of water and energy such as electricity, and focuses on managing energy intensive equipment, in order to standardizes procedures on operating equipment so as to enhance efficient use of resources. In addition, to achieve sustainable development on the environment, the Group has established green practice guidelines in office and regularly circulates environmental messages and practical suggestions on an environmentally friendly lifestyle to employees to reduce the impacts on environment caused by office operations.

The Group continuously implements various measures in order to introduce resource efficiency and environmental protection measures to the Group's operations, and is committed to optimizing the use of resources in the process of business operations. The Group has set the following goals for 2021 concerning the resources consumed during daily operation:

1. Reduce or maintain the electricity consumption intensity level during the Reporting Period
2. Reduce or maintain the water consumption intensity level during the Reporting Period
3. Reduce or maintain the paper consumption intensity level during the Reporting Period

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Energy Consumption

During daily operation, the major sources of the Group's energy consumption are diesel and gasoline consumption for vehicles and electricity consumption in operation.

The Group controls the electricity consumed by facilities and equipment in the warehouse through Facilities and Equipment Maintenance, Verification and Calibration Policy. The Quality Management Department is responsible for organizing relevant department to verify and calibrate relevant facilities and equipment. Warehouse keeper of the Logistics Department is responsible for the daily maintenance on facilities and equipment in the warehouse, and to ensure the warehouse is equipped with facilities and equipment that have light protection, ventilation, dust-proof, damp-proof, pest control, lighting and fire protection that meets the IVD reagent storage requirement.

Also, the Group has implemented relevant energy use efficiency program to achieve the goal of energy saving and efficient use of energy, the relevant measures are as follows:

- Set all printers, copiers and computers to energy-saving mode where possible;
- Set the room temperature at between 20°C to 25.5°C, with the most suitable temperature at 25.5°C;
- Turn off unnecessary lightings;
- Encourage employees to switch off idle equipment, computers and lightings when not in use or after work;
- Monitor monthly energy usage and investigate material differences;
- Use energy-saving office equipment and computers;
- Purchase energy-saving equipment only when it is necessary to replace old electrical appliances or for new business needs; and
- Post energy-saving slogans in visible area to infiltrate the awareness of energy conservation and environmental protection to the work and life of every employee.

With the above energy-saving measures implemented, employees' awareness on energy conservation has been enhanced.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, the Group's electricity consumption and other energy consumption were as follows:

Types of energy	Unit	2020	2019
Direct energy consumption	MWh	1,603.23	1,368.48
• Diesel	MWh	339.15	74.01
• Petrol	MWh	1,264.08	1,294.47
Indirect energy consumption	MWh	497.12	423.91
• Electricity	MWh	497.12	423.91
Total energy consumption	MWh	2,100.35	1,792.39
Total energy consumption intensity	MWh/employee	2.85	3.10

Water Consumption

The Group's water consumption is mainly water consumed in office, with an insignificant amount of water consumed in warehouse. To enhance water efficiency of the Group, we have adopted the following measures:

- Use water-saving appliances in water facilities where possible;
- Turn off water-taps after using to avoid running, overflowing, dripping and leaking of water;
- Notify relevant department if problems are found to avoid wasting water resources; and
- Post environmental protection messages in pantry and toilets to remind employees on water conservation.

Through the implementation of these water-saving measures, employees' awareness on water conservation has been enhanced. Due to the locations of our offices and warehouses, we do not encounter any significant issue in sourcing water.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

During the Reporting Period, the Group's water consumption was as follows:

Indicators	Unit	2020	2019
Water	m ³	2,179.85	2,507.00
Water consumption intensity	m ³ /employee	2.96	4.34

Use of Packaging Material

Despite that the Group's business does not involve production process, we consume packaging material for transportation of products, which include cartons and wooden boxes. We have formulated guidelines for packaging material usage, and conduct annual review on packaging material consumption.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's packaging material consumption was as follows:

Types of packaging material	Unit	2020	2019
Carton	kg	84,490.00	84,450.00
Wooden box	kg	17,674.00	17,265.00

A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group pursues the best practice with the environment and focuses on its business impact on the environment and natural resources. Aside from abiding to the relevant environmental laws and regulations and properly protect the natural environment, the Group also finds ways to integrate the concepts of environmental protection into its internal management and daily operations and endeavours to achieve the goal of environmental sustainability. We understand our responsibility to minimize the negative impact on the environment caused by our business operations in order to achieve sustainable development and create long-term value for our stakeholders and the community. We continuously monitor whether our business operations have any potential impact on the environment, and minimize the impact of our operations on the environment by promoting green operation. If applicable, we will adopt green procurement strategy and the most practical technology to protect natural resources.

Improve Working Environment

To enhance working efficiency, the Group is committed to providing employees a comfortable and green working environment. We also strive to maintain clean and tidy environment in the workplace. We inspect the office area regularly to ensure that a good working environment is maintained. Once the Group has promptly found problems within the workplace, we will take precautionary measures to minimize the potential harm to employees. In addition, the Group will regularly monitor the indoor air quality of the workplace, and will clean air-conditioning systems regularly to maintain good indoor air quality.

B. SOCIAL

B1. Employment

The Group actively adheres to the laws and regulations such as the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China and the Labour Law of People's Republic of China. The Group has formulated the policies on administration and human resources as the Employees Handbook, so as to provide a healthy and pleasant working atmosphere for our employees, and to encourage employees to push forward the long-term development of the Group. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with related laws and regulations on remuneration and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits that would have a significant impact on the Group.

Employees are the most valuable asset and the core of competitive advantage of the Group, and they provide the Group with driving force for continuous innovation. The Group adheres to a "people-oriented" business strategy, focuses on the introduction, absorption and learning of outstanding talents, advanced technology and modernized corporate management method. The Group respects and protects the legitimate rights of every employee, standardizes labour employment management, protects occupational health and safety of employees, strengthens democratic management, protects the personal interest of employees, fully respects and values the motivation, initiative and creativity of employees, and is committed to constructing a harmonious labour relationship with its employees.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had 737 employees (as of 31 December 2019, the Group had 578 employees), with its composition shown as below:

	2020		2019	
	Number of Employees	Percentage	Number of Employees	Percentage
By Employment Type				
Full-time	732	99.32%	573	99.13%
Part-time	5	0.68%	5	0.87%
By Gender (Full-time only)				
Male	457	62.43%	349	60.91%
Female	275	37.57%	224	39.09%
By Age Group (Full-time only)				
<30	308	42.08%	284	49.56%
30 – 50	399	54.51%	274	47.82%
>50	25	3.42%	15	2.62%
By Geographical location (Full-time only)				
Shanghai	213	29.10%	168	29.32%
Others (Other than Shanghai)	519	70.90%	405	70.68%

Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal

Adhering to the recruitment principle of “Merit selection; competitiveness in good faith”, the Group actively implements talents retain strategy, continuously establishes and improves talents recruitment policy. Our Human Resources Management Policy has detailly listed out the application, process, prohibited matters and responsibility of the recruitment process. Integrated Management Department is responsible for the human resources management of the Group, to comply with the national policies and regulations, and to formulate and implement the strategies and plans on human resources in accordance with the Group’s situation. The Group adheres to the recruitment principle of equality, adopts a recruitment process based on merit selection against the job criteria applied, which the job applicants are assessed based on their mindset, knowledge, morality, ability, experience and physique, etc, in order to continuously attract and recruit outstanding talents.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Group has a clear basis and process for management of employees' promotion, transfer and demotion, and we standardize the dismissal process to protect the interests of both employees and the Group. The relevant process and details are listed in the Employees Handbook. The major considerations of the Group are the attitude, professional skills and performance of the employees. Employee's promotion is generally recommended by their immediate supervisor and decided through assessment. We have implemented a fair and open assessment system to provide employees with the opportunity for promotion and development, so as to discover their potentials.

Dismissal of the Group's employees is categorized into "death", "retirement", "resignation", "dismissal or layoff", and "termination", where the definition and relevant procedures of each dismissal are listed in Employees Handbook and Human Resources Management Policy. All dismissal procedures must comply with the requirement of relevant laws and regulations and the occupational requirements.

Remuneration and Benefits

The Group has established a fair, cyclical, reasonable and competitive remuneration system, and pays employees based on the principles of fairness, competitiveness, motivation, reasonableness and legitimacy. The Group provides a competitive salary structure, with key considerations of the Group's operating situation, socio-economic prosperity and employees' performance, ability and contribution to the Group's business are the major considerations on remuneration.

The Group has adopted a performance-based remuneration policy, where employees' remuneration is composed of basis salary and performance salary. We also issue year-end bonus, in which the amount is adjusted based on the employee's performance appraisal and the Group's operation situation. The Group pays "five social insurance and one housing fund" for its employees in compliance with the laws, namely endowment insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, work injury insurance, maternity insurance and housing provident fund to ensure employees are covered by social insurance.

According to the requirements of national and regional laws and regulations such as the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Group protects the rights and interests of its workers, respects employees' rights to rest and leave. Our employees enjoy paid annual leave and other leaves, such as paid marriage leave, paid maternity leave, paid funeral leave, etc., which are all established in accordance with the relevant national regulations.

Equal Opportunities and Anti-discrimination

The Group adheres to the three attitudes towards employees, which are the corporate culture of “Everyone is equal”, “Respect each other” and “Just, open and fair”, strictly complies with relevant national and regional laws and regulations, and has developed Employee Handbook to list out all activities related to recruitment, employment, promotion, benefits and other social events held by the company are treated equally and free from any discrimination. The Group hopes that a well-developed management system provides every employee a competitive environment with good faith, that can attract and retain outstanding talents.

B2. Health and Safety

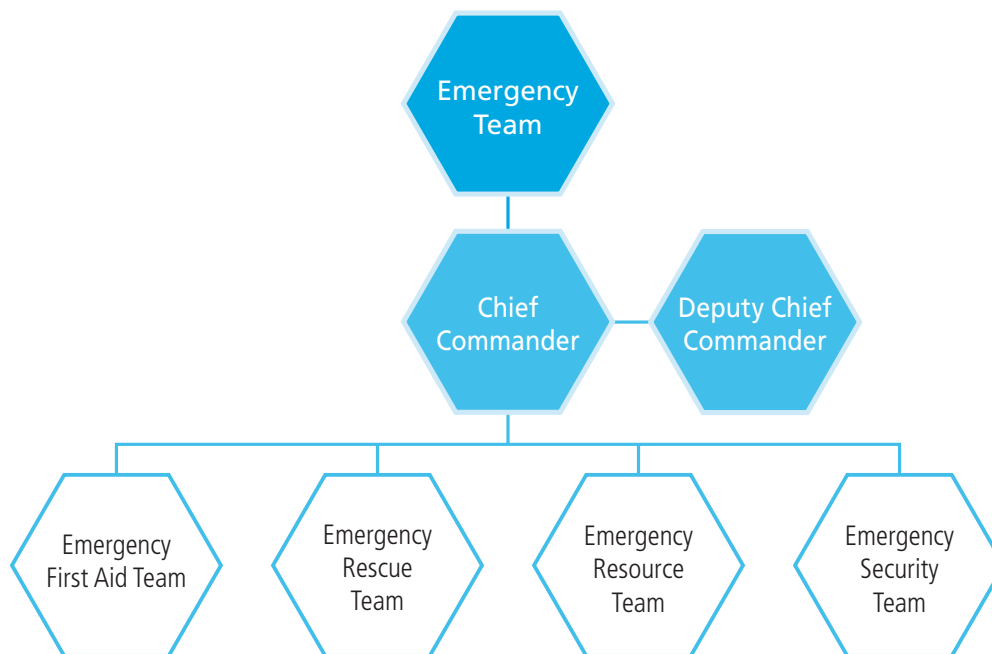
The Group highly values employees’ health and safety, and is committed to providing employees a healthy, safe and comfortable working environment. We strictly comply with relevant laws and regulations such as the Law of the People’s Republic of China on the Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Diseases, the Production Safety Law of the People’s Republic of China, the Labour Law of the People’s Republic of China and the Fire Protection Regulation of the People’s Republic of China. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group.

The Group is committed to providing safe working environment to our employees in order to prevent and reduce accidents as well as to ensure the safety of employees and national properties. We implement occupational safety guidelines for all employees, that list out our occupational safety policy and promote workplace safety. We have also adopted internal training plan and the code of workplace health and safety procedures, in order to educate the employees on the importance of proper workplace health and safety practices.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Emergency Organizational System

The Group's Emergency Organizational System is divided into internal emergency organization and social emergency support. Internal emergency organization has established a Accidents Emergency Team, which is led by the General Manager as the Chief Commander and the safety responsible personnel as Deputy Chief Commander. The responsible person from each business departments as unit members, are responsible for organizing and directing every aspects to handle major accidents, and to direct emergency rescue and control the spread of the accident. The Emergency Team includes four units: Emergency First Aid Team, Emergency Rescue Team, Emergency Resource Team and Emergency Security Team. The Emergency First Aid Team is responsible for aiding and performing immediate treatment for the injured at the accident scene and transporting serious injured person to hospital. Emergency Rescue Team is responsible for speedy rescue of people in danger and injured, transportation of various property under safe conditions, fire extinguishing, searching and rescuing injured and sterilizing the contaminated area after accident. Emergency Resource Team is responsible for communicating instructions for the Emergency Team, contacting and supervising the work of each team, reporting issues of the cooperation between each team, reporting the accidents to Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Safety Production Monitoring Team, Pudong New District Safety Production Monitoring Authority, Fire and Environmental Department and asking for their support. Emergency Security Team is responsible for protecting and directing people around the scene of the accident, evacuation and transportation of supplies.



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Employee Health Management

In order to create a good working environment for our employees, we enhance safety inspection to ensure the safety of equipment and facilities. For health management of employees, the Group has formulated Hygiene and Employees' Health Management Policy to closely monitor the health conditions of all employees through annual health check-ups. Warehouse responsible personnel should inspect the conditions and environment of warehouse regularly, and ensure the facilities and equipment for the prevention of fire, pollution, insects and rats are safe. In addition, for employees engaged in quality management, acceptance, warehouse management, etc. of medical device that have direct contact with medical device, they are required to undertake health check-ups from hospitals before performing their duty, with the items and results of the health check-ups meeting the needs of quality management. They should undertake at least one health check-ups every year, and conduct the health check-ups strictly according to the required health check-ups items.

To prevent occupational diseases and injuries caused by occupational hazards, the Group has also arranged occupational health check-ups for employees and established Employee Health File. The Administrative Department is responsible for arranging the health check-ups for all employees and archiving the medical files.

B3. Development and Training

The Group focuses on the establishment of the corporate's internal training management and development system, encourages employees to conduct further education on business through organizing job training and other skills training, and implements policy of "Multi-ability in one position" to help with the Group's sustainability development as well as the growth and development of employees.

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Training Management

The Group has formulated Staff Training and Assessment Policy, and listed out relevant training process in Human Resources Management Policy to standardize staff training management. Training can be divided into internal and external training, individual and centralized training, expert visits and study tours. Through analyzing assessment results, we confirm the personnel need to be trained and training contents, and develop training plans accordingly with the approval of Integrated Management Department. The Group will also arrange relevant personnel to undertake regular training and assessments on regulations related to national medical device management, administrative regulations, medical device knowledge and ethical knowledge, etc. The Group supports and encourages employees to participate in studies related to their professions and titles during their spare time. The Quality Management Department is responsible to keep relevant records on details of each training. The Group also values the good relationship established with suppliers, and receives their necessary technical support and training.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's number of employees who received training and their training hours were as follows:

Trained employees (employee)	Total training time (hour)	Average training time per employee (hour/employee)
280	15,732	56.19

Training Programs

The Group's training includes three categories: pre-job training, on-the-job training and professional training. Pre-job training is organized by Training Manager for new employees before on board. The training contents include company introduction, explanation on Human Resources Management regulations, knowledge on corporate cultures, and the description of job requirements, procedures and responsibilities. On-the-job training provides skills training for existing employees to improve their skills for the position or stimulate skills for second position. The training is organized by Training Manager that adopts the combination method of internal and external training, and form a fixed training material. Professional training is specifically for outstanding employees, that is tailored for the needs of the business. Professional training includes professional courses by training institutions, inviting experts for special lectures, off-the-job learning and study abroad.

In addition, employees working on quality management are arranged by the Group to receive continuing education and training organized by Drug Supervision and Management Department. During the Reporting Period, the Shanghai Engineering Department of the Group has held basic training for new engineers, and invited professional personnel as lecturers. To improve the overall level of the Group's employees, we enhance employees' knowledge on medical device through technical training, and familiarize themselves with instrument settings, sample handling process, etc. to establish a good corporate image, corporate culture and atmosphere.

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B4. Labour Standards

Prevention of Child and Forced Labour

The Group has complied with relevant laws and regulations about labour employment, including but not limited to Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors, and Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labour related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact to the Group.

The Group strictly prohibits our business in Mainland China from hiring any child and forced labour. The Group has clearly stated in the recruitment regulations of only recruiting employee with age above 16, and require recruits to provide true and accurate personal information at the beginning of employment. Recruitment staff will stringently verify their information including medical certificates, academic certificates, ID cards, bank accounts details, etc. The Group has established a comprehensive recruitment process that checks the candidates' background and a formal reporting procedure for handling any exceptions, as well as conducts regular inspections to prevent any child labour or forced labour in its business operations.

In addition, the Group's employees work overtime on a voluntary basis to avoid any violation of the labour standards. The Group prohibits any personnel in any department to detain employees' ID card, deposit or salary for any reasons, and will never use bonded labour. The Group also does not allow corporal punishment, mental abuse and fines, and prohibits punitive measures, management methods and behaviours in a form of abusive, corporal punishment, violence, mental stress, sexual harassment (including inappropriate language, posture and physical contact) and sexual abuse for any reasons.

B5. Supply Chain Management

As an IVD products distributor, the Group's suppliers are mainly IVD manufacturers. According to the marketing research and the information collected during our daily operation process, the Group insists on carefully selecting brands and products which have favourable growth potentials, keeping in touch with IVD manufacturers and initiating negotiation and procurement process. We value the potential environmental and social risk management within the supply chain, evaluate the suppliers' performance on environmental and social aspects during procurement processes, and only purchase products which meet related standards. Also, we evaluate the compliance level of suppliers on environmental and social aspects, in order to protect the environment and prevent social risks within the supply chain. The Group promises to continuously and actively search for suitable new brands or products and introduces to customers, and take much count of the management of potential environmental and social risks so as to ensure the products' origin, standard and quality.

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Supplier Quality Management

The Group upholds the procurement principle of “making purchases based on the stock and sales demand, achieving no backlog and no out of stock to control stock reasonably”, and has formulated Procurement, Products Receiving and Quality Acceptance Check Policy to control the procurement and acceptance checking processes so as to ensure purchased medical device products meeting the requirements. Our procurement officers in the logistic department are responsible for purchasing medical device products from qualified suppliers and the employees in warehouse are responsible for acceptance check on the purchased medical device products. According to the laws and regulations of medical devices, we require suppliers to provide Medical Devices Registration Certificates before purchasing medical devices so as to ensure the purchased medical devices are legally valid. The Group has established strict and regulated procurement mechanism, including regulated procurement, products receiving and acceptance checking processes to guarantee the safety of medical devices after sale and laying the foundation of requirements for products received.

New Supplier Management

In order to strengthen the corporate operation quality control and ensure the medical device products with reliable quality are purchased from legally qualified corporations, the Group has formulated New Suppliers and New Variety Review Policy to regulate the reviewing work towards the new suppliers’ legal qualification, quality reputation and the new varieties’ validity and quality reliability. Such departments including the commerce department and the sales department are responsible for analyzing market outlook and operating benefits. The Group has strict and mature endorsement process for new suppliers, including collecting licenses, site visiting and conducting high spot review on whether quality control system can satisfy the requirement on medical devices’ quality. Before conducting procurement activities, the Group provides each department materials of the new variety for a strict verification and reviews whether the medical devices fulfill the production scope regulated by the “Permit for the Medical Device Production” of the supplier, in order to ensure the legality and quality reliability of the supplier, and grasp the quality status of the new medical device products comprehensively.

Fair and Open Procurement

The Group also highly values the anti-corruption work of the procurement and other stages, and propagates active, fair, honest and legal competition behaviour. The Group’s procurement process rigorously complies with the Tendering and Bidding Law of the People’s Republic of China and other related regulations, and operates under an open, fair and impartial condition with no discrimination against any suppliers. Employees and other individuals who have interests with relevant suppliers will not be allowed to participate in related procurement activities. Each employee should treat suppliers fairly, and is not allowed to conduct improper statement of substantive event or any unfair trades or behaviours towards the substantive event through manipulation, concealment, misusing of information privilege. The Group also concerns about suppliers’ and partners’ integrity. We only select suppliers and partners who have good track records on operation with no serious violations on business ethics. We have zero tolerance for bribery and corruption, and strictly prohibit suppliers and partners from obtaining procurement contracts or partnerships through any forms of interest transfer.

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B6. Product Responsibility

The Group attaches great importance to product quality and corporate reputation, actively ensures our product and service quality through internal controls, and is committed to selling quality products that meet the international standards with the aim of “Providing high cost-performance ratio product and service to the inspection industry”. We also maintain communication with customers to ensure we understand and meet their needs and expectation. We hope to to continuously improve our products and services, so as to achieve 100% customer satisfaction. The Group has complied with laws and regulations related to products and services, including but not limited to the Regulation on the Supervision and Administration of Medical Devices, Product Quality Law of the People’s Republic of China, Advertising Law of the People’s Republic of China, Law of the People’s Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, Trademark Law of the People’s Republic of China and Patent Law of the People’s Republic of China.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations related to health and safety of products and services, advertising, labelling and privacy matters that would have a significant impact on the Group. Also, the Group did not have any recalled products due to safety and health reasons and did not receive any complaints in relation to product and services, which our customer satisfaction also meets the expectation.

Quality Management System

The Group highly values the importance of quality control to our operations. We have formulated Inspection and Evaluation for the Implementation of Quality Management Policy to establish a monitoring mechanism for quality management. To promote continuous improvement on the quality management system, we organize at least one inspection on the implementation of quality management system annually to ensure the effective implementation of each quality management system, standards and operating procedures. The Quality Management Department is responsible for managing the execution of the policy, inspecting every execution, implementation and record standardization of the quality management policy, position management standard and operating procedures. A Quality Management Policy Self-examination Report points out the potential problem and reports to major responsible person of the corporate and responsible person of quality management to seek approval on the proposed rewards and penalties method and corrective measures.

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In addition, we have set the Quality Management Self-examination Policy to regulate the self-examination of quality management, and carry out annual self-examination on quality management system in year end to ensure the quality management system is continuously in compliance with the requirements of the Medical Device Operation Quality Management Specifications and the documents of the Group's management system. The self-examination is carried out by the Quality Management Department of the Group through reviewing documents and records, on-site inspection etc., in order to examine the compliance and evaluate the effectiveness of the quality management system. The Quality Management System Self-examination Report is formulated, which is reviewed by the management representative of the Group, and is reported to Food and Drug Administration after being approved by the General Manager.

We have formulated Quality Management Documents Management Policy in order to facilitate the documentation, modification, review, approval, revocation, release and storage control procedure of quality management documents. We have set Document Issue and Retrieve Registration Form, Document Modification Request Form and Document Directory Listing, etc., to ensure the valid versions of documents are available at all locations of the Group.

Quality Control

To enhance the management of dispatch products and ensure the safety and effectiveness of the medical devices sold, the Group has formulated Medical Device Dispatch and Review Management Policy to standardize the management on all dispatch products. Following the principle of "First in, first out", the Group requires the warehouse keeper of the Logistics Department to take the responsibility for the review of the delivery products, and carry out detailed review and inspection of the product entity according to the purchase order. Any inconsistency with customer's purchase order or unqualified appearance found must be corrected, to ensure the quantity is accurate, quality is satisfying and packaging is firm. If problems are discovered, such as abnormal sound or liquid leakage are found inside the packaging of medical device, the outer packaging is damaged, contaminated, the seal is not strong enough and damaged or the gasket is broken, the delivery must be terminated and reported to Quality Management Department. We have Dispatch Review and Delivery Record for inspectors to fill in after inspection, which the record should be kept until effective date or two years after expiry.

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The Group has also established Expiry Management Policy to ensure all expiry of the medical devices are under controlled and to enhance the management of expiry date of the medical devices. Logistics Department is responsible for arranging and summarizing the inventory of the medical devices that are soon expired, and urging the Sales Department to adopt some quick sales measures and reporting the inventory situation to the Quality Management Department and Sales Department regularly. The selling of the medical devices should issue invoice according to the principle of “First produce, first out; soon expire, first out; dispatch by batch”. The products should be clearly marked and stored according to their batch number. The Group can only sell products with expiration date more than six months, products with close expiry date cannot be purchased and accepted to the warehouse. Logistics Department needs to timely report to Quality Management Department of the IVD reagents with less than six months expiration to ensure the medical device sold are safe and effective.

The Group highly values the storage, maintenance and delivery of products, so as to ensure management of the quality of the medical device inventory and delivery process. The Group has formulated the Warehouse Storage and Maintenance Management Policy and established storage and maintenance procedures, while the warehouse keeper of Logistics Department is responsible for the storage and maintenance management after purchasing the medical devices to ensure the medical devices are safe and effective. The refrigeration meets the storing temperature requirement of the product, and the warehouse is equipped with facilities such as shelves and underlay. The maintenance of the medical devices is also subject to strict regulations, in which quality inspection is carried out on all products in stock every three months to examine if there is any unusual situation on the appearance, packaging and expiry date of the products in stock, where extra care is needed on products with long storage, close expiry date and new products. The warehouse keeper monitors the temperature and humidity of the room temperature warehouse at least two times in every morning and afternoon, in order to ensure the temperature and humidity of the warehouse meets the requirement. When the temperature and humidity of the warehouse exceed the standardized range, the warehouse keeper will adopt corresponding adjustment and control measures and record on the Product Warehouse Temperature and Humidity Record which will be kept for two years. Refrigerated warehouse is equipped with automatic record alarm device on temperature and humidity to perform real-time monitoring. When the temperature and humidity exceed or fall below the range of the refrigerated warehouse, the system will automatically send emergency message to the mobile phone of the quality management personnel and facilitate them to take timely emergency measures. Also, we have set the Medical Device Delivery Management Policy to regulate medical device delivery, to adopt different delivery methods according to the physical and chemical properties of the medical devices, and to ensure timely deliver to customers and the quality of medical devices is not affected during delivery. We require the warehouse delivery staff of the Logistics Department who is responsible for product distribution and delivery to strictly follow the delivery procedures, including correct loading in accordance to the packaging to prevent damage to medical device and adopt waterproof, heatproof and shock-proof measures to reduce damages during delivery; using refrigerated trucks or insulated containers for delivery of refrigerated medical devices to real-time monitor and record the temperature data of the refrigerated medical equipment; complying with delivery operation regulations and transit time limit, delivery upon receipt, product return etc., as well as delivery on time and shorten storage time to ensure the quality and safety during delivery. We also collect, track, report and manage medical device adverse event information for medical devices operated by the Group, in order to implement effective monitoring, and understand the use of medical devices.

Unqualified Products Handling

The Group has established procedures for the identification, labelling, isolation and disposal of unqualified products and have formulated the Unqualified Medical Devices Management Policy, in order to ensure that all unqualified medical devices are under control and to avoid any misuse. The Quality Management Department is responsible for the confirmation of unqualified products, handling procedures of the confirmation, and filing of relevant records. Personnel in charge of quality is responsible for the decision of disposal of unqualified products. Warehouse keeper is responsible for identification and labelling of unqualified products, and processed by relevant department. We will identify, record and isolate any unqualified products found during the inspection process, including medical devices with quality problem and the identified model announced by Medical Devices Monitoring Management Department. We will reject the unqualified products found during inspection and return to the supplier. For the unqualified products found during maintenance inspection in warehouse and dispatch review, Logistics Department will immediately stop the selling system to achieve the control management of unqualified products.

If we receive notification on recalling products from medical device manufacturer, the Quality Management Department will immediately stop selling the product in accordance with Medical Device Product Recall Policy, assist the medical device manufacturer to control and recall the defective medical devices, communicate and provide feedback on recalling messages to medical device manufacturer in a timely manner, as well as document and keep the recall record of medical device.

Customer Services

The Group highly values the importance of customer services, and believes that customer satisfaction is one of the key factors for the sustainable development of the Group's business.

The Group has formulated the Sales Management Policy and established sales management procedures, in order to standardize selling procedure including sales order, sales contracts and sales records so as to satisfy customer's requirement. Salesperson from Business Department is responsible for accepting sales order from customer and establishing correspondence sales record, while warehouse keeper is responsible for preparing products according to sales order before the delivery staff deliver the products to designated location according to customer's request. The Group ensures the sales must comply with the requirement of relevant laws and regulations, that the products are sold to medical devices operating corporations or units with legal qualifications. The qualifications of first-time buyers need to be reviewed to ensure they have legal operating qualifications. Class 2 or 3 medical device (medical devices with medium risk and relatively high risk) operation enterprise must have a medical device operation enterprise permit, recordation certificate and business license within effective date.

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To provide customers with better services, meet customer needs and enhance market competitiveness, the Group has formulated the After-sales Services and Quality Tracking Management Policy and established a management system to manage the after-sales services and quality tracking of all medical devices. The Group has also established the Product Return Management Policy to strengthen the management of returned products and to prevent errors and losses. After-sales service personnel is responsible for organizing and implementing the Group's after-sales services, receiving and processing customers' feedback so as to timely report users' opinions and suggestions to the Quality Management Department and provide feedback to manufacturer, with the aim of achieving "Enthusiastic and open-minded attitude; prompt and fair handling". The Quality Management Department is responsible for collecting and sorting out the opinions and suggestions put forward by customers, as well as investigating and handling the complaint products. To ensure that our customers are satisfied with our services, we accept returns or exchanges for defective products. In addition, if it is found that the product has quality problems, the packaging is damaged or the serial number of the product does not match the number listed on the delivery note, we will be responsible for recalling the products and all relevant expenses. If the quality problem is caused by suppliers, we can seek indemnification from the supplier for all the recalling expenses we incurred.

In addition, we have formulated the Quality Problems and Complaints Handling Management Policy to regulate all complaints filed by users regarding the devices and reagents. The after-sales service personnel or any other employees are required to notify the Quality Management Department within 3 working days after receiving the complaint. The Quality Management Department should investigate and understand the user's complaint, analyse the cause and contact manufacturer or supplier in a timely manner. We require joint investigation for accidents, remedial measures, resolution process follow-up and timely report to user on the results. We promise to provide results and solutions on complaints within three working days in order to maintain the Group's reputation and to establish a first-class image and to effectively establish a user feedback system.

Privacy Protection

The Group strictly and carefully manages customers' documents to avoid leakage of customer privacy. Customers' information and data are part of the Group's resources, in which no one can sell, share or disclose for any purpose. Every employee must protect customers' information and data in accordance with the Group's regulations. We have strictly complied with laws and regulations related to privacy, including but not limited to the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests. Our conversations with customers, transaction history, documents and reports provided by customers (if not public) will be kept confidential, and disclosure of customer data to third parties without customer's consent is strictly prohibited. At the same time, customers have the rights to review and modify their data and choose not to participate in any direct marketing activities. We are committed to protecting customers' privacy, thereby winning their trust and confidence, maintaining the Group's competitiveness in the market, and driving the Group's sustainable business development and service quality assurance.

IP Rights

The Group understands the importance of IP rights protection, therefore we are committed to protecting the Group's own IP and the IP of our customers. The Group's IP policy aims to protect the IP rights of third parties and does not infringe the interests of any third parties (especially in terms of IP). According to the relevant regulations of Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China and Regulation for the Implementation of the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, we obtained trademark registration certificate for the Vastec trademark which is used in the Group's business operations. In addition, we will closely monitor infringements in the market and halt any infringement such as counterfeiting trademarks. When infringements on the Group's IP are found, such as malicious registration and imitation of the Group's trademark etc., the Group will consult relevant lawyers and professional consultants to protect the Group's IP under their guidance. We will file a lawsuit against infringer according to Article 213 of the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China to protect the legitimate rights of the IP held by the Group. In addition, we also avoid infringing the IP rights of others by not using similar or identical wordings, graphics or their combinations on products and services with same nature. We will conduct patent search to analyze the technical functions and patent rights of similar products to avoid IP infringement.

Advertising and Labelling

To ensure the labels of the Group's products conform to the actual conditions of the products, the Group has formulated Medical Device Labelling Management Policy to standardize the use of the Group's medical device labels and to ensure the product meets relevant national requirements. At the same time, the Legal Department pays close attention to the latest relevant national laws and regulations in order to ensure that the Group's medical device product labels comply with regulations. Labels in Chinese are formulated according to relevant information in the Registration Certificate, which includes the name of product, specification, name and address of the manufacturer, etc., while the product manual has to be submitted for the label registration. For the labels of all the Group's medical device products, the Marketing Department is responsible for the production of the labels on the product outer packaging in accordance with the laws and regulations. The Commerce Department follows up the registration and recording work of the registration companies, while the Legal Department is responsible to review the content of the label samples on the outer packaging of the products. The labels on the outer packaging of the product shall be affixed by the personnel of the designated relevant department in accordance with the product requirements. We have established a strict monitoring procedure to ensure the labels of the medical devices consist of the contents required by the Provisions on the Administration of Instructions and Labels of Medical Device under the China Food and Drug Administration Order No.6, and do not contain prohibited content such as description on cure rates or efficiency, and the comparison of effectiveness and safety with products from other companies.

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For the newly registered products sold by the Group, the Marketing Department shall submit their labels to the Food and Drug Administration Department for review or record when the registration, and the labels will then be produced according to the latest approved label template and the Group's label model. During promotion, we strictly require the sales and marketing team to comply with laws and regulations related to the use of advertising and labelling to avoid any form of deceptive advertising.

B7. Anti-corruption

The Group believes that a corporate culture of high integrity is the key to our continuous success, and therefore we value the importance of anti-corruption work and system establishing. The Group is committed to build an honest, transparent and efficient internal management atmosphere that requires employees, especially management level, to treat honesty and integrity as the most basic code of conduct, and does not allow any behaviour related to fraud, corruption, bribery, opportunism, concealment and private gain. Once identified, the Group will take serious penalties.

The Group has complied with related laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including but not limited to the Company Law of the People's Republic of China, Tendering and Bidding Law of the People's Republic of China, Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China, Anti-unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and Interim Provisions on Prohibition Commercial Bribery etc. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with related laws and regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering that would have a significant impact on the Group, nor any concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices.

Anti-fraud

In order to prevent fraud, the Group strengthens the governance and internal control to safeguard the legal rights and interests of the Group's legal person, and regulates business operations to reduce business risks. Combining the actual situation of the Group, we have established Vastec Anti-fraud Management Policy in accordance with the Group's operational objectives and the requirements of the laws, regulations and regulatory authorities. The policy is set to prevent all internal and external personnel of the Group from using illegal means such as deception to seek improper interests that harm the legitimate interests of the Group, in order to ensure the sustainable, stable and healthy development of the Group. The Group's anti-fraud work adheres to the principle of prevention that promotes a corporate culture of integrity and strives to create an anti-fraudulent corporate culture. The management of the Group assesses fraud risks, establishes specific control mechanisms, and reduces fraud by various measures including fraud risk assessment in corporate risk assessment, implementing control measures, and conducting background checks on people prior to their employment or personnel that is promoting to important position. In addition, all employees of the Group must sign the Commitment on Anti-bribery and Anti-corruption to promise not to engage in acts that directly or indirectly constitute corruption and illegality, and bear the legal responsibility.

Whistleblowing Mechanism

The Group has implemented whistleblowing policy to build and maintain our culture of integrity and transparency. We have established a comprehensive reporting channel, which include anti-fraud whistleblowing telephone, email address and reception desk for letters on whistle-blowing etc., and published the respective telephone number, email address and address for letters. For reports involving fraud, the director of the Integrated Management Department will determine whether to file an investigation while an Investigation Report must be issued after the investigation. Fraud investigation must be confidential, and the anti-fraud protection mechanism ensures that complainants and whistle-blowers are protected when assisting the investigations, to safeguard the confidentiality of the whistle-blower's identity.

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Conflict of Interest Management

The Group has established Vastec Conflict of Interest Management Policy to prevent the employees being affected by their personal interests when dealing with the Group's beneficial relationship which do not adopting relevant measures and leads to harmful behaviour to the Group's interests and other employees caused by employees' personal interests. The Group requires employees to implement reporting policy regarding the situation on conflict of interests, and report to their supervisors to avoid potential damage to the Group and other employees caused by conflict of interest. The Group has established a Conflict of Interest Investigation and Review Team and adopted a consensus method in order to determine the judgement and solutions on the conflicts of interests of the Group's affairs. The Group has also implemented Code of Ethics for Employees to establish legal and ethical standards for employees, to ensure employees are aware of the resolution of conflicts of interests, and to urge employees to consciously reflect the Group's professional style and ethical standard so as to maintain the image of the Group.

B8. Community Investment

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Group believes that the development of the society is important to the growth of the corporate, and at the same time the corporate shoulders the responsibility of giving back to the society. Therefore, we are dedicated to contribute to the society continuously while promoting business development and fighting for better returns for shareholders so to fulfill our corporate social responsibility. The Group aims to groom the employees' social responsibilities, thus always encourages employees to participate in social welfare activities during work and private hours for greater contribution the society. The Group motivates employees to take part in social charity and fundraising activities, such as visiting nursing homes, orphanage, participating in blood donating activities to express their concerns for the society. The Group believes that the abovementioned activities do not only improve employees' quality of mind, but also bring care to those in need. We believe that through participation in activities which give back to the society in person, employees' civil consciousness can be raised, and right values can be built.

Being a role model of employees, the Group has always dedicated in participating in charity activities to live up to the corporate spirit of giving back to the society. Apart from donating medical equipments and money to local hospitals when the society is exposed to hazards, the Group targets to contribute to raising the country's health level as well as to enhancing the medical standard of medical institutions in second or third-tier cities or those at grassroots level by investing resources in research and development. Besides, we value domestic education development, support educational activities which related to academic promotion, and has raised the society's medical knowledge through activities such as training programs and blood clotting classes. With every effort, the Group aims to build a bright and responsible corporate image, and encourage employees and other stakeholders to contribute to the society.

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THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect A1: Emissions			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to Exhaust Gas and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 	Emissions	83
KPI A1.1 (comply or explain)	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Emissions – Exhaust Gas Emissions, GHG Emissions, Waste Management	84
KPI A1.2 (comply or explain)	GHG emissions in total (in tonnes) and intensity.	Emissions – GHG Emissions	85
KPI A1.3 (comply or explain)	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity.	Not applicable – explained	86
KPI A1.4 (comply or explain)	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity.	Emissions – Waste Management	87
KPI A1.5 (comply or explain)	Description of reduction initiatives and results achieved.	Emissions – Exhaust Gas Emissions, GHG Emissions, Waste Management	86
KPI A1.6 (comply or explain)	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved.	Emissions – Waste Management	86

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	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect A2: Use of Resources			
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	Use of Resources	88
KPI A2.1 (comply or explain)	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity.	Use of Resources – Energy Consumption	89
KPI A2.2 (comply or explain)	Water consumption in total and intensity.	Use of Resources – Water Consumption	90
KPI A2.3 (comply or explain)	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved.	Use of Resources – Energy Consumption	88
KPI A2.4 (comply or explain)	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved.	Use of Resources – Water Consumption	89
KPI A2.5 (comply or explain)	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and with reference to per unit produced.	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Material	90
Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources			
General Disclosure	Policies on minimizing the issuer’s significant impact on the environment and natural resources.	The Environment and Natural Resources	90
KPI A3.1 (comply or explain)	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	The Environment and Natural Resources – Improve Working Environment	91

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Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect B1: Employment			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 	Employment	91
KPI B1.1 (recommended disclosures)	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region.	Employment	92

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Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect B2: Health and Safety			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 	Health and Safety	94
KPI B2.3 (recommended disclosures)	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety – Emergency Organizational System, Employee Health Management	95
Aspect B3: Development and Training			
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees’ knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Development and Training	97

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect B4: Labour Standards			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 	Labour Standards	98
KPI B4.1 (recommended disclosures)	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standards – Prevention of Child and Forced Labour	98
KPI B4.2 (recommended disclosures)	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standards – Prevention of Child and Forced Labour	98
Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management			
General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management	99

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 	Product Responsibility	100
KPI B6.1 (recommended disclosures)	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Product Responsibility – Customer Services	100
KPI B6.2 (recommended disclosures)	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Responsibility – Customer Services	100
KPI B6.3 (recommended disclosures)	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Product Responsibility – IP Rights	105
KPI B6.4 (recommended disclosures)	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	Product Responsibility – Quality Management System, Quality Control, Unqualified Products Handling	101
KPI B6.5 (recommended disclosures)	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Product Responsibility – Privacy Protection	104

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs

	Description	Section/Declaration	Page
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption			
General Disclosure	Information on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 	Anti-corruption	106
KPI B7.1 (recommended disclosures)	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption	106
KPI B7.2 (recommended disclosures)	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption – Anti-fraud, Whistleblowing Mechanism, Conflict of Interest Management	107
Aspect B8: Community Investment			
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Community Investment	108
KPI B8.1 (recommended disclosures)	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Community Investment – Corporate Social Responsibility	108
KPI B8.2 (recommended disclosures)	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	Community Investment – Corporate Social Responsibility	108

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



To the shareholders of IVD Medical Holding Limited
(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of IVD Medical Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 121 to 223, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSA") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

KEY AUDIT MATTERS *(Continued)*

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
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Impairment assessment of goodwill and other intangible assets

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives after impairment of RMB898.0 million and RMB737.8 million, respectively, which related to the cash-generating units ("CGUs") of distribution of IVD reagents and medical equipment ("Distribution CGU"). Management of the Company engaged an external valuer to perform an impairment assessment on goodwill and other intangible assets by using value in use calculation with cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period.

The impairment assessment has been identified as a key audit matter due to the size of the carrying values of the goodwill and the other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, and the significant judgements and estimations involved in the assessment of their recoverable amounts.

The accounting policies and disclosures in relation to the impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets are included in notes 2.4, 2.5 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

We evaluated the impairment assessments performed by the management of the Company and our audit procedures included the following:

- obtaining and reviewing the valuation report prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group;
- assessing the external valuer's qualification, experience and expertise and considering its competence, objectivity and independence;
- enquiring of management in relation to the key assumptions applied in the cash flow projections, such as the revenue growth rates and gross margins, and comparing them to historical information and our understanding of the latest market information and conditions;
- involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in the assessment of the methodologies and the discount rates used to determine the recoverable amounts; and
- assessing the adequacy of the disclosures of the Group's impairment assessment of goodwill and other intangible assets in the consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(Continued)*

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is LAM, Wai Ming, Ada.

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants

22/F, CITIC Tower

1 Tim Mei Avenue

Central, Hong Kong

19 March 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
REVENUE	4	2,428,210	2,332,740
Cost of sales		(1,952,045)	(1,889,862)
GROSS PROFIT		476,165	442,878
Other income and gains	5	26,415	28,355
Gain on remeasurement of a pre-existing interest in an associate		–	208,759
Selling and distribution expenses		(105,680)	(96,620)
Administrative expenses		(144,090)	(124,676)
Other expenses		(2,897)	(114,570)
Finance costs	6	(23,745)	(7,784)
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		4,542	–
Initial public offering related expenses		–	(41,490)
Share of profits of associates		642	2,379
Share of loss of a joint venture		(65)	–
Reversal of impairment/(impairment) of trade receivables	7	669	(291)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	7	231,956	296,940
Income tax expense	10	(77,338)	(42,121)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		154,618	254,819
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)			
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		7,080	(7,969)
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate		–	771
		7,080	(7,198)
Other comprehensive (income)/loss that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements		(27,097)	5,359
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX		(20,017)	(1,839)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		134,601	252,980

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		158,718	275,001
Non-controlling interests		(4,100)	(20,182)
		154,618	254,819
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		137,267	273,347
Non-controlling interests		(2,666)	(20,367)
		134,601	252,980
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT			
Basic	12	RMB11.93 cents	RMB24.25 cents
Diluted	12	RMB11.86 cents	RMB21.48 cents

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	13	86,567	83,776
Intangible assets	14	1,648,624	1,635,885
Investments in associates	15	4,418	4,270
Investment in a joint venture	16	11,935	–
Deferred tax assets	25	4,460	3,459
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	17	46,840	–
Total non-current assets		1,802,844	1,727,390
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	18	516,065	618,892
Trade and bills receivables	19	431,844	390,430
Prepayments and other receivables	20	235,567	215,026
Pledged deposits	21	132,163	7,651
Cash and cash equivalents	21	788,613	910,871
Total current assets		2,104,252	2,142,870
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and bills payables	22	245,372	339,193
Other payables and accruals	23	172,394	180,747
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	24	252,332	273,531
Tax payable		20,899	68,496
Total current liabilities		690,997	861,967
NET CURRENT ASSETS		1,413,255	1,280,903
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,216,099	3,008,293

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liabilities	25	197,385	195,806
Other payables and accruals	23	12,451	6,314
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	24	146,988	–
Total non-current liabilities		356,824	202,120
Net assets		2,859,275	2,806,173
EQUITY			
Share capital	26	4,534	4,569
Reserves	28	2,846,619	2,814,097
		2,851,153	2,818,666
Non-controlling interests		8,122	(12,493)
Total equity		2,859,275	2,806,173

.....
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing
Director

.....
Mr. Leung King Sun
Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Attributable to owners of the parent										
	Share capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Capital reserve	Statutory reserve	Share option reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
		(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)				
At 1 January 2020	4,569	2,439,131	60,700	-	18,467	20,337	2,885	272,577	2,818,666	(12,493)	2,806,173
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	158,718	158,718	(4,100)	154,618
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:											
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,646	-	5,646	1,434	7,080
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27,097)	-	(27,097)	-	(27,097)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,451)	158,718	137,267	(2,666)	134,601
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	(13,767)	-	-	-	-	(13,767)	13,767	-
Acquisition of a subsidiary	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,514	9,514
Equity-settled share option arrangement	-	-	-	-	-	24,987	-	-	24,987	-	24,987
Share options lapsed during the year	-	-	-	-	-	(7,081)	-	-	(7,081)	-	(7,081)
Shares repurchased and cancelled	26	(35)	(23,398)	-	-	-	-	-	(23,433)	-	(23,433)
Final 2019 dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65,613)	(65,613)	-	(65,613)
Interim 2020 dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,873)	(19,873)	-	(19,873)
Transfer from retained profits	-	-	-	-	5,908	-	-	(5,908)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2020	4,534	2,415,733*	60,700*	(13,767)*	24,375*	38,243*	(18,566)*	339,901*	2,851,153	8,122	2,859,275

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated other reserves of RMB2,846,619,000 (2019: RMB2,814,097,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Attributable to owners of the parent								Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Share capital	Share premium	Merger reserve	Statutory reserve	Share option reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Retained profits	Total		
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
		(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)	(note 28)				
At 1 January 2019	171	637,374	60,700	5,000	-	4,539	240,694	948,478	7,249	955,727
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	275,001	275,001	(20,182)	254,819
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year:										
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(7,784)	-	(7,784)	(185)	(7,969)
Share of other comprehensive loss of an associate	-	-	-	-	-	771	-	771	-	771
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements	-	-	-	-	-	5,359	-	5,359	-	5,359
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(1,654)	275,001	273,347	(20,367)	252,980
Issue of Consideration Shares	26	110	959,030	-	-	-	-	959,140	-	959,140
Issue of shares pursuant to Share Offer	26	1,145	897,663	-	-	-	-	898,808	-	898,808
Issue of shares pursuant to Capitalisation Issue	26	3,143	(3,143)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share issue expenses	-	(51,793)	-	-	-	-	-	(51,793)	-	(51,793)
Equity-settled share option arrangement	-	-	-	-	29,058	-	-	29,058	-	29,058
Share options lapsed during the year	-	-	-	-	(8,721)	-	-	(8,721)	-	(8,721)
Final 2018 dividend	11	-	-	-	-	-	(229,026)	(229,026)	-	(229,026)
Transfer from retained profits	-	-	-	13,467	-	-	(14,092)	(625)	625	-
At 31 December 2019	4,569	2,439,131*	60,700*	18,467*	20,337*	2,885*	272,577*	2,818,666	(12,493)	2,806,173

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profits before tax		231,956	296,940
Adjustment for:			
Finance costs	6	23,745	7,784
Share of profits of associates		(642)	(2,379)
Share of loss of a joint ventures		65	–
Interest income		(2,101)	(4,256)
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	7	899	30
Gain on remeasurement of a pre-existing interest in an associate	29	–	(208,759)
Fair value gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(4,542)	–
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		–	80,621
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment of trade receivables	7	(669)	291
Write down of inventories to net realisable value	7	3,811	119
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	22,981	22,970
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	7	14,783	12,248
Amortisation of intangible assets	7	–	14,219
Impairment of goodwill	7	–	6,639
Impairment of intangible assets	7	–	26,795
Equity-settled share option expenses	7	17,906	20,337
		308,192	273,599
Decrease in inventories		99,027	236,184
Increase in trade and bills receivables		(40,329)	(95,887)
Increase in prepayments and other receivables		(20,036)	(47,597)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and bills payables		(90,897)	52,741
Increase/(decrease) in other payables and accruals		36,987	(13,781)
Cash generated from operations		292,944	405,259
Income tax paid		(122,450)	(64,543)
Net cash flows from operating activities		170,494	340,716

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment		(25,625)	(30,922)
Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment		5,229	3,822
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(41,384)	–
Acquisition of a subsidiary	29	309	252,380
Advance to associates		(121)	(181)
Investment in a joint venture		(12,000)	–
Advance to a shareholder		–	(459)
Repayment from associates		–	21,332
Interest received		2,101	4,256
(Increase)/decrease in pledged deposits		(124,512)	4,159
Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities		(196,003)	254,387
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Shares repurchased	26	(23,433)	–
Proceeds from issue of shares		–	898,808
Share issue expense		–	(51,793)
New bank loans		1,008,111	647,531
Repayment of bank loans		(875,113)	(444,000)
Advance from shareholders		312	49,268
Repayment to shareholders		(48,964)	(240,320)
Principal portion of lease payments		(14,920)	(13,238)
Settlement of a Promissory Note		–	(411,305)
Dividends paid		(85,486)	(229,026)
Interest paid		(23,745)	(7,784)
Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities		(63,238)	198,141
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
		(88,747)	793,244
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		910,871	115,364
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(33,511)	2,263
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		788,613	910,871
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and bank balances	21	788,613	910,871

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered office of the Company is located at the office of Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited, Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Room 1703, Grandtech Centre, 8 On Ping Street, Shatin, Hong Kong. The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 12 July 2019 (the "Listing").

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Company's subsidiaries were principally engaged in the sale and manufacture of medical equipment and consumables.

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital/ contributed capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			Direct	Indirect	
IVD International Limited ^{##} ("IVD International")	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	–	Investment holding
IVD China Limited ("IVD China")	Hong Kong	HK\$24,051,250	100	–	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Vastec Medical Limited ^{##} ("Vastec")	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	–	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Digital Images Diagnostic (China) Limited ("Digital HK")	Hong Kong	HK\$2	–	100	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Dacheng Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ^{##/###} ("Dacheng") 達承醫療設備(上海)有限公司	People's Republic of China ("PRC")/ Mainland China	RMB50,000,000	–	100	Sale of medical equipment and consumables

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital/ contributed capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			Direct	Indirect	
IVD Medical Equipments (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.*# ("IVD (Shanghai)") 艾維德醫療器械(上海) 有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	USD3,000,000	–	100	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Suzhou DiagVita Biotechnology Co., Ltd.** ("Suzhou DiagVita") 蘇州德沃生物技術有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB20,046,519	–	51	Manufacture and sale of medical equipment and consumables
Digital Images Diagnostic Medical Equipment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.*# ("Digital China") 華圖醫療器械(上海) 有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	USD200,000	–	100	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Vastec Medical Equipment (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. #*/## ("Vastec (Shanghai)") 威士達醫療設備 (上海)有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	USD300,000	–	100	Sale of medical equipment and consumables, and provision of consultancy and maintenance services related to medical equipment

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about subsidiaries (Continued)

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows: (Continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital/ contributed capital	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			Direct	Indirect	
Yunnan Vastec Medical Equipment Co. Ltd. ("Yunnan Vastec")*# 雲南威士達醫療設備 有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB30,000,000	–	70	Sale of medical equipment and consumables
Bazoe Medical Co., Ltd. ("Bazoe")*# 貝知(上海)醫療科技有限公司	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	–	51	Sale of medical equipment and consumables and research and development
China Healthcare Alternative Fund L.P.	Cayman Islands	HK\$200,000,000	100	–	Investment in private funds
Jiaxing Huineng Investment Partner (Limited Partner)* 嘉興惠能股權投資 合夥企業(有限合夥)	PRC/ Mainland China	–	–	100	Investment in private funds

* The English names of the companies are direct translation of their Chinese names as no English names have been registered or are available.

A wholly-foreign-owned enterprise under PRC law.

^ A limited liability company under PRC law.

@ A limited partnership under PRC law.

At 31 December 2020, the equity interests of these companies were pledged to certain banks to secure bank borrowings of RMB163,320,000 (2019: Nil) granted to the Group (note 24)

Details of the subsidiary acquired during the year are summarised in note 29 to the financial statements.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which have measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) for the year ended 31 December 2020. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group’s voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION *(Continued)*

Basis of consolidation *(Continued)*

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and following revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3	<i>Definition of a Business</i>
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	<i>Interest Rate Benchmark Reform</i>
Amendments to IFRS 16	<i>Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions</i> (early adopted)
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8	<i>Definition of Material</i>

The nature and the impact of the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* and the revised IFRSs are described below:

- (a) *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018* (the "Conceptual Framework") sets out a comprehensive set of concepts for financial reporting and standard setting, and provides guidance for preparers of financial statements in developing consistent accounting policies and assistance to all parties to understand and interpret the standards. The Conceptual Framework includes new chapters on measurement and reporting financial performance, new guidance on the derecognition of assets and liabilities, and updated definitions and recognition criteria for assets and liabilities. It also clarifies the roles of stewardship, prudence and measurement uncertainty in financial reporting. The Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts contained therein override the concepts or requirements in any standard. The Conceptual Framework did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES *(Continued)*

- (b) Amendments to IFRS 3 clarify and provide additional guidance on the definition of a business. The amendments clarify that for an integrated set of activities and assets to be considered a business, it must include, at a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create outputs. The amendments remove the assessment of whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continue to produce outputs. Instead, the focus is on whether acquired inputs and acquired substantive processes together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The amendments have also narrowed the definition of outputs to focus on goods or services provided to customers, investment income or other income from ordinary activities. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance to assess whether an acquired process is substantive and introduce an optional fair value concentration test to permit a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The Group has applied the amendments prospectively to transactions or other events that occurred on or after 1 January 2020. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.
- (c) Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 address issues affecting financial reporting in the period before the replacement of an existing interest rate benchmark with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide temporary reliefs which enable hedge accounting to continue during the period of uncertainty before the introduction of RFR. In addition, the amendments require companies to provide additional information to investors about their hedging relationships which are directly affected by these uncertainties. The amendments did not have any impact on the financial position and performance of the Group as the Group does not have any interest rate hedging relationships.
- (d) Amendment to IFRS 16 provides a practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic. The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the pandemic and only if (i) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; (ii) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and (iii) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020 with earlier application permitted and shall be applied retrospectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, certain monthly lease payments for the leases of the Group's offices have been reduced or waived by the lessors as a result of the pandemic and there are no other changes to the terms of the leases. The Group has early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2020 and elected not to apply lease modification accounting for all rent concessions granted by the lessors as a result of the pandemic during the year ended 31 December 2020. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES *(Continued)*

- (e) Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 provide a new definition of material. The new definition states that information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments clarify that materiality will depend on the nature or magnitude of information, or both. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3	<i>Reference to the Conceptual Framework</i> ²
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16	<i>Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2</i> ¹
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> ⁴
IFRS 17	<i>Insurance Contracts</i> ³
Amendments to IFRS 17	<i>Insurance Contracts</i> ^{3,5}
Amendments to IAS 1	<i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current</i> ³
Amendments to IAS 16	<i>Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use</i> ²
Amendments to IAS 37	<i>Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract</i> ²
<i>Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020</i>	Amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 41 ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

⁴ No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

⁵ As a consequence of the amendments to IFRS17 issued in October 2020, IFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply IAS 39 rather than IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023

Further information about those IFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS *(Continued)*

Amendments to IFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous *Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements* with a reference to the *Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting* issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to IFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying IFRS 3 should refer to IAS 37 or IFRIC-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 January 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 address issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative RFR. The Phase 2 amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of IFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021 and shall be applied retrospectively, but entities are not required to restate the comparative information.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS *(Continued)*

The Group had certain interest-bearing bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars and foreign currencies based on the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate and the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or various Interbank Offered Rates as at 31 December 2020. If the interest rates of these borrowings are replaced by RFRs in a future period, the Group will apply this practical expedient upon the modification of these borrowings when the "economically equivalent" criterion is met and expects that no significant modification gain or loss will arise as a result of applying the amendments to these changes.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and in IAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (2011) was removed by the IASB in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to IAS 1 clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS *(Continued)*

Amendments to IAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under IAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to IFRS 1, IFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying IFRS 16, and IAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- IFRS 16 *Leases*: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying IFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying IFRS 16.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in associates and joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates or joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Business combinations and goodwill *(Continued)*

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Business combinations and goodwill *(Continued)*

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of the reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. When an item of property, plant and equipment is classified as held for sale or when it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale, it is not depreciated and is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Owned assets

Fixture and furniture	10%
Service equipment	20%
Plant and machinery	20% – 33.3%
Office equipment	20% – 33.3%
Motor vehicles	20%
Leasehold improvement	25%

Rights-of-use assets

Building	Over the lease term
Service equipment	5 years or over the lease term, whichever is shorter

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

Research costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Trademarks

Trademarks acquired in a business combination are registered in the PRC and the current registration will expire in 2026. In the opinion of directors, the Group will not incur significant costs to renew the registration of the trademarks which is a routine administrative procedure. The Group would review the trademarks continuously and has the ability to do so. Accordingly, the trademarks are deemed to have an indefinite useful life and are stated at fair value at the date of acquisition less any subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Supplier contract

Supplier contract acquired in a business combination is stated at fair value at the date of acquisition less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over the contractual period of the supplier contract.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) *(Continued)*

Technical knowhow

Technical knowhow acquired in a business combination is stated at fair value at the date of acquisition less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over the useful lives of 10 years.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities and are included in property, plant and equipment. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Service equipment: 5 years or over the lease term, whichever is shorter

Building: Over the lease term

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of the asset.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Leases *(Continued)*

Group as a lessee *(Continued)*

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are included in other payables and accruals.

(c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Investments and other financial assets *(Continued)*

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category includes equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are also recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) for all debt instruments. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 – Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 – Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Impairment of financial assets *(Continued)*

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings, or payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and accruals and amounts due to shareholders, financial instruments and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the EIR method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average cost method and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Income tax *(Continued)*

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of the reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual installments.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods.

Consultancy and maintenance service income

Consultancy and maintenance service income is recognised over time, using an input method to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the service, because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the EIR method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instruments or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e. transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants after 7 November 2002 is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 27 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Share-based payments *(Continued)*

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. This subsidiary is required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in RMB, while the functional currency of the Company is Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). As the major revenues and assets of the Group are derived from operations in the PRC, RMB is chosen as the presentation currency to present the financial statements. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of the Company and certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their profit or loss is translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(Continued)*

Foreign currencies *(Continued)*

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of the Company and overseas subsidiaries are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of the Company and overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Derecognition of financial assets – Receivable purchase arrangement

The Group has entered into certain receivable purchase arrangements with a financial institution on its trade receivables. As at 31 December 2020, the Group has determined that it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership associated with certain trade receivables factored to a financial institution under these arrangements. Accordingly, the relevant trade receivables with an aggregate carrying amount of RMB20,001,000 (2019: Nil) are fully derecognised. Further details are given in note 19 to the financial statements.

Assessment of fund investments as structured entities

Management has assessed whether the funds in which it invests should be classified as structured entities. Management has considered the voting rights and other similar rights afforded to investors in these funds, including the rights to remove the fund manager or redeem holdings. Judgement is made on an individual investment in each fund where the Group has ownership interest. Management has evaluated whether these rights of investors are the dominant factor in controlling the funds, or whether the contractual agreement with the fund manager is the dominant factor in controlling these funds. As at 31 December 2020, having considered the fact patterns surrounding each of investment funds in which the Group has interest, the Group considers that it controls two investment funds, has joint control over one investment fund and has no control over one investment fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

2.5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES *(Continued)*

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Business combinations

On 31 December 2020, the Group acquired 51% equity interest in Bazoe and Bazoe became a subsidiary of the Group (the "Acquisition of Bazoe").

The assessment of the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, using key assumptions such as revenue growth rates, gross margins, royalty rate and discount rate, and the allocation of the purchase price required significant management estimation.

The Group recognised, inter alia, intangible assets of RMB12,739,000, details of which are set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Further details are given in note 14 to the financial statements. Significant judgements and estimation are involved in the assessment of their recoverable amounts.

Impairment of trademarks and other intangible assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment of all intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Given that the intangible assets relating to the Distribution CGU are with indefinite useful life, the directors of the Company performed an impairment assessment on the intangible assets of the Distribution CGU. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the Distribution CGU to which the trademarks belong. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the Distribution CGU and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. Further details are given in note 14 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

3. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in the sale and manufacture of medical equipment and consumables and the provision of consultancy and maintenance services related to medical equipment. For the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group's management focuses on the operating results of the Group. As such, the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment information is available. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Mainland China	2,414,787	2,310,982
Others	13,423	21,758
	2,428,210	2,332,740

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Mainland China	1,767,874	1,722,303
Others	1,894	1,628
	1,769,768	1,723,931

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4. REVENUE

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
<i>Revenue from contracts with customers</i>		
Sales of trading goods	2,288,136	2,185,625
Sales of manufactured goods	2,987	3,787
Provision of consultancy and maintenance services	137,087	143,328
	2,428,210	2,332,740

Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Types of goods and services		
Sales of medical equipment	531,870	370,132
Sales of medical consumables	1,759,253	1,819,280
Provision of consultancy and maintenance services	137,087	143,328
Total revenue from contracts with customers	2,428,210	2,332,740
Types of customers		
Sales to hospitals and healthcare institutions	247,154	264,348
Sales to logistics providers	92,428	99,215
Sales to distributors	1,951,541	1,825,849
Sales to service customers	137,087	143,328
Total revenue from contracts with customers	2,428,210	2,332,740
Timing of revenue recognition		
Goods transferred at a point in time	2,291,123	2,189,412
Services transferred over time	137,087	143,328
Total revenue from contracts with customers	2,428,210	2,332,740

4. REVENUE (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised during the year that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of that period:

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:		
– Sales of goods	41,893	1,080

(ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

(i) Sales of goods

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the goods and payment is generally payment in advance or due within 120 days from delivery.

(ii) Provision of consultancy and maintenance services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time in which the services are rendered. Consultancy and maintenance service contracts are for a period of one year or less, or are billed based on the time incurred.

No performance obligations were unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied as 31 December 2020.

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5. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Other income		
Bank interest income	2,101	3,361
Other interest income	–	895
Service income	–	2,225
Rental income	511	248
Government subsidies*	22,974	14,358
Others	829	614
	26,415	21,701
Gains		
Foreign exchange differences, net	–	6,654
	26,415	28,355

* Government grants have been received from the PRC local government authorities to support subsidiaries' research and development activities and as reimbursement of operating expenses. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.

6. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Interest on bank loans	22,613	6,723
Interest on lease liabilities	863	1,061
Interest on factored trade receivables	269	–
	23,745	7,784

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Cost of inventories sold*		1,881,919	1,831,826
Cost of services provided*		70,126	58,036
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	13	22,981	22,970
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	13	14,783	12,248
Amortisation of intangible assets	14		
– supplier contract***		–	12,960
– patents		–	1,259
		–	14,219
Research and development costs		3,516	2,740
Impairment of goodwill**	14	–	6,639
Impairment of intangible assets**	14	–	26,795
Lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities		5,115	2,996
Auditors' remuneration		2,800	2,469
Employee benefit expense (including directors' and chief executive's remuneration (note 8)):			
Wages and salaries****		104,929	99,547
Equity-settled share option expenses		17,906	20,337
Pension scheme contributions		13,190	19,353
		136,025	139,237
Foreign exchange differences, net		1,998	(6,654)
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment of trade receivables	18	(669)	291
Write-down of inventories to net realisable value***		3,811	119
Loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment**		899	30
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, net**		–	80,621

* These expenses are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

** These expenses are included in "Other expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

*** These expenses are included in "Costs of inventories sold" above.

**** In 2020, the Group successfully applied for funding support from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund, set up by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. The purpose of the funding is to provide financial support to enterprises to retain their employees who would otherwise be made redundant. Under the terms of the grant, the Group is required not to make redundancies during the subsidy period and to spend all the funding on paying wages to the employees. The amount of RMB557,000 was recognised in "Administrative expenses" and had been offset with the employee benefit expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Fees	8,424	4,198
Other emoluments:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	504	1,578
Performance-related bonuses	1,589	3,236
Pension scheme contributions	99	129
Equity-settled share option expenses	17,906	18,093
Sub-total	20,098	23,036
Total	28,522	27,234

During the year, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 27 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' and chief executive's remuneration disclosures.

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Mr. Lau Siu Ki	264	124
Mr. Zhong Renqian	120	56
Mr. Leung Ka Sing	120	56
	504	236

Mr. Lau Siu Ki, Mr. Zhong Renqian and Mr. Leung Ka Sing were appointed as independent non-executive directors of the Company on 21 June 2019.

There were no other emoluments paid or payable to the independent non-executive directors of the Company during the year (2019: Nil).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

	Fees RMB' 000	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB' 000	Performance- related bonuses RMB' 000	Equity-settled share option expense RMB' 000	Pension scheme contributions RMB' 000	Total remuneration RMB' 000
2020						
Executive directors:						
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing*	3,700	-	718	5,832	16	10,266
Mr. Leung King Sun	2,564	-	474	6,378	16	9,432
Mr. Lin Xianya	2,160	-	397	5,696	67	8,320
Sub-total	8,424	-	1,589	17,906	99	28,018
Non-executive directors:						
Mr. Chen Xingang	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Yang Zhaoxu	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	8,424	-	1,589	17,906	99	28,018
2019						
Executive directors:						
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing*	1,740	648	1,338	11,399	16	15,141
Mr. Leung King Sun	1,206	422	1,238	2,171	16	5,053
Mr. Lin Xianya	1,016	508	660	4,523	97	6,804
Sub-total	3,962	1,578	3,236	18,093	129	26,998
Non-executive directors:						
Mr. Chen Xingang	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Yang Zhaoxu	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	3,962	1,578	3,236	18,093	129	26,998

* Mr. Ho Kuk Sing is also the chief executive of the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (Continued)

Mr. Chen Xingang, Mr. Yang Zhaoxu and Mr. Chan Kwok King, Kingsley were appointed as non-executive directors of the Company on 21 June 2019.

During the year, no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of these directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three directors (2019: three directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2019: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	1,693	1,563
Performance-related bonuses	1,289	1,078
Pension scheme contributions	135	114
Equity-settled share option expenses	–	1,077
	3,117	3,832

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

	Number of employees	
	2020	2019
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1	1
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1	1
	2	2

During the year ended 31 December 2019, share options were granted to a non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employee in respect of his services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 27 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 (2019: HK\$2,000,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% (2019: 8.25%) and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5% (2019: 16.5%). Tax on profits assessable in Mainland China has been calculated at the applicable PRC corporate income tax ("CIT") rate of 25% during the year.

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Current – Hong Kong		
Charge for the year	3,034	1,342
(Over provision)/under provision in prior years	(7)	671
Current – China		
Charge for the year	72,261	96,644
Under provision/(over provision) in prior years	66	(8,152)
Deferred (note 25)	1,984	(48,384)
Total tax charge for the year	77,338	42,121

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Profit before tax	231,956	296,940
Tax at the statutory tax rate	61,600	78,655
Lower tax rate for specific provinces or enacted by local authority	(143)	(144)
Effect of withholding tax at 5% on the distributable profits of the Group's PRC subsidiaries	6,044	(16,560)
Adjustment in respect of current tax of previous periods	59	(7,481)
Profits and losses attributable to associates and joint venture	(144)	(396)
Income not subject to tax	(1,971)	(53,979)
Expense not deductible for tax	8,305	38,938
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	–	(23)
Tax losses not recognised	3,181	3,306
Others	407	(195)
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	77,338	42,121

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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11. DIVIDENDS

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Dividend declared to the shareholders of the Company prior to the listing	–	160,000
Final 2018 dividend declared – RMB1.32 per ordinary share	–	69,026
	–	229,026
Interim – HK1.672 cents (2019: nil) per ordinary share	19,873	–
Proposed Final (HK3.607 cents) (2019:HK5.366 cents) per ordinary share	40,002	64,996
	59,875	294,022

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. The weighted average number of shares has been retrospectively adjusted for the effect of the capitalisation issue on the assumption that the capitalisation issue had been completed on 1 January 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT *(Continued)*

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 December 2020 is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount for the year ended 31 December 2019 is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent, adjusted to reflect the fair value gain on the promissory note. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Earnings		
Profit attributable to owners of the parent used in the basic earnings per share calculation	158,718	275,001
Less: fair value gain on the promissory note issued in prior acquisition	–	(30,082)
	158,718	244,919
	Number of shares 2020	2019
Shares		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue less treasury shares held by the Company during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation	1,329,978,923	1,133,794,730
Effect of dilution – weighted average number of ordinary shares:		
Assumed issue at no consideration on deemed exercise of all share options outstanding during the year	8,526,573	404,185
Conversion options embedded in the promissory note issued in prior acquisition	–	5,760,406
	1,338,505,496	1,139,959,321

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Right-of-use assets			Owned assets							Total	Total
	Buildings	Service equipment	Total	Fixtures and furniture	Service equipment	Plant and machinery	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Leasehold improvement	Total		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
31 December 2020												
At 1 January 2020:												
Cost	22,662	7,377	30,039	1,383	148,977	11,163	5,552	10,494	-	177,569	207,608	
Accumulated depreciation	(11,348)	(854)	(12,202)	(970)	(91,354)	(7,400)	(4,286)	(7,620)	-	(111,630)	(123,832)	
Net carrying amount	11,314	6,523	17,837	413	57,623	3,763	1,266	2,874	-	65,939	83,776	
At 1 January 2020	11,314	6,523	17,837	413	57,623	3,763	1,266	2,874	-	65,939	83,776	
Additions	17,439	2,011	19,450	345	17,908	780	825	1,947	3,820	25,625	45,075	
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	753	-	753	-	-	855	13	-	-	868	1,621	
Depreciation provided during the year	(13,310)	(1,473)	(14,783)	(127)	(19,398)	(1,254)	(751)	(528)	(923)	(22,981)	37,764	
Disposals/write-off	-	-	-	(5)	(4,322)	(1,574)	(28)	(199)	-	(6,128)	(6,128)	
Exchange realignment	(11)	-	(11)	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	(2)	(13)	
At 31 December 2020, net of accumulated depreciation	16,185	7,061	23,246	626	51,811	2,570	1,323	4,094	2,897	63,321	86,567	
At 31 December 2020:												
Cost	40,843	9,388	50,231	1,723	162,563	11,224	6,360	12,242	3,820	197,932	248,163	
Accumulated depreciation	(24,658)	(2,327)	(26,985)	(1,097)	(110,752)	(8,654)	(5,037)	(8,148)	(923)	(134,611)	(161,596)	
Net carrying amount	16,185	7,061	23,246	626	51,811	2,570	1,323	4,094	2,897	63,321	86,567	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

	Right-of-use assets			Owned assets						
	Buildings RMB' 000	Service equipment RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Fixtures and furniture RMB' 000	Service equipment RMB' 000	Plant and machinery RMB' 000	Office equipment RMB' 000	Motor vehicles RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
31 December 2019										
At 1 January 2019:										
Cost	7,254	189	7,443	-	85,590	8,980	2,201	4,816	101,587	109,030
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	(49,878)	(5,428)	(1,544)	(2,922)	(59,772)	(59,772)
Net carrying amount	7,254	189	7,443	-	35,712	3,552	657	1,894	41,815	49,258
At 1 January 2019	7,254	189	7,443	-	35,712	3,552	657	1,894	41,815	49,258
Additions	2,534	7,188	9,722	210	27,283	1,766	753	910	30,922	40,644
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	12,874	-	12,874	320	18,208	-	840	655	20,023	32,897
Depreciation provided during the year	(11,394)	(854)	(12,248)	(117)	(19,792)	(1,521)	(955)	(585)	(22,970)	(35,218)
Disposals/write-off	-	-	-	-	(3,788)	(34)	(30)	-	(3,852)	(3,852)
Exchange realignment	46	-	46	-	-	-	1	-	1	47
At 31 December 2019, net of accumulated depreciation	11,314	6,523	17,837	413	57,623	3,763	1,266	2,874	65,939	83,776
At 31 December 2019:										
Cost	22,662	7,377	30,039	1,383	148,977	11,163	5,552	10,494	177,569	207,608
Accumulated depreciation	(11,348)	(854)	(12,202)	(970)	(91,354)	(7,400)	(4,286)	(7,620)	(111,630)	(123,832)
Net carrying amount	11,314	6,523	17,837	413	57,623	3,763	1,266	2,874	65,939	83,776

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14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Goodwill RMB' 000	Trademarks RMB' 000	Patents RMB' 000	Technical knowhow RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
31 December 2020					
Cost at 1 January 2020, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	898,083	737,802	–	–	1,635,885
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	–	–	–	12,739	12,739
At 31 December 2020	898,083	737,802	–	12,739	1,648,624
At 31 December 2020					
Cost	904,722	737,802	31,050	12,739	1,686,313
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(6,639)	–	(31,050)	–	(37,689)
Net carrying amount	898,083	737,802	–	12,739	1,648,624
	Goodwill RMB' 000	Trademarks RMB' 000	Supplier contract* RMB' 000	Patents RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
31 December 2019					
Cost at 1 January 2019, net of accumulated amortisation	6,639	–	–	28,054	34,693
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	898,083	737,802	12,960	–	1,648,845
Amortisation during the year	–	–	(12,960)	(1,259)	(14,219)
Impairment during the year	(6,639)	–	–	(26,795)	(33,434)
At 31 December 2019	898,083	737,802	–	–	1,635,885
At 31 December 2019					
Cost	904,722	737,802	12,960	31,050	1,686,534
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(6,639)	–	(12,960)	(31,050)	(50,649)
Net carrying amount	898,083	737,802	–	–	1,635,885

* Supplier contract have been written off in 2019 upon the expiry of the contract.

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS *(Continued)*

Impairment testing of intangible assets

Goodwill acquired through business combinations has been allocated to the following cash-generating unit for impairment testing:

- (i) Distribution of IVD reagents and medical equipment ("Distribution CGU"); and
- (ii) Production and sales of Point-of-care testing ("POCT") reagents and medical equipment ("POCT CGU").

Trademarks were purchased as part of the step acquisition of Vastec and its subsidiary in January 2019 and were recognised at their fair values at the date of acquisition. The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the upkeep of these trademarks is at minimal cost and the Group would renew these trademarks continuously. These trademarks are considered by the management of the Group as having an indefinite useful life and will not be amortised until their useful life is determined to be finite upon reassessment of their useful life annually by management. Instead, they will be tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired. Trademarks acquired through business combination have been allocated to the Distribution CGU for impairment testing.

Technical knowhow was purchased as part of the acquisition of Bazoe in December 2020 and was recognised at its fair value at the date of the acquisition. The estimated useful life of technical knowhow was 10 years. The technical knowhow acquired through business combination belongs to the Mass Spectrum CGU. The carrying value of technical knowhow is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts of technical knowhow were determined as the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and value in use.

The recoverable amount of the Distribution CGU has been determined by Roma Appraisals Limited, an independent professionally qualified valuer for the year ended 31 December 2020. The recoverable amount of the Distribution CGU has been determined by the Management for the year ended 31 December 2019. Both were based on a value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The average growth rate applied to the cash flow projection was 9.5% at 31 December 2020 (2019: 9.4%). The discount rate applied to the cash flow projection was 20.6% at 31 December 2020 (2019: 19.5%). The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the Distribution CGU beyond the five-year period was 2.6% (2019: 3%).

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14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

Impairment testing of intangible assets (Continued)

Assumptions were used in the value-in-use calculation of the Distribution CGU for the year. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Forecasted growth rates – The rates are based on historical operating results, expected market development as well as industry forecast.

Budgeted gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development of the medical equipment and consumables industry.

Discount rates – The discount rates used are before tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant units. The values assigned to the key assumptions on market development of the medical equipment and consumables industry and discount rates are consistent with external information sources.

The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated to the following cash-generating unit:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Distribution CGU	898,083	898,083

The carrying amount of intangible assets with indefinite useful life is allocated to the following cash-generating unit:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Distribution CGU	737,802	737,802

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS *(Continued)*

Impairment testing of intangible assets *(Continued)*

Distribution CGU

During the year, the management of the Company determined that there was no impairment of goodwill in the Distribution CGU.

Production and sales of mass spectrum reagents ("Mass Spectrum CGU")

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had technical knowhow acquired through a business combination allocated to the Mass Spectrum CGU of the Group (primarily representing the business operations and undertakings of a subsidiary of the Group, Bazoe). The recoverable amount of the Mass Spectrum CGU has been determined based on fair value less costs of disposal.

POCT CGU

During the year ended 31 December 2019, impairments of RMB6,639,000 and RMB26,795,000 were made for the goodwill and patents in the Production CGU, respectively, as a result of a decrease in sales of medical consumables of Suzhou DiagVita and postponement in the rollout of new products during the year ended 31 December 2019.

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15. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The following table illustrates the aggregate summarised financial information of the Group's associates that are not individually material:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Share of the associates' profit for the year	642	2,379
Share of the associates' comprehensive income	–	771
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investments in the associates	4,418	4,270

16. INVESTMENTS IN A JOINT VENTURE

The following table illustrates the aggregate summarised financial information of the Group's joint venture that is not individually material:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Share of the joint venture' loss for the year	(65)	–
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's investment in a joint venture	11,935	–

17. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Unlisted fund investment	7,342	–
Unlisted equity investment	39,498	–
	46,840	–
Portion classified as non-current assets	(46,840)	–
Current portion	–	–

The above unlisted fund and equity in investments at 31 December were mandatorily classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest.

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17. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that were denominated in Hong Kong dollar, other than the functional currencies of the respective group entities, amounted to RMB17,048,000.

18. INVENTORIES

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Raw materials	1,565	1,779
Finished goods	514,500	617,113
	516,065	618,892

19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Trade receivables	428,023	393,961
Impairment	(2,666)	(3,531)
	425,357	390,430
Bills receivables	6,487	–
	431,844	390,430

The majority of the Group's sales of products were mainly made on the payment-in-advance basis or granted with credit periods ranging from 30 to 180 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. There is a certain concentration of credit risk. The total trade and bills receivables from the five largest debtors at 31 December 2020 represented 41.3% (2019: 50.5%) of total the trade receivables, while 14.5% (2019: 20.6%) of the total trade receivables were due from the largest debtor.

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

As at 31 December 2019, included in the Group's trade receivables were trade balances with the Group's associate of RMB69,000, which are repayable on credit terms similar to those offered to the major customers of the Group.

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19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The ageing analysis of the trade and bills receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance for impairment of trade and bills receivables, is as follows:

	2020	2019
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
Within 1 month	301,776	313,221
1 to 2 months	62,100	46,334
2 to 3 months	21,285	3,380
Over 3 months	46,683	27,495
	431,844	390,430

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	2020	2019
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
At beginning of year	3,531	2,739
Acquisition of a subsidiary	–	501
(Reversal of impairment)/impairment of trade receivables	(669)	291
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(176)	–
Exchange realignment	(20)	–
At end of year	2,666	3,531

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by customer type and rating). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written off if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

	Current	Past due			Total
		Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	Over 3 months	
As at 31 December 2020					
Expected credit loss rate	0.0%	0.8%	0.3%	20.1%	0.6%
Gross carrying amount (RMB' 000)	391,804	12,004	11,679	12,536	428,023
Expected credit losses (RMB' 000)	9	92	39	2,526	2,666
As at 31 December 2019					
Expected credit loss rate	0.3%	5.8%	15.7%	23.4%	0.9%
Gross carrying amount (RMB' 000)	375,933	10,179	2,246	5,603	393,961
Expected credit losses (RMB' 000)	1,272	594	353	1,312	3,531

A subsidiary of the Group has entered into receivable purchase agreements with a financial institution for the factoring of trade receivables with certain designated customers. As at 31 December 2020, trade receivables factored to the financial institution aggregated to RMB20,001,000 (2019: Nil), all of which were derecognised from the consolidated statement of financial position because, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership in respect of the relevant factored receivables to the financial institution.

20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Prepayments		225,396	207,842
Deposits and other receivables		6,123	4,448
Amounts due from associates	(i)	1,756	1,141
Amounts due from shareholders	(i)	2,292	1,595
		235,567	215,026

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20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

(i) Particulars of the amounts due from associates and shareholders are as follows:

Notes	At 1 January 2020 RMB' 000	Maximum amount outstanding during the year RMB' 000	At 31 December 2020 RMB' 000
Due from associates			
Hunan AKJD Biomedical Co., Ltd. ("Hunan AKJD", formerly known as Hunan Brahms Biotech Co., Ltd.) (a)	1,093	1,595	1,595
Alifax Diagnostics Co., Limited ("Alifax SH")	48	161	161
	1,141		1,756
Due from shareholders			
Mr. Lin Xianya ("Mr. Lin") and his affiliate (a)	120	139	139
Mr. Ho Kuk Sing ("Mr. Ho") and his affiliate (a)	712	712	564
Mr. Leung King Sun ("Mr. Leung") and his affiliates (a)	32	62	62
Shinva Medical Instrument Co., Ltd and its subsidiary ("Shinva Group")* (a)	731	1,527	1,527
	1,595		2,292

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

- (i) Particulars of the amounts due from associates and shareholders are as follows:
(Continued)

	Notes	At 1 January 2019 RMB' 000	Maximum amount outstanding during the year RMB' 000	At 31 December 2019 RMB' 000
Due from associates				
Vastec				
– loan	(b)	21,812	21,812	–
Hunan AKJD	(a)	480	1,093	1,093
Alifax SH	(a)	–	48	48
		22,292		1,141
Due from shareholders				
Mr. Lin and his affiliate	(a)	523	523	120
Mr. Ho and his affiliate	(a)	314	712	712
Mr. Leung and his affiliate	(a)	–	32	32
Shinva Group	(a)	–	731	731
		837		1,595

* Shinva is the ultimate holding company of the Huatuo International Development Co., Limited (“Huatuo”), a substantial shareholder of the Company.

Notes:

- (a) The balances with the associates and the shareholders are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.
- (b) The loan to an associate, Vastec was unsecured, bore interest at a rate of 2.43% per annum and is repayable on demand.

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21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Cash and bank balances	920,776	918,522
Less: Pledged deposits pledged for bank facilities	(132,163)	(7,651)
Cash and cash equivalents	788,613	910,871

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group are denominated in HK\$, RMB, EUR and US\$.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's cash and bank balances denominated in RMB amounted to RMB318,070,000 (2019: RMB261,967,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

22. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Within 1 month	29,055	51,772
1 to 2 months	31,740	25,389
2 to 3 months	757	44,620
Over 3 months	183,820	217,412
	245,372	339,193

Included in the trade and bills payables are trade payables of RMB510,000 (2019: RMB210,000) due to an associate which are repayable within 60 days, which represents credit terms similar to those offered by the associate to its major customers.

Trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 60 days.

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23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Contract liabilities	(i)	36,662	41,893
Other payables		37,189	39,438
Accruals		32,065	34,894
Dividend payable		53,747	–
Deferred income		587	893
Lease liabilities	(ii)	22,475	17,168
Amounts due to shareholders	(iii)	312	49,268
Amounts due to related parties	(iv)	1,808	3,507
		184,845	187,061
Less: other payables included in non-current liabilities		(12,451)	(6,314)
		172,394	180,747

Notes:

(i) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
<i>Short-term advances received from customers</i>		
Sales of goods	36,662	41,893

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to deliver goods.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(ii) The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for offices and warehouses and medical equipment used in its operations. Leases of offices and warehouses generally have lease terms between 2 and 5 years while medical equipment generally have lease term of 5 years. Other equipment generally has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value.

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Carrying amount at 1 January	17,168	7,443
New leases	19,450	9,722
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	795	13,227
Accretion of interest recognised during the year	863	1,061
Payments	(15,783)	(14,299)
Exchange realignments	(18)	14
Carrying amount at 31 December	22,475	17,168
Analysed into:		
Current portion	10,024	10,854
Non-current portion	12,451	6,314

The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Interest on lease liabilities	863	1,061
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	14,783	12,248
Expenses relating to short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease terms ended on or before 31 December	5,115	2,996
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	20,761	16,305

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23. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(iii) Particulars of the amounts due to shareholders are as follows:

	Notes	At 1 January 2020 RMB' 000	Maximum amount outstanding during the year RMB' 000	At 31 December 2020 RMB' 000
Due to shareholders				
Mr. Leung	(a)	49,268	49,268	–
Mr. Lin	(a)	–	312	312
		49,268		312

	Notes	At 1 January 2019 RMB' 000	Maximum amount outstanding during the year RMB' 000	At 31 December 2019 RMB' 000
Due to shareholders				
Mr. Leung	(a)	–	49,268	49,268
Shinva	(a)	320	320	–
		320		49,268

Notes:

- (a) The balances with the shareholders are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.
- (iv) The balances with the related parties are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.
- (v) Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of 60 days.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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24. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

	Notes	31 December 2020			31 December 2019		
		Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000
Current:							
Bank loans – unsecured	(a)	2.5 – 4.8	2020	236,000	4.8 – 5.3	2020	204,000
Bank loan – unsecured	(b)	–	–	–	LIBOR+1.6	2020	69,531
Bank loan – secured	(b)	LIBOR+2.1	2020	16,332	–	–	–
				252,332			273,531
Non-current:							
Bank loan – secured	(b)	LIBOR+2.1	2022	146,988	–	–	–
				399,320			273,531
					2020		2019
					RMB'000		RMB'000
Analysed into:							
Bank loans repayable:							
Within one year or on demand				252,332		273,531	
In the second year				146,988		–	
				399,320		273,531	

Notes:

- (a) The bank loans bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.5% to 4.8% (2019: 4.8% to 5.3%) and are denominated in Renminbi.
- (b) The bank loan bears interest at floating rates of LIBOR+2.1% (2019: LIBOR+1.6%) and is denominated in US dollars.
- (c) The Group's bank borrowings of RMB163,320,000 (2019: Nil) are secured by pledges over the equity interests of certain subsidiaries of the Group (note 1).

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25. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities

	Withholding taxes RMB' 000	Fair value gains arising from business combination RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2019	7,537	7,014	14,551
Acquisition of a subsidiary	20,378	208,042	228,420
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	(16,560)	(30,605)	(47,165)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	11,355	184,451	195,806
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	–	3,160	3,160
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	1,577	–	1,577
Exchange realignment	2	–	2
At 31 December 2020	12,934	187,611	200,545

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25. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

Deferred tax assets

	Loss available for offsetting against future taxable profits RMB' 000	Impairment of trade receivables RMB' 000	Unrealised gains resulting from intra group transactions RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2019	–	660	1,024	1,684
Acquisition of a subsidiary	–	149	452	601
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	–	74	1,145	1,219
Exchange realignment	–	–	(45)	(45)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	–	883	2,576	3,459
Acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	4,572	–	–	4,572
Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year (note 10)	–	(283)	(124)	(407)
Exchange realignment	–	(3)	(1)	(4)
At 31 December 2020	4,572	597	2,451	7,620

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes.

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	4,460	3,459
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	(197,385)	(195,806)
As at 31 December	(192,925)	(192,347)

25. DEFERRED TAX *(Continued)*

Deferred tax assets *(Continued)*

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of RMB1,567,000 (2019: RMB1,389,000) that were available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has tax losses arising in the PRC of RMB57,432,000 (2019: RMB52,320,000) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen from subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the PRC. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the PRC in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

26. SHARE CAPITAL

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Authorised:		
3,000,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.0005 each (2019: 3,000,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.0005 each)	10,280	10,280
Issued and fully paid:		
1,322,990,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.0005 each (2019: 1,333,400,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.0005 each)	4,534	4,569

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

The movements in the Company's share capital during the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares	Nominal value of ordinary shares US\$'000	Equivalent to RMB'000
Authorised:			
At 1 January 2019, 31 December 2019, 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	3,000,000,000	1,500	10,280
Issued and fully paid:			
At 1 January 2019	52,239,658	26	171
Issue of new shares pursuant to the acquisition of a subsidiary (note a)	32,339,139	16	110
Issue of new shares pursuant to the Capitalisation issue (note b)	915,421,203	458	3,143
Issue of new shares pursuant to the Share Offer (note c)	333,400,000	167	1,145
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	1,333,400,000	667	4,569
Cancellation of shares purchased (note d)	(10,410,000)	(5)	(35)
At 31 December 2020	1,322,990,000	662	4,534

Notes:

- (a) On 25 January 2019, the Company allotted and issued 32,339,139 ordinary shares of the Company to Huatuo as a consideration to acquire the remaining 60% interest in an associate, Vastec, as further detailed in note 29 to the financial statements.
- (b) On 11 July 2019, the Company allotted and issued 915,421,203 to existing shareholders by way of capitalisation from the share premium account of the Company (the "Capitalisation Issue"). This Capitalisation Issue was conditional on the share premium account being credited as a result of the issue of new shares to the public in connection with the Company's initial public offering as detailed in note (d) below.

26. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) In connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (the "Share Offer"), 333,400,000 ordinary shares of the Company were issued at the offer price of HK\$3.07 per share for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of HK\$1,024,000,000. Dealings in the shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange commenced on 12 July 2019 ("Listing Date").
- (d) The Company repurchased 10,410,000 of its shares on the Stock Exchange at a total consideration of approximately RMB23,433,000 during the year ended 31 December 2020. The repurchases shares were cancelled during the year ended 31 December 2020.

Details of the shares repurchased by the Company during the period are summarised below:

Month of repurchase	Number of shares repurchased	Highest price per share RMB	Lowest price per share RMB	Aggregate price RMB'000
June 2020	441,000	2.85	2.72	1,225
July 2020	3,219,000	2.80	2.48	8,534
September 2020	5,144,000	2.12	1.98	10,500
October 2020	1,606,000	2.09	2.01	3,174
	10,410,000			23,433

27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES

The Company operates a pre-initial public offering share option scheme (the "ESOP Scheme") and a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") (collectively, the "Schemes") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Schemes include the Company's directors, employees, executives, officers, advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents of the Group and such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group.

a) Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme was approved on 21 June 2019 and became effective on 12 July 2019 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the Listing Date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the Listing Date. The maximum number of shares issued and issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of grant. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to among others, shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

a) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates would result in the total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted under the Share Option Scheme to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, are subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings of the Company.

The offer of a grant of share option under the Share Option Scheme may be accepted within 7 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme is determinable by the directors, and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the share options. The exercise price of share options under the Share Option Scheme is determinable by the Board, but shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the share options, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's shares on the date of offer.

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

	2020		2019	
	Weighted average exercise price RMB per share	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price RMB per share	Number of options
At beginning of year	2.734	3,333,500	–	–
Granted during the year	2.734	23,334,500	2.734	3,333,500
At end of year	2.734	26,668,000	2.734	3,333,500

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

a) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Number of options	Exercise price* HKD per share	Exercise period
3,333,500	3.042 (equivalent to RMB2.734)	Note 1
23,334,500	3.042 (equivalent to RMB2.734)	Note 2

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Note 1: All share options are exercisable from 22 November 2019 to 21 November 2024.

Note 2: All share options are exercisable from 3 June 2020 to 2 June 2025.

2019

Number of options	Exercise price* HKD per share	Exercise period
3,333,500	3.042 (equivalent to RMB2.734)	Note

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

Note: All share options are exercisable from 22 November 2019 to 21 November 2024.

The fair values of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year was RMB18,975,000 (RMB0.8133 each) (2019: RMB2,245,000, RMB0.6734 each), of which the Group recognised a share option expense of RMB18,975,000 in respect of these share options granted to the employees of the Group (2019: RMB2,245,000) during the year ended 31 December 2020.

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

a) Share Option Scheme (Continued)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

	2020	2019
Dividend yield (%)	3.84	3.80
Volatility (%)	45.25	43.99
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.45	1.52
Expected life of options (year)	5	5

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 26,668,500 Share Options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 26,668,500 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of RMB87,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 26,668,500 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 2.02% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

b) ESOP Scheme

The ESOP Scheme became effective on 29 December 2017 (the "Effective Date") and was further amended on 27 March 2019. The ESOP Scheme will remain in force for 7 years from the Effective Date unless terminated in accordance with the applicable laws and provisions of the ESOP or otherwise approved by the Board.

The principal terms of the ESOP Scheme are similar to the terms of the Share Option Scheme except that (i) no further options could be granted under the ESOP Scheme prior to the Listing Date; and (ii) the exercise conditions, exercise price and the exercise period of the share options granted under the ESOP Scheme ("Management Options") are different as further detailed below.

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27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

b) ESOP Scheme (Continued)

The following Management Options were outstanding under the ESOP Scheme during the year:

	2020		2019	
	Weighted average exercise price RMB per share	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price RMB per share	Number of options
At beginning of year	1.69	26,006,101	–	–
Granted during the year	–	–	1.69	32,507,627
Lapsed during the year	1.69	(6,501,525)	1.69	(6,501,526)
At end of year	1.69	19,504,576	1.69	26,006,101

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the Management Options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2020

Number of options	Exercise price* RMB per share	Exercise period
19,504,576	1.69	Note

2019

Number of options	Exercise price* RMB per share	Exercise period
26,006,101	1.69	Note

* The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES (Continued)

b) ESOP Scheme (Continued)

Note: The Management Options may not be exercised until vested, except as approved by the Board and subject to the provisions hereunder, in respect of the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for each full calendar year from 2017 to 2021 (both year inclusive):

- (i) if the consolidated net income attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, after tax and minority interest (and excluding any extraordinary or one-time income or gain) of the Company on a consolidated basis meets the respective target as set out below (the "Net Income Target") in such calendar year, 20% of the Management Options (whenever granted) will vest and become exercisable:

	2017 RMB(million)	2018 RMB(million)	2019 RMB(million)	2020 RMB(million)	2021 RMB(million)
Net Income Target	110	130	281	325	375

- (ii) in the event that the Net Income Target is not met in a calendar year, no Management Options may vest or become exercisable.

The fair value of the share options granted under the ESOP Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2019 was RMB42,125,000 (RMB1.2959 each). Share option expense of RMB6,012,000 (2019: RMB18,093,000) were recognised to profit or loss and no new share options were granted under the ESOP Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2020. During the year, share option expenses of RMB7,081,000 have been credited to profit or loss under ESOP Scheme as the Group has failed to meet the Net Income Target.

The fair value of the Management Options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

	2019
Dividend yield (%)	3.89
Volatility (%)	52.90
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.42
Expected life of options (year)	7

The expected life of the options is based on the historical data over the past three years and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

27. SHARE OPTION SCHEMES *(Continued)*

b) ESOP Scheme *(Continued)*

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 19,504,576 Management Options outstanding under the ESOP Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 19,504,576 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of RMB65,612 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 19,504,576 Management Options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 1.47% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

28. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 125 to 126 of the consolidated financial statements.

(a) Share premium

The Group's share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received. Details of the movements in the share premium are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(b) Merger reserve

The Group's merger reserve represents the nominal value of the shares of subsidiaries and acquisition of non-controlling interests pursuant to the reorganisation in 2016.

(c) Capital reserve

The Group's capital reserve represents the difference between the amounts of net consideration and the carrying values of non-controlling interests acquired or disposed of.

(d) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, the Company's subsidiary registered in the PRC is required to appropriate 10% of the annual statutory profit after tax (after offsetting any prior years' losses), determined in accordance with PRC GAAP, to the statutory reserve until the balance of the reserve fund reaches 50% of the entity's registered capital. The statutory reserve can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase capital, provided the remaining balance of the statutory reserve is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

28. RESERVES *(Continued)*

(e) Share option reserve

The share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to related profits should the related options expire after the vesting period.

(f) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The Group's exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all relevant exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations and the Company.

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

a) For the year ended 31 December 2020

On 24 November 2020, the Group entered into a share purchase agreement with two independent parties (the "Bazoe Share Purchase Agreement"), to acquire 51% of Bazoe (the "Bazoe Acquisition"). The Bazoe Acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of medical equipment and consumables related to mass spectrum in the PRC. The purchase consideration for the Bazoe Acquisition was RMB10,000,000 and paid on 24 December 2020. The Bazoe Acquisition was completed on 24 December 2020 (the "Bazoe Acquisition Date").

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

a) For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)

The provisional fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Bazoe Group as at the Bazoe Acquisition Date were as follows:

	Provisional fair value recognised on the Bazoe Acquisition Date RMB' 000
Property, plant and equipment	868
Right-of-use assets	753
Intangible assets	12,739
Deferred tax assets	4,572
Inventories	11
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	194
Tax recoverables	495
Cash and bank balances	10,309
Trade payables	(377)
Other payables and accruals	(6,095)
Lease liabilities	(795)
Deferred tax liabilities	(3,160)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	19,514
Non-controlling interests	(9,514)
	10,000
Satisfied by cash	10,000

The provisional fair values of the prepayments, deposits and other receivables at the Bazoe Acquisition Date amounted to RMB194,000. The gross contractual amounts of prepayments, deposits and other receivables were RMB194,000.

No transaction cost was incurred for this acquisition.

The Group measured the acquired lease liabilities using the present value of the remaining lease payments at the Bazoe Acquisition Date. The right-of-use assets were measured at an amount equal to the lease liabilities and adjusted to reflect the favourable terms of the leases relative to market terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

a) For the year ended 31 December 2020 (Continued)

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the business combinations is as follows:

	RMB' 000
Cash consideration	(10,000)
Cash and bank balances acquired	10,309
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	309

Since the Bazoe Acquisition, Bazoe did not contribute to the Group's revenue nor the consolidated profit for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Had the Bazoe Acquisition taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue of the Group and the profit of the Group for the year would have been RMB2,428,522,000 and RMB156,304,000, respectively.

b) For the year ended 31 December 2019

On 25 January 2019, the Group entered into a share purchase agreement with Huatuo (the "Vastec Share Purchase Agreement"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, to acquire the remaining 60% interest in a 40%-owned associate, Vastec (the "Vastec Acquisition"). The Vastec Acquisition was made as part of the Group's strategy to expand its market share of medical equipment and consumables in the PRC. The purchase consideration for the Vastec Acquisition was satisfied by a promissory note with face value of RMB411,305,000 and 32,339,139 newly allotted ordinary shares of the Company ("Consideration Shares"). The Vastec Acquisition was completed on 25 January 2019 (the "Vastec Acquisition Date"). Upon the completion of the Vastec Acquisition, the Group's interest in Vastec increased from 40% to 100%, and Vastec became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group. The results of Vastec and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Vastec Group") were consolidated into the Group's consolidated financial statements commencing from the Vastec Acquisition Date.

Details of the carrying value and fair value of the Group's pre-existing interest in Vastec at the Vastec Acquisition Date are summarised as follows:

	RMB' 000
Carrying value of pre-existing interest in Vastec	508,941
Release of exchange fluctuation reserves	586
Less: Fair value of pre-existing interest in Vastec	(718,286)
Gain on remeasurement	(208,759)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

b) For the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Vastec Group as at the Vastec Acquisition Date were as follows:

	Notes	Fair value recognised on the Vastec Acquisition Date RMB' 000
Property, plant and equipment		20,023
Right-of-use assets		12,874
Intangible assets		750,762
Deferred tax assets		601
Inventories		803,787
Trade and bills receivables		132,484
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		150,676
Pledged deposits		11,810
Cash and bank balances		252,380
Trade and bills payables		(249,998)
Other payables and accruals		(100,652)
Amounts due to shareholders	(i)	(214,979)
Interest-bearing bank borrowings		(70,000)
Lease liabilities		(13,227)
Amount due to a related party		(21,377)
Tax payables		(21,923)
Deferred tax liabilities		(228,420)
Total identifiable net assets at fair value		1,214,821
Goodwill on acquisition		898,083
		2,112,904
Satisfied by:		
Promissory Note	(ii)	435,478
Fair value of a pre-existing interest in Vastec		718,286
Consideration Shares	(iii)	959,140
		2,112,904

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

b) For the year ended 31 December 2019 (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) Pursuant to the Vastec Share Purchase Agreement, Vastec declared a dividend of RMB400,000,000 which shall be payable to the then shareholders in equal installments of RMB5,000,000 every 90 days since 25 January 2019, until such dividend is paid in full and unless: (i) upon the listing of the Company on the Stock Exchange ("Listing") and when the net proceeds of the initial public offering ("IPO") have been received and are available, all outstanding balance of such dividend shall be paid in full within 30 days therefrom; (ii) upon the occurrence of the termination of IPO, any outstanding balance of such dividend shall thereupon be canceled and forfeited in its entirety. The directors of the Company has designated the dividend payable as financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. The dividend payable has been fully settled during the year ended 31 December 2019.

The fair value of the dividend payable was determined by Roma Appraisals Limited ("Roma") based on the probabilistic flow method in which the directors of the Company estimated the outcome under two different scenarios with respective scenario probabilities.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation:

	Range 2019
<i>Probabilistic flow method</i>	
Discount rate	4.82% – 5.03%

- (ii) Pursuant to the Vastec Share Purchase Agreement, the Company issued a promissory note with a face value of RMB411,305,000 (the "Promissory Note"), which will be redeemable in cash (the "Deferred Cash Payment") in the following manners: in equal installments of RMB5,000,000 every 90 days since 25 January 2019, with the last installment payment being the outstanding balance of the Deferred Cash Payment, until all Deferred Cash Payment is paid in full and unless upon the occurrence of any of the following events: (i) upon the Listing and when the net proceeds of the IPO have been received and are available, all outstanding balance of the Deferred Cash Payment shall be paid in full within 30 days therefrom; (ii) upon the termination of IPO, within 30 days from the date of such board resolutions approving the termination of IPO. The Company uses its best endeavours to repay the outstanding balance of the Deferred Cash Payment by cash and confirms with Huatuo on the amount of the outstanding balance (if any) which it cannot repay. If the Company is unable to repay all or part of such outstanding balance of the Deferred Cash Payment, Huatuo shall have the right to settle such shortfall by subscribing for new shares of the Company at a subscription price of RMB25.44 per share (before the Capitalisation Issue) within 30 days from the date of such board resolutions approving the termination of IPO. The Company shall then allot and issue such number of new shares to Huatuo within 10 business days upon receipt of Huatuo's written notice informing the Company of its decision to subscribe for new shares or (iii) if the Company fails to settle all of the Deferred Cash Payment on or before 31 December 2020, Huatuo shall have the right to settle such shortfall by subscribing for new shares at a subscription price of RMB25.44 per share within 30 days after 31 December 2020. The directors of the Company has designated the Promissory Note as financial liability at fair value through profit or loss. The Promissory Note has been fully settled during the year ended 31 December 2019.

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS *(Continued)*

b) For the year ended 31 December 2019 *(Continued)*

Notes: *(Continued)*

(ii) *(Continued)*

The fair value of the Promissory Note was determined by Roma based on the probabilistic flow method in which the directors of the Company estimated the outcome under four different scenarios with respective scenario probabilities.

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation:

	Range 2019
<i>Probabilistic flow method</i>	
Volatility	35.24% – 35.58%
Dividend yield	2.179%
Risk free rate	2.32% – 2.52%
Discount rate	18.25%

(iii) Fair value of the Consideration Shares was determined by Roma based on income approach. A discount rate of 14.54% has been used to calculate the fair value of the Consideration Shares at the Vastec Acquisition Date.

The fair values of the trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables at the Vastec Acquisition Date amounted to RMB132,484,000 and RMB150,676,000, respectively. The gross contractual amounts of trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables were RMB132,985,000 and RMB150,676,000, respectively.

No transaction cost was incurred for this acquisition.

None of the goodwill recognised is expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.

The Group measured the acquired lease liabilities using the present value of the remaining lease payments at the Vastec Acquisition Date. The right-of-use assets were measured at an amount equal to the lease liabilities and adjusted to reflect the favourable terms of the leases relative to market terms.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

29. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS *(Continued)*

b) For the year ended 31 December 2019 *(Continued)*

An analysis of the cash flows in respect of the business combinations is as follows:

	RMB' 000
Cash and bank balances acquired	252,380
Net inflow of cash and cash equivalents included in cash flows from investing activities	252,380

Since the Vastec Acquisition, the Vastec Group contributed RMB1,842,190,000 to the Group's revenue and RMB132,985,000 to the consolidated profit for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Had the Vastec Acquisition taken place at the beginning of the year, the revenue of the Group and the profit of the Group for the year would have been RMB2,480,265,000 and RMB153,057,000, respectively.

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB19,450,000 and RMB19,450,000, respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings and service equipment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities:

2020

	Lease liabilities included in other payables RMB' 000	Amounts due to shareholders included in other payables RMB' 000	Interest- bearing bank borrowings RMB' 000
As at 1 January 2020	17,168	49,268	273,531
New leases	19,450	–	–
Increase arising from acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	795	–	–
Interest paid classified as operating cash flows	863	–	–
Exchange realignment	(18)	–	(7,209)
Included in changes from financing cash flows:			
New bank loans	–	–	1,008,111
Repayment of bank loans	–	–	(875,113)
Advance from shareholders	–	312	–
Repayment to shareholders	–	(49,268)	–
Accretion of interest recognised	(863)	–	–
Principal portion of lease payments	(14,920)	–	–
As at 31 December 2020	22,475	312	399,320

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

30. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities: (Continued)

2019	Lease liabilities included in other payables RMB' 000	Amounts due to shareholders included in other payables RMB' 000	Interest-bearing bank borrowings RMB' 000
As at 1 January 2019	7,443	320	–
New leases	9,722	–	–
Increase arising from acquisition of a subsidiary (note 29)	13,227	650,457	70,000
Settlement of the Promissory Note	–	(411,305)	–
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	–	80,621	–
Offset with dividend receivables from an associate	–	(85,992)	–
Included in changes from financing cash flows:			
New bank loans	–	–	647,531
Repayment of bank loans	–	–	(444,000)
Advance from shareholders	–	49,268	–
Repayment to shareholders	–	(240,320)	–
Accretion of interest recognised	1,061	–	–
Principal portion of lease payments	(14,299)	–	–
Exchange realignment	14	6,219	–
As at 31 December 2019	17,168	49,268	273,531

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Within operating activities	(5,115)	(2,996)
Within financing activities	(15,783)	(14,299)
	(20,898)	(17,295)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Transactions with related parties

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Sales of products:			
Vastec (Shanghai)	(i)	–	43
Alifax SH	(ii)	–	138
Beijing Sanpin Medical Technology Co., Ltd., Beijing Vastec and Jinqiao Vastec (collectively, the "Connected Distributors")*	(iii)	35,458	41,367
Shinva Group	(iv)	567	–
Purchases of products:			
Vastec (Shanghai)	(v)	–	11,117
Hunan AKJD	(vi)	130	400
Alifax SH	(vi)	437	258
Connected Distributors	(vii)	475	174
Shinva Group	(viii)	330	2,453
Service income:			
Connected Distributors	(ix)	6,109	14
Shinva Group	(ix)	–	9
Alifax SH	(ix)	10	–
Service expenses:			
Vastec	(ix)	–	5
Connected Distributors*	(ix)	5,494	3,404
Alifax SH	(ix)	3	–
Loan interest income:			
Vastec	(x)	–	67
Loan interest expense:			
Mr. Ho	(xi)	–	257
Mr. Leung	(xi)	–	257
Rental expense:			
Shinva Group*	(xii)	177	–

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

(a) Transactions with related parties *(Continued)*

	Notes	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
Addition of right-of-use assets:			
Mr. Ho	(xiii)	874	–
Mr. Leung	(xiii)	874	–

Notes:

- (i) The sales to an associate, Vastec (Shanghai), up to the Acquisition Date (i.e., 25 January 2019) were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and the associate.
 - (ii) The sales to an associate, Alifax SH, were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and the associate.
 - (iii) The sales to related companies which are under control of Mr. Yao Lin, a substantial shareholder of IVD China and is a connected person of the Group, were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and these companies.
 - (iv) The sales to the Shinva Group were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and Shinva Group.
 - (v) The purchases from an associate, Vastec (Shanghai), up to the Acquisition Date were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and the associate.
 - (vi) The purchases from associates, Alifax SH and Hunnan AKJD, were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and the associates.
 - (vii) The purchases from related companies which are under control of Mr. Yao Lin, a substantial shareholder of IVD China and is a connected person of the Group, were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and the companies.
 - (viii) The purchases from the Shinva Group were made according to the prices and conditions mutually agreed by the Group and Shinva Group.
 - (ix) The service income and service expenses were based on the direct costs incurred.
 - (x) The loan interest income was calculated at an effective interest rate of 3.97% of the principal per annum for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.
 - (xi) The loan interest expense was calculated at an effective interest rate of 4.2% of the principal per annum for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.
 - (xii) The rental expense paid was based on the market rate.
 - (xiii) On 1 August 2020, the Group entered into lease agreements with Mr. Ho and Mr. Leung (shareholders of the Group) in relation to the leasing of an office for a term of 5 years. Right-of-use assets of RMB1,748,000 were recognised on the same date in respect of the lease agreements. No addition of right-of-use assets in relation to leasing from related parties were recognised in 2019.
- * The related party transactions constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange since the listing of the shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 12 July 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(Continued)*

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Short term employee benefits	2,699	2,921
Performance-related bonuses	1,458	1,785
Equity-settled share option expenses	–	1,841
Post-employment benefits	234	268
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	4,391	6,815

The above compensation of key management personnel excludes the directors' remuneration, details of which are set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

32. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of reporting period:

	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000
Contracted, but not provided for:		
Capital commitment on subscription of funds	48,000	–

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Except for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements, all financial assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 are classified as financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

34. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount and the fair value of the Group's financial instruments, other than those carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair value, are as follows:

	Carrying amounts		Fair values	
	31 December 2020 RMB' 000	31 December 2019 RMB' 000	31 December 2020 RMB' 000	31 December 2019 RMB' 000
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	51,382	–	46,840	–
Financial liabilities				
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	399,320	273,531	384,935	264,300

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, trade and bills receivables, trade payables, financial assets included in prepayments and other receivables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and balances with shareholders and related parties approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following method and assumption were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are determined based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input which that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly.

The fair values of the interest-bearing bank borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

34. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(Continued)

Fair value hierarchy

Below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial instruments as at 31 December 2020:

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs
Unlisted investments	Net assets value per share	Net assets of the underlying funds

The following table illustrates the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

Assets measured at fair value:

	Fair value measurement using			Total RMB' 000
	Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1) RMB' 000	Significant observable inputs (Level 2) RMB' 000	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) RMB' 000	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unlisted investments	–	38,707	8,133	46,840

The Group did not have any financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2019.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfer into or out of Level 3 (2019: Nil).

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing bank borrowings, cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities, such as trade receivables, other receivables, trade payables and other payables, which arise directly from its operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(Continued)*

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash and bank balances. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its interest rate risk, and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on cash and cash equivalents).

	Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB' 000
2020		
RMB	100	772
HK\$	100	152
US\$	100	4,236
RMB	(100)	(772)
HK\$	(100)	(152)
US\$	(100)	(4,236)
	Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB' 000
2019		
RMB	100	656
HK\$	100	241
US\$	100	5,550
RMB	(100)	(656)
HK\$	(100)	(241)
US\$	(100)	(5,550)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from bank deposits held by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies. Approximately 65.8% (2019: 70.7%) of the Group's cash and cash equivalents were denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operating units.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currency exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax.

	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign currency rate %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB' 000
2020		
If RMB weakens against HK\$	1	253
If RMB strengthens against HK\$	(1)	(253)
If RMB weakens against US\$	1	5,869
If RMB strengthens against US\$	(1)	(5,869)
	Increase/ (decrease) in foreign currency rate %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB' 000
2019		
If RMB weakens against HK\$	1	324
If RMB strengthens against HK\$	(1)	(324)
If RMB weakens against US\$	1	6,246
If RMB strengthens against US\$	(1)	(6,246)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(Continued)*

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. For transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency of the relevant operating unit, the Group does not offer credit terms without the specific approval of the head of credit control.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for the financial assets.

As at 31 December 2020

	12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		Simplified Approach RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
	Stage 1 RMB' 000	Stage 2 RMB' 000	Stage 3 RMB' 000			
Trade receivables*	–	–	–	–	428,023	428,023
Financial assets included in prepayments and other receivables**						
– Normal	10,130	–	–	–	–	10,130
Cash and cash equivalents						
– Not yet past due	788,613	–	–	–	–	788,613
Pledged deposits	132,163	–	–	–	–	132,163
	930,906	–	–	–	428,023	1,358,929

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

As at 31 December 2019

	12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		Simplified Approach RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3			
	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000			
Trade receivables*	–	–	–	393,961	393,961	
Financial assets included in prepayments and other receivables**						
– Normal	7,184	–	–	–	7,184	
Cash and cash equivalents						
– Not yet past due	910,871	–	–	–	910,871	
Pledged deposits	7,651	–	–	–	7,651	
	925,706	–	–	393,961	1,319,667	

* For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 19 to the financial statements.

** The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments and other receivables, amounts due from subsidiaries, amounts due from associates and amounts due from shareholders are considered to be “normal” when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be “doubtful”.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of short term bank loans and projected cash flows from operations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

	2020				
	On demand RMB' 000	Less than 3 months RMB' 000	3 to less than 12 months RMB' 000	1 to 5 years RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Lease liabilities	–	20,994	13,562	–	34,556
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	–	197,352	61,031	147,845	406,228
Trade and bills payables	245,373	–	–	–	245,373
Other payables and accruals	162,370	–	–	–	162,370
	407,743	218,346	74,593	147,845	848,527
	2019				
	On demand RMB' 000	Less than 3 months RMB' 000	3 to less than 12 months RMB' 000	1 to 5 years RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
Lease liabilities	–	3,363	8,183	7,724	19,270
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	–	171,809	105,138	–	276,947
Trade and bills payables	339,193	–	–	–	339,193
Other payables and accruals	169,893	–	–	–	169,893
	509,086	175,172	113,321	7,724	805,303

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments included in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 17) as at 31 December 2020.

The market equity indices for the following stock exchanges, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the end of the reporting period, and their respective highest and lowest points during the year were as follows:

	31 December 2020	High/low 2020	31 December 2019	High/low 2019
Hong Kong – Hang Seng Index	27,231	29,175/ 21,139	28,190	30,280/ 24,897
	Carrying amount of private equity investments RMB' 000	Increase/ (decrease) in price %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax RMB' 000	Increase/ (decrease) in other components of equity RMB' 000
2020				
Private equity investments – Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	46,840	10% (10%)	4,684/ (4,684)	–

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made to the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES *(Continued)*

Capital management *(Continued)*

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by equity attributable to owners of the parent. Net debt is the total of interest-bearing bank borrowings, less bank balances and cash. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

	31 December 2020 RMB' 000	31 December 2019 RMB' 000
Interest-bearing bank borrowings (note 24)	399,320	273,531
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (note 21)	(788,613)	(910,871)
Net debt	(389,293)	(637,340)
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	2,851,153	2,818,666
Gearing ratio	Nil	Nil

36. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 8 March 2021, the Company entered into a cooperation agreement with Boxin Bio Inc. ("Boxin"), an independent third party, under which the Company is exclusively engaged by Boxin as a strategic partner to establish several medical testing centres in the PRC for a total budget of approximately RMB200 million payable by Boxin.

Further details of this cooperation are set out in the Company's announcement dated 12 March 2021.

37. COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS

Certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and re-presented to conform with the current year's presentation and disclosures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments in subsidiaries	1,987,672	1,958,970
Total non-current assets	1,987,672	1,958,970
CURRENT ASSETS		
Other receivables	176,714	117,847
Cash and cash equivalents	590,799	632,448
Total current assets	767,513	750,295
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Other payables	81,299	110,265
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	16,332	69,531
Total current liabilities	97,631	179,796
NET CURRENT ASSETS	669,882	570,499
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	146,988	–
Total non-current liabilities	146,988	–
Net assets	2,510,566	2,529,469
EQUITY		
Share capital	4,534	4,569
Reserves (note)	2,506,032	2,524,900
Total equity	2,510,566	2,529,469

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2020

38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note: A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

	Share premium RMB' 000	Merger reserves RMB' 000	Share option reserve RMB' 000 (Note)	Exchange fluctuation reserve RMB' 000	Retained profits RMB' 000	Total RMB' 000
At 1 January 2019	637,374	63,907	–	8,593	(5,796)	704,078
Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	222,395	222,395
Other comprehensive income for the year:						
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements	–	–	–	5,359	–	5,359
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	5,359	222,395	227,754
Issue of Consideration Shares	959,030	–	–	–	–	959,030
Issue of shares pursuant to Share Offer	897,663	–	–	–	–	897,663
Issue of shares pursuant to the Capitalisation Issue	(3,143)	–	–	–	–	(3,143)
Share issue expenses	(51,793)	–	–	–	–	(51,793)
Equity-settled share option arrangement	–	–	29,058	–	–	29,058
Share options lapsed during the year	–	–	(8,721)	–	–	(8,721)
Final 2018 dividend	–	–	–	–	(229,026)	(229,026)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	2,439,131	63,907	20,337	13,952	(12,427)	2,524,900
Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	99,207	99,207
Other comprehensive income for the year:						
Exchange differences on translation of the Company's financial statements	–	–	–	(27,097)	–	(27,097)
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	–	(27,097)	99,207	72,110
Equity-settled share option arrangement	–	–	24,987	–	–	24,987
Share options lapsed during the year	–	–	(7,081)	–	–	(7,081)
Shares repurchased and cancelled	(23,398)	–	–	–	–	(23,398)
Final 2019 dividend	–	–	–	–	(65,613)	(65,613)
Interim 2020 dividend	–	–	–	–	(19,873)	(19,873)
At 31 December 2020	2,415,733	63,907	38,243	(13,145)	1,294	2,506,032

38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY *(Continued)*

Note: *(Continued)*

Share option reserve comprises the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to share capital when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 19 March 2021.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, is set out below.

RESULTS

	Year ended 31 December				
	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000	2016 RMB' 000
REVENUE	2,428,210	2,332,740	413,635	338,268	290,441
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	231,956	296,940	117,622	128,320	66,060
Income tax expense	(77,338)	(42,121)	(18,114)	(15,724)	(8,894)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	154,618	254,819	99,508	112,596	57,166
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	158,718	275,001	103,440	110,735	56,268
Non-controlling interests	(4,100)	(20,182)	(3,932)	1,861	898
	154,618	254,819	99,508	112,596	57,166

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

	As at 31 December				
	2020 RMB' 000	2019 RMB' 000	2018 RMB' 000	2017 RMB' 000	2016 RMB' 000
Total assets	3,907,096	3,870,260	1,040,040	933,634	829,100
Total liabilities	(1,047,821)	(1,064,087)	(84,313)	(81,019)	(74,721)
Non-controlling interests	(8,122)	12,493	(7,249)	(11,669)	(9,422)
	2,851,153	2,818,666	948,478	840,946	744,957

The summary of the consolidated results of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five years, has been extracted from the published audited financial statements and the Group's prospectus.